Louisiana Arbovirus Surveillance Summary 2014

CDC Week 34 From: 01/01/2014-08/23/2014

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Report Summary

Prevention - Not in my house, not in my yard, not on my skin, day and night, I'll fight the bite!

parish, gender and age).

The goal of the surveillance for West Nile (WN) Infections in Humans is to describe the disease burden of the West Nile infection on the human population. Only West Nile Neuroinvasive diseases (NID) including encephalitis or meningitis) get reliably reported. For every NID case there are about 10 cases of Fever and about 90 completely asymptomatic infections. Only one percent of the WN-Fever (WN-F) and asymptomatic (WN-PRE) cases are reported. Although we show the number of cases of all WN infections, it is important to remember that only WN-NID cases are useful for monitoring disease burden and trends in WN in humans.

Humans: Detailed information on the number of arboviral infections can be found within this report, please refer to the Table of Contents. **Equines:** Horses can be infected by WN and Eastern Equine Encephalitis (EEE) virus and do develop encephalitis. Horse's viremia is too low to infect mosquitoes and does not play a role in transmission. However, since horses live outside surveillance of horse infections is a good indicator of arboviral transmission. Contact the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry (LDAF) for the most up to date statistics on horse infections.

Sentinel Chickens: Have been used in the past as a statewide early warning system to detect arbovirus transmission. These chickens in secure cages were strategically placed and bled regularly. Serologic tests performed on the sentinel chickens provided information of current and local transmission of many arboviruses. However, experience shows that this was not very effective in providing information about local transmission.

Dead Birds: Are no longer collected statewide because testing of dead birds does not provide information on where and when the bird was infected or of local transmission. Dead birds can only indicate that the bird died at a particular location of an arbovirus endemic to

Mosquito Pools: This is the most effective surveillance system to monitor arboviral transmission. Arboviruses are detected through nucleic acid testing of pools of 50 or more mosquitoes of the same species. A positive mosquito pool is an indicator of recent transmission, between mosquitoes and birds, horses or humans. Every year 20,000-50,000 mosquito pools from approximately 30 parishes are submitted for testing. Detailed information on the number of positive pools can be found within this report, please refer to the Table of Contents.

Explanation of Clinical Disease: WN infections have occurred each year in Louisiana for the last 10 years. Persons of all ages are considered equally susceptible to infection. The majority of all persons infected and immuno-competent are completely asymptomatic (80-90%). A smaller proportion of persons (10-20%) present with influenza-like illness with abrupt onset of fever. A minority of people develop a serious neurologic illness such as aseptic meningitis or encephalitis (0.2% younger than 65 years old, 2% older than age 65). **Explanation of Deaths:** About 10% of people who develop neuroinvasive disease can die. The reporting of deaths caused by WN-NID is not mandated by the Louisiana Sanitary code so it is inconsistently reported. It is limited to being included in this report to only those deaths occurring within two weeks for onset. For the preservation of confidentiality, OPH will not report details about WN deaths (such as date,

Limitations: Human data have very limited usefulness for mosquito control purposes. Only two percent of all WN infections are reported (because most WN infections are asymptomatic or WN fever cases do not get medical care, they never get diagnosed nor are reported). The reporting of those cases is delayed. From the time a mosquito bites a bird infected with WN viruses, it takes 1 to 2 weeks depending on temperatures and other environmental conditions for the virus to multiply in the mosquito vector (extrinsic incubation period); then it takes 3 to 14 days for the virus to multiply in the human host (intrinsic incubation period); it then takes several days from onset of disease to seeking medical care; then a few more days for a physician to order a confirmatory lab test and get the result back (one week from onset, if all goes well); then any where from a few days to a week or two to get the report to Department of Health and Hospitals Office of Public Health (DHH OPH). All in all, from the initial mosquito infection to the reporting of the infection it may take from 3 to 6 weeks. In summary, human data are too little too late to be of major use for mosquito control. To provide mosquito control program with data on location of human cases that may be of limited use for correlating infection rates in mosquitoes and human cases and of use to address public and media concern, general geographical location of cases and weeks of onset are provided to mosquito control who request the information. This information must remain strictly confidential. The DHH OPH Laboratory is a reference laboratory used for epidemiologic purposes. Its role in diagnosis of cases is limited since the great majority of physicians and hospitals use private laboratories for their diagnosis.

Arboviral Report Summary Presentation

Data from CDC Week 1-34 From: 01/01/2014-08/23/2014

	Mosquito	Avian *	Equine		Human											
Disease	Pools			Neuroinvasive NID	Fever F	Asymptomatic PRE	Total	Positive Blood Donors PVD ‡	Deaths							
CAL																
EEE	1		5													
SLE	11															
WEE																
WNV	817	26	1	32	19	10	61	9	2							
Total	829	26	6	32	19	10	61	9	2							

CAL = California serogroup viruses (including La Crosse)

EEE = Eastern Equine Encephalitis virus

SLE = St. Louis Encephalitis virus

WEE = Western Equine Encephalitis virus

WNV = West Nile virus

* Avian includes any wild bird or sentinel chicken samples

‡ PVD are people who had no symptoms at the time of donating blood with a blood collection agency, but whose blood tested positive when screened for the presence of virus. If they become symptomatic and meet the case definition reporting criteria, they are counted as a case and are included in the appropriate disease category case tallies.

Data from CDC Week 1-34 From: 01/01/2013-08/24/2013

	Mosquito	Avian	Equine			Hur	man		
	Pools			Neuroinvasive	Fever	Asymptomatic	Total	Positive Blood Donors	Dootho
Disease				NID	F	PRE	Total	PVD	Deams
CAL									
EEE			5						
SLE		3							
WEE									
WNV	145	53	1	10	8	3	21	3	0
Total	145	56	6	10	8	3	21	3	0

International Travel-Associated Case Summary

** Chikungunya is not a nationally notifiable disease in the United States

Data from CDC Week 1-34 From: 01/01/2014-08/23/2014

	Human
	Fever
Disease	F
Dengue Virus	1
Chikungunya Virus	10

Countries of Origin:	
Haiti	4
Dominican Republic	6

All cases of international travel-associated disease were reported among persons who acquired the infection during travel out of country to an area with endemic transmission or experiencing an outbreak in the two weeks prior to onset of symptoms.

Case tallies included in the weekly arboviral surveillance report include confirmed and probable cases. Suspect cases are not included. Case tallies reported to CDC do not include suspect cases.

Arbovirus by Parish

Data from CDC Week: 1-34 From: 01/01/2014-08/23/2014

	WNV						SL	.E			Е	EE	CAL	CHIK	DEN			
Parish	М	Α	Ε		Ηι	ıman		М	Α	Е	Human	М	Α	Ε	Human	Human	Human	Human
				NID	F	PRE	Total											
Acadia							0							1				
Ascension	40			2	1	1	4											
Bossier	3				1		1											
Caddo	52			12	10	2	24											
Calcasieu					1		1							1				
East Baton Rouge	250	7		14	3	2	19											
Evangeline							0							1				
Franklin			1				0											
Grant							0										1	
Iberia	4						0											
Jefferson	1	9					0										3	
Lafayette		3					0											
Lafourche	1						0											
Livingston	65			2	2	4	8										1	
Natchitoches							0										1	
Orleans	3						0	10									3	
Ouachita	37			1			1											
Plaquemines	1						0											
Pointe Coupee						1	1											
Rapides							0											
St. Bernard							0	1										
St. Charles		2					0											
St. James	2						0											
St. John	2						0											
St. Landry							0							1				
St. Mary							0					1						
St. Martin	2	1					0											1
St.Tammany	39			1			1											
Tangipahoa	1				1		1										1	
Terrebonne		4					0											
Vermilion							0							1				
West Baton Rouge	314						0											
Total			1	32	19	10	61	11			0	1			0	0	10	1

M = Mosquito A = Avian E = Equine

All human and equine case tallies are reported by the case's parish of residence, not the parish where the exposure occurred.

All cases of international travel-associated disease were reported among persons who acquired the infection during travel out of the country.

WNV = West Nile virus

SLE = St. Louis Encephalitis virus

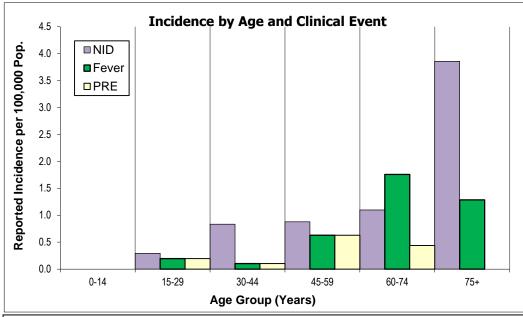
EEE = Eastern Equine Encephalitis virus

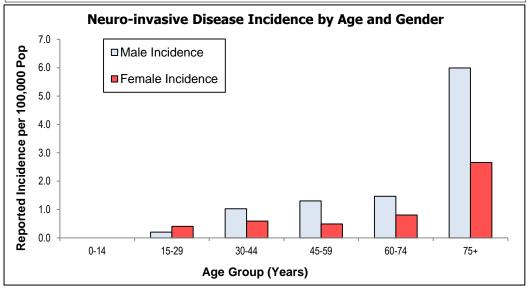
CAL = California serogroup viruses (including La Crosse) WEE = Western Equine Encephalitis virus

CHIK = Chikungunya Fever DEN = Dengue Fever

Ago Group			Clinical Class	ification		
Age Group	NID Cases	Incidence	Fever Cases	Incidence	PRE Cases	Deaths
0-14	0	0.0	0	0.0		
15-29	3	0.3	2	0.2	2	
30-44	8	0.8	1	0.1	1	
45-59	7	0.9	5	0.6	5	0
60-74	5	1.1	8	1.8	2	1
75+	9	3.9	3	1.3	0	1
Undetermined						
Total	32	0.7	19	0.4	10	2

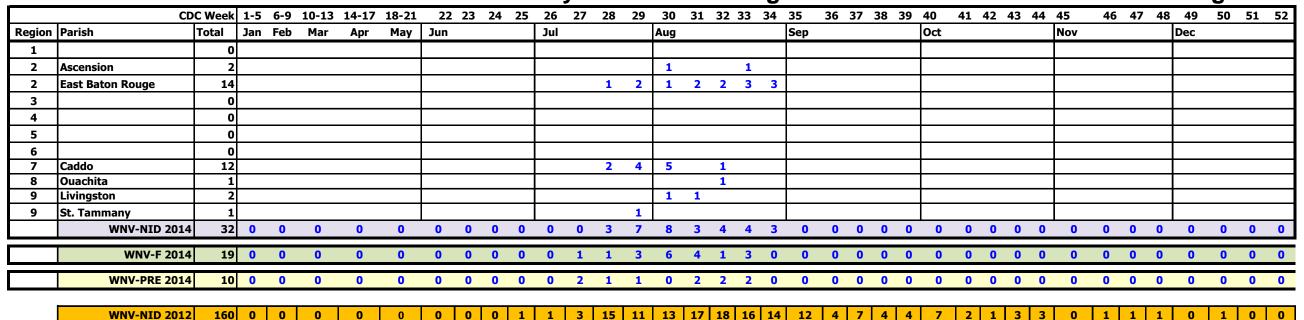
Age Group	Neur	oinvasive Dise	ase Cases by	Gender
Age Group	Male	M Incidence	Female	F Incidence
0-14	0	0.0	0	0.0
15-29	1	0.2	2	0.4
30-44	5	1.0	3	0.6
45-59	5	1.3	2	0.5
60-74	3	1.5	2	8.0
75+	5	6.0	4	2.7
Undetermined				
Total	19	0.9	13	0.6

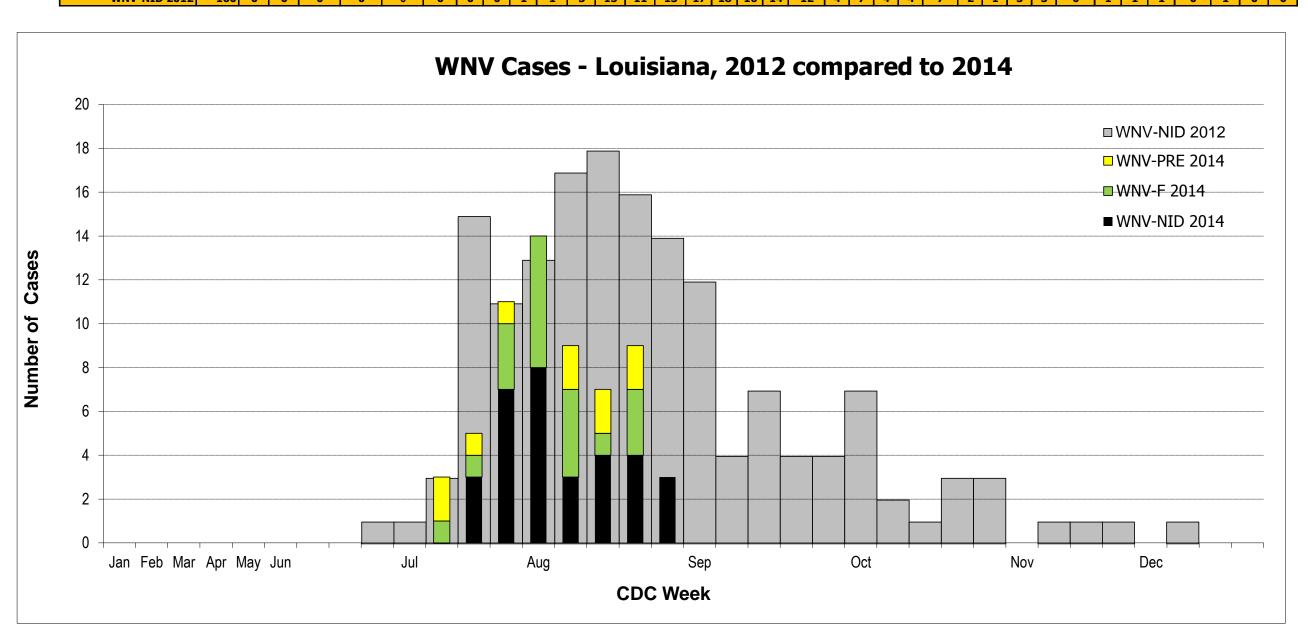




WNV Infections by Parish According to CDC Week

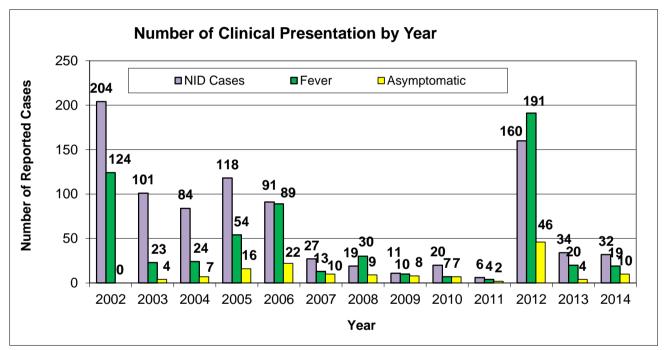
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	\A/= - I	2002	2002	2004	2005	2006		eek by 2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2012	2011
_	Week	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Jan	1													
	3													
	7													
March	10 13													
	17													
Maria														
May	19 20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tuno		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
June	22 23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	24	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	25	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
July	26	11	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
July	27	6	3	3	4	1	0	0	2	3	0	3	0	0
	28	9	5	2	5	4	0	0	0	0	1	15	1	3
	29	23	5	2	13	5	0	0	1	1	1	11	0	7
August	30	23	8	8	8	6	0	2	1	2	0	13	1	8
August	31	21	10	5	21	7	1	1	0	0	0	17	3	3
-	32	24	7	15	11	14	3	2	1	1	1	18	3	4
	33	21	8	7	9	13	2	1	2	1	0	16	7	4
	34	14	6	3	8	7	2	3	1	2	0	14	6	3
September	35	8	6	5	6	6	5	3	0	3	1	12	2	0
	36	13	4	5	8	9	3	2	0	1	1	4	2	0
	37	8	9	3	9	6	3	0	1	2	1	7	3	0
	38	6	4	4	2	3	1	0	0	1	0	4	0	0
	39	3	2	5	4	4	1	0	0	0	0	4	1	0
October	40	3	4	5	4	1	3	3	0	1	0	7	3	0
	41	3	2	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0
	42	3	1	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
	43	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
	44	0	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
November	45	0	2	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	46	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
	47	1	1	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
	48	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0
December	49	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
	51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IID Total		204	101	84	118	91	27	19	11	20	6	160	34	32

	Total Human WNV Clinical Presentation by Year													
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 Total														
NID Cases	204	101	84	118	91	27	19	11	20	6	160	34	32	907
Fever	124	23	24	54	89	13	30	10	7	4	191	20	19	608
Asymptomatic	0	4	7	16	22	10	9	8	7	2	46	4	10	145
Proportion of NID/F	0.62	0.81	0.78	0.69	0.51	0.68	0.39	0.52	0.74	0.60	0.46	0.63	0.63	
Deaths	24	7	7	11	9	2	1	0	0	0	21	4	2	
Total Disease	328	128	115	188	202	50	58	29	34	12	397	58	61	



R	Parish	NID 2014	1			Pr	evio	usly	Repo	rted	NID	Cas	es		
е		Incidence	#	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13
g			#												13
1	Jefferson	0.0		24	3	1	6	8	2	2	0	0	0	13	
1	Orleans	0.0		10	2	1	6	12	2	2	0	0	0	11	
1	Plaquemines	0.0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	St Bernard	0.0		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
2	Ascension	2.6	2	6	2	1	3	10	0	0	0	2	0	3	
2	East Baton Rouge	3.4	14	37	1	22	17	6	0	0	2	9	0	17	
2	East Feliciana	0.0		2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	
2	Iberville	0.0		2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	Pointe Coupee	0.0		6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	West Baton Rouge	0.0		2	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	West Feliciana	0.0		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	
3	Assumption	0.0		0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	Lafourche	0.0		0	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	
3	St Charles	0.0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
3	St James	0.0		2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	St John	0.0		2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
3	St Mary	0.0		0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	Terrebonne	0.0		0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
4	Acadia	0.0		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
4	Evangeline	0.0		1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
4	Iberia	0.0		2	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	
4	Lafayette	0.0		4	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	9
4	St Landry	0.0		1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	St Martin	0.0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
4	Vermillion	0.0		0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	
5	Allen	0.0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	
5	Beauregard	0.0		0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	
5	Calcasieu	0.0		8	1	3	2	5	0	1	0	0	2	8	1
5	Cameron	0.0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5	Jefferson Davis	0.0		0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

^{*} parishes highlighted in grey have cases each year

R	Parish NID 2014			Previously Reported NID Cases											
e g		Incidence	#	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13
6	Avoyelles	0.0		2	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
6	Catahoula	0.0		0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Concordia	0.0		1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	
6	Grant	0.0		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	
6	Rapides	0.0		14	2	8	7	7	2	0	1	0	0	11	4
6	Lasalle	0.0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
6	Vernon	0.0		0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	
6	Winn	0.0		1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
7	Bienville	0.0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
7	Bossier	0.0		3	8	9	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	6	
7	Caddo	4.8	12	5	38	8	16	3	7	3	1	0	0	19	
7	Claiborne	0.0		0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
7	DeSoto	0.0		1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	
7	Natchitoches	0.0		0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	
7	Red River	0.0		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
7	Sabine	0.0		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
7	Webster	0.0		0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	
8	Caldwell	0.0		0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
8	East Carroll	0.0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
8	Franklin	0.0		0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
8	Jackson	0.0		0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
8	Lincoln	0.0		0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	
8	Madison	0.0		0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
8	Morehouse	0.0		0	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
8	Ouachita	0.7	1	6	2	5	15	3	1	1	0	0	0	3	14
8	Richland	0.0		2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
8	Tensas	0.0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
8	Union	0.0		1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
8	West Carroll	0.0		0	2	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
9	Livingston	2.2	2	12	5	6	11	1	1	1	0	1	0	6	1
9	St Helena	0.0		0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	
9	St Tammany	0.5	1	27	4	0	3	14	0	3	4	1	1	10	1
9	Tangipahoa	0.0		12	6	1	2	6	1	3	1	0	1	12	
9	Washington	0.0		6	2	0	3	4	2	0	1	0	1	1	
	Total	1.1	32	204	101	84	118	91	27	19	11	20	6	160	34

CDC Week	Week Starting	Week Ending
01	12/29/2013	1/4/2014
02	1/5/2014	
03	1/12/2014	
04	1/19/2014	1/25/2014
05		
	1/26/2014	2/1/2014
06	2/2/2014	
07	2/9/2014	
08	2/16/2014	2/22/2014
09	2/23/2014	3/1/2014
10	3/2/2014	3/8/2014
11	3/9/2014	3/15/2014
12	3/16/2014	3/22/2014
13	3/23/2014	3/29/2014
14	3/30/2014	4/5/2014
15	4/6/2014	4/12/2014
16	4/13/2014	4/19/2014
17	4/20/2014	4/26/2014
18	4/27/2014	
19	5/4/2014	
20 21	5/11/2014	5/17/2014
21	5/18/2014	5/24/2014
22	5/25/2014	5/31/2014
23	6/1/2014	6/7/2014
24	6/8/2014	
25	6/15/2014	6/21/2014
26	6/22/2014	6/28/2014
27	6/29/2014	7/5/2014
28	7/6/2014	7/12/2014
29	7/13/2014	7/19/2014
30	7/20/2014	7/26/2014
31	7/27/2014	8/2/2014
32	8/3/2014	8/9/2014
33	8/10/2014	8/16/2014
34	8/17/2014	8/23/2014
35	8/24/2014	8/30/2014
36	<u> </u>	9/6/2014
37	8/31/2014 9/7/2014	
		9/13/2014
38	9/14/2014	9/20/2014
39	9/21/2014	9/27/2014
40	9/28/2014	10/4/2014
41	10/5/2014	10/11/2014
42	10/12/2014	
43	10/19/2014	10/25/2014
44	10/26/2014	11/1/2014
45	11/2/2014	11/8/2014
46	11/9/2014	11/15/2014
47	11/16/2014	11/22/2014
48	11/23/2014	11/29/2014
49	11/30/2014	12/6/2014
50	12/7/2014	12/13/2014
51	12/14/2014	12/20/2014
52	12/21/2014	12/27/2014
<u> </u>	12/21/2017	16/2//2017