APPENDIX Z

INFORMATION SYSTEMS CAPABILITIES ASSESSMENT for MANAGED CARE ORGANIZATIONS and PREPAID HEALTH PLANS

An Appendix to the External Quality Review Activity protocols

Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

> Final Protocol Version 1.0

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INFORMATION SYSTEMS CAPABILITIES ASSESSMENT FOR MANAGED CARE ORGANIZATIONS / PREPAID INPATIENT HEALTH PLANS

I. PURPOSE OF THE ASSESSMENT

Knowledge of the capabilities of a Managed Care Organization (MCO) or Prepaid Inpatient Health Plan's (PIHP) information system (IS) is essential to effectively and efficiently:

- Validate MCO/PIHP encounter data,
- Calculate or validate MCO/PIHP performance measures, and
- Assess an MCO/PIHP's capacity to manage the health care of its enrollees well.

The purpose of this assessment is to specify the desired capabilities of the MCO/PIHP's IS, and to pose standard questions to be used to assess the strength of an MCO/PIHP with respect to these capabilities. This will assist an EQRO¹ to assess the extent to which an MCO/PIHP's information system is capable of producing valid encounter data, performance measures, and other data necessary to support quality assessment and improvement, as well as managing the care delivered to its enrollees.

Some States assess the capabilities of the MCO/PIHP's information system as part of precontracting, contract compliance, or contract renewal activities. If an assessment has been completed by the State through these or other means (e.g., private sector accreditation or performance measures validation), and the information gathered is the same as or consistent with what is described in this assessment, it may not be necessary to repeat this assessment process. However, information from a previously conducted assessment must be accessible to EQRO reviewers.

II. ORIGIN OF THE ASSESSMENT TOOL

A number of public and private sector protocols and tools were examined to promote consistency between this assessment and similar public and private sector activities. These included: 1) the National Committee for Quality Assurance's (NCQA) 1999 HEDIS7 publication: *Volume 5*, *HEDIS Compliance Audit & Standards and Guidelines*; 2) tools used by the Island Peer Review Organization (IPRO) in their audits of HEDIS measures, and 3) documents from the MEDSTAT Group, Inc., published in conjunction with work performed for the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) (formerly the Health Care Financing Administration) in 1997 and 1998. All these protocols include an assessment of the structure and integrity of the MCO/PIHP's

¹It is recognized that a State may choose an organization other than an EQRO as defined in Federal regulation to conduct as assessment of MCO/PIHP Information Systems (IS). However, for convenience, in this document we use the term External Quality Review Organization (EQRO) to refer to any organization conducting an assessment of an MCO/PIHP's IS.

underlying information system, and of the MCO/PIHP's ability to collect valid data from a variety of sources internal and external to the organization.

III. OVERVIEW OF THE ASSESSMENT

Assessment of MCO/PIHP's information systems is a process of 4 consecutive activities. Step one involves the collection of standard information about each MCO/PIHP's information system. This is accomplished by having the MCO/PIHP'S complete an *Information Systems Capability Assessment (ISCA) for Managed Care Organizations and Prepaid Health Plans.* The ISCA is an information collection tool provided to the MCO/PIHP by the State or its EQRO. The State or EQRO will define a time frame in which the MCO/PIHP is expected to complete and return the tool. Data will be recorded on the tool by the MCO/PIHP. Documents from the MCO/PIHP are also requested throughout the tool, and are summarized on the checklist at the end of this assessment tool. These are to be attached to the tool and should be identified as applicable to the numbered item on the tool (e.g., II.B.3, or IV.6). The tool itself is based on that produced by MEDSTAT Group, Inc., with some additional elements included to address the multiple purposes of performing assessments of information systems.

Steps two and three include a review of the ISCA information by EQRO staff, and interactive sessions with MCO/PIHP staff to: 1) validate the ISCA, and 2) gather additional information to assess the integrity of the MCO/PIHP's information. The EQRO can use the *Managed Care Organization Information System Review: Worksheet & Interview Guide* to conduct interviews with MCO/PIHP staff who completed the ISCA, as well as other necessary MCO/PIHP staff. The worksheet is an annotated version of the ISCA tool, with examples of the types of answers a reviewer should expect to receive, along with additional notes relative to the issues being pursued. During an onsite visit, EQRO staff may explore in more detail the responses submitted by the MCO/PIHP on the ISCA. The space to record answers may be used by the reviewers to write interview notes, or document specific issues identified during pre-visit analysis that need to be pursued with the MCO/PIHP during the onsite visit.

The fourth and final step is analyzing the findings from both the completed *Information Systems Capability Assessment (ISCA)* for Managed Care Organizations and Prepaid Health Plans, and the follow-up discussions with MCO/PIHP staff.

IV. ASSESSMENT ACTIVITIES

ACTIVITY 1: The MCO/PIHP completes the Information Systems Capabilities Assessment (ISCA)

The MCO/PIHP is provided a copy of the ISCA (enclosed in the following section) to complete. Completing the ISCA requires that the MCO/PIHP provide all requested documentation identified on a checklist at the end of the assessment tool, and return it to the EQRO within a State-defined time frame. The EQRO may wish to provide the ISCA in an electronic format to the MCO/PIHP to facilitate completion and to ensure legibility of the information being returned.

ACTIVITY 2: EQRO review of the completed ISCA and accompanying documents.

The EQRO reviews the completed ISCA and accompanying documents, assessing the adequacy of MCA/PIHP policies and procedures as portrayed by the information submitted by the MCO/PIHP on the ISCA. MCO/PIHP answers should be evaluated against the standards established by the State for: 1) MCI/PIHP information system, 2) calculating and reporting specific plan-level performance measures, and 3) collecting and submitting encounter data to the State. Where an answer seems incomplete, or indicates an inadequate process, the EQRO will note that section for follow-up and further review during the onsite activities. This will help to focus the onsite process on those specific policies, procedures, and documentation most likely to affect the integrity of information collected by the MCO.

ACTIVITY 3: Follow-up interviews with MCO/PIHP staff

The EQRO reviewer(s) conduct(s) interviews with MCO/PIHP staff responsible for completing the ISCA, as well as additional staff responsible for aspects of the MCO/PIHP's IS function. The interviews focus on the topics outlined in the structured ISCA interview guide, with additional topics covered as necessary based on the pre-onsite analysis of the ISCA.

ACTIVITY 4: Analysis of information obtained through ISCA and follow-up interviews.

The EQRO will write a statement of findings about the MCO/PIHP's IS and the implications of the findings for the following analysis, as directed by the State:

- 1) The completeness and accuracy of any encounter data collected and submitted to the State
- 2) Calculation or validation of performance measures
- 3) The ability of the MCO/PIHP to conduct quality assessment and improvement initiatives
- 4) The ability of the MCO/PIHP to oversee and manage the delivery of health care to its enrollees

Information System Capabilities Assessment (ISCA) For Managed Care Organizations/Prepaid Health Plans

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

Please provide the following general information:

Note: The information requested below pertains to the collection and processing of data for an MCO/PIHP's Medicaid line of business. In many situations, if not most, this may be no different than how an MCO/PIHP collects and processes commercial or Medicare data. However, for questions which may address areas where Medicaid data is managed differently than commercial or other data, please provide the answers to the questions as they relate to Medicaid enrollees and Medicaid data.

A. Contact Information

MCO/PIHP

Please insert (or verify the accuracy of) the MCO/PIHP identification information below, including the MCO/PIHP name, MCO/PIHP contact name and title, mailing address, telephone and fax numbers, and E-mail address, if applicable.

	Ivaille.			
	Contact Name and Title:			
	Mailing address:			
	Phone number:			
	Fax number:			
	E-mail address:			
В.		Model Type (Please circle el MCO-group model		PIHP
C.	Year Incorpora	ated		

D. Member Enrollment for the Last Three Years.

INSURER	Year 1:	Year 2	Year 3:
Privately Insured			
Medicare			
Medicaid			
Other			

E.	Has your	organization	ever undergone	a formal IS	capability	assessment?

Circle a response:	Yes	No		
If yes, who performed	the assessm	ent?	 	
When was the assessm	ent complet	ted?		

NOTE: If your MCO/PIHP's information has been formally assessed in the recent past (2 years or less), please attach a copy of the assessment report. Complete only those sections of the ISCA that are not covered by or have changed since the formal assessment was conducted.

II. INFORMATION SYSTEMS: DATA PROCESSING PROCEDURES & PERSONNEL

How would you ch	naracterize this/these DBMSs? (Circle all that apply.)
A. Relational	E. Network
B. Hierarchical	F. Flat File
C. Indexed	G. Proprietary
D. Other	H. Don't Know
. Onioi	
Into what DBMS(s	s), if any, do you extract relevant Medicaid encounter/claim/enrollment of
	s), if any, do you extract relevant Medicaid encounter/claim/enrollment of
Into what DBMS(s	s), if any, do you extract relevant Medicaid encounter/claim/enrollment of
Into what DBMS(s	s), if any, do you extract relevant Medicaid encounter/claim/enrollment of
Into what DBMS(s	s), if any, do you extract relevant Medicaid encounter/claim/enrollment of
Into what DBMS(s	s), if any, do you extract relevant Medicaid encounter/claim/enrollment of
Into what DBMS(s	s), if any, do you extract relevant Medicaid encounter/claim/enrollment of purposes?
Into what DBMS(sanalytic reporting)	s), if any, do you extract relevant Medicaid encounter/claim/enrollment of purposes? haracterize this/these DBMS(s)? (Circle all that apply.)
Into what DBMS(sanalytic reporting) How would you che	s), if any, do you extract relevant Medicaid encounter/claim/enrollment of purposes? naracterize this/these DBMS(s)? (Circle all that apply.) E. Network
Into what DBMS(sanalytic reporting) How would you che A. Relational B. Hierarchical	s), if any, do you extract relevant Medicaid encounter/claim/enrollment of purposes? haracterize this/these DBMS(s)? (Circle all that apply.) E. Network F. Flat File
Into what DBMS(sanalytic reporting) How would you che	s), if any, do you extract relevant Medicaid encounter/claim/enrollment of purposes? naracterize this/these DBMS(s)? (Circle all that apply.) E. Network

Do you calculate defect rates for programs? Circle your response. Yes No If yes, what methods do you use to calculate the defect rate? What was the most recent time period? What were the results? Do you rely on any quantitative measures of programmer performance? If so, what method you use to measure the effectiveness of the programmer?					
Do you calculate defect rates for programs? Circle your response. Yes No If yes, what methods do you use to calculate the defect rate? What was the most recent time period? What were the results? Do you rely on any quantitative measures of programmer performance? If so, what method					
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What was the most recent time period? What were the results? Do you rely on any quantitative measures of programmer performance? If so, what method	Do you calculate defect r	rates for progr	ams?		
What was the most recent time period? What were the results? Do you rely on any quantitative measures of programmer performance? If so, what method	Circle your response.	Yes	No		
What were the results? Do you rely on any quantitative measures of programmer performance? If so, what method	If yes, what methods do	you use to cal	culate the defect	rate?	
What were the results? Do you rely on any quantitative measures of programmer performance? If so, what method					
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What were the results? Do you rely on any quantitative measures of programmer performance? If so, what method					
Do you rely on any quantitative measures of programmer performance? If so, what method	What was the most recen	t time period	?		
Do you rely on any quantitative measures of programmer performance? If so, what method	What were the results?				
				C 9. T(. 1 4 4 1/
					so, what method(s

%
What is the average experience, in years, of programmers in your organization?
Approximately how many resources (time, money) are spent on training per programmer per What type of standard training for programmers is provided? What type of additional training provided?
provided.
provided.

]	requirement(s). Include any tasks related to documentation, debugging, roll out, training, etc. level of detail should result in 10-25 steps in the outline.
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13.	What is the process for version control when code is revised?
4.	How does your organization know if changes to the claims/encounter/enrollment tracking system affect required reporting to the State Medicaid program? What prompts your organization to chang these systems?
5.	Who is responsible for your organization meeting the State Medicaid reporting requirements (e.g., CEO, CFO, and COO)?
6.	Staffing
	16a. Describe the Medicaid data processing organization in terms of staffing and their expected productivity goals. What is the overall daily, monthly and annual productivity of overall department and by processor?

16c.	What is the average tenure of the staff? What is annual turnover?
Secu	rity
	rity Describe how loss of Medicaid claim and encounter and other related data is prevented w systems fail? How frequently are system back-ups performed? Where is back-up data st
	Describe how loss of Medicaid claim and encounter and other related data is prevented w

17c.	Describe the controls used to assure all Medicaid claims data entered into the system is fully accounted for (e.g., batch control sheets).
17d.	Describe the provisions in place for physical security of the computer system and manual files:
	• Premises
	• Documents
	• Computer facilities
	Terminal access and levels of security
	,
	,

17e.	What other individuals have access to the computer system? Customers? Providers? Describe their access and the security that is maintained restricting or controlling such access.

III. DATA ACQUISITION CAPABILITIES

The purpose of this section is to obtain a high-level understanding of how you collect and maintain claims/encounters, enrollment information and data on ancillary services such as prescription drugs.

A. Administrative Data (Claims and Encounter Data)

This section requests information on input data sources (e.g., paper and electronic claims) and on the transaction system(s) you use.

1. Do you use standard claims or encounter forms for the following? If yes, please specify (e.g., CMS1500, UB 92)

DATA SOURCE	NO	YES	IF YES, PLEASE SPECIFY
Hospital			
Physician			
Drug			
Nursing Home			
Home Health			
Mental health			
Other			

2. We would like to understand how claims or encounters are submitted to your plan. We are also interested in an estimate of what percentage (if any) of services provided to your enrollees by all providers serving your Medicaid enrollees are NOT submitted as claims or encounters and therefore are not represented in your administrative data. Please fill in the following table with the appropriate percentages:

CLAIMS OR ENCOUNTER TYPES

MEDIUM	Hospital	PCP	Specialist Physician	Dental	Mental health/ Substance abuse	Drug	Other
Claims/encounters submitted electronically							
Claims/encounters submitted on paper							
Services not submitted as claims or encounters							
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

3. Please document whether the following data elements (data fields) are required by you for providers, for each of the types of Medicaid claims/encounters identified below. If required, enter an "R" in the appropriate box.

CLAIMS/ENCOUNTER TYPES

CLAIVIS/ENCOUVIER TITES							
DATA ELEMENTS	Hospital	Primary Care Physician	Specialist Physician	Mental Health/ Substance Abuse	Dental	Drug	other
Patient Gender							
Patient DOB/Age							
Diagnosis							
Procedure							
First Date of Service							
Last Date of Service							
Revenue Code							
Provider Specialty							

4. How many diagnoses and procedures are captured on each claim? On each encounter?

	Cla	aim	Encounter		
	Diagnoses	Procedures	Diagnoses	Procedures	
Institutional Data					
Provider/Provider Group Data					

5a.	Can you distinguish between	ween principal	and secondary diagno	oses?	
	Circle your response.	Yes	No		
5b.	If "Yes" to 5a, above, he	ow do you dist	inguish between princ	cipal and secondary diag	ioses?

Please explain what happens if a Medicaid claim/encounter is submitted and one or more required fields are missing, incomplete or invalid. For example, if diagnosis is not coded, is the claims examiner required by the system to use an on-line software product like AutoCoder to determine correct ICD-9 code?
Institutional Data:
Professional Data:
What steps do you take to verify the accuracy of submitted information (e.g., procedure codediagnosis edits, gender-diagnosis edits, gender-procedure code edits)?
diagnosis edits, gender-diagnosis edits, gender-procedure code edits)?
diagnosis edits, gender-diagnosis edits, gender-procedure code edits)?
diagnosis edits, gender-diagnosis edits, gender-procedure code edits)?
diagnosis edits, gender-diagnosis edits, gender-procedure code edits)? Institutional Data:
diagnosis edits, gender-diagnosis edits, gender-procedure code edits)?
diagnosis edits, gender-diagnosis edits, gender-procedure code edits)? Institutional Data:
diagnosis edits, gender-diagnosis edits, gender-procedure code edits)? Institutional Data:

8.	Under what circumstances can claims processors change Medicaid claims/encounter information?
9.	Identify any instance where the content of a field is intentionally different from the description or intended use of the field. For example, if the dependent's SSN is unknown, do you enter the member's SSN instead?

10a. How are Medicaid claims/encounters received?

SOURCE	Received Directly from Provider	Submitted through an Intermediary
Hospital		
Physician		
Pharmacy		
Nursing Home		
Home Health		
Mental health		
Other		

10b. I	f the data are received through an intermediary, what changes, if any, are made to the data.
-	
-	
_	

11. Please estimate the percentage of Medicaid claims/encounters that are coded using the following coding schemes:

CODING SCHEME	Inpatient Diagnosis	Inpatient Procedure	Ambulatory/ Outpatient Diagnosis	Ambulatory/ Outpatient Procedure	Drug
ICD-9-CM					
CPT-4					
HCPCS					
DSM-IV					
National Drug Code					
Internally Developed					
Other (specify)					
Not required					
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

3.	Please describe any major systems changes/updates that have taken place in the last three years i your Medicaid claims or encounter system (be sure to provide specific dates on which changes were implemented).
	 New system purchased and installed to replace old system.
	• New system purchased and installed to replace most of old system; old system still used.
	• Major enhancements to old system (what kinds of enhancements?).
	New product line adjudicated on old system.
	• Conversion of a product line from one system to another.
	your opinion, have any of these changes influenced, even temporarily, the quality and/or mpleteness of the Medicaid data that are collected? If so, how and when?

15.	How many years of Medicaid data are retained on-line? How is historical Medicaid data accessed when needed?
16.	How much Medicaid data is processed on-line vs. batch? If batch, how often are they run?
17.	How complete are the Medicaid data three months after the close of the reporting period? How is completeness estimated? How is completeness defined?

18.	What is your policy regarding Medicaid claim/encounter audits? Are Medicaid encounters audited regularly? Randomly? What are the standards regarding timeliness of processing?
19.	Please provide detail on system edits that are targeted to field content, consistency. Are diagnostic
	and procedure codes edited for validity?

20. Please complete the following table for Medicaid claims and encounter data and other Medicaid administrative data. Provide any documentation that should be reviewed to explain the data that is being submitted.

	Claims	Encounters	Other Administrative Data
Percent of total service volume			
Percent complete			
How are the above statistics quantified?			
Incentives for data submission			

	Describe the Medicaid claims/encounter suspend ("pend") process including timeliness of reconciling ended services.
-	
- 22.	Describe how Medicaid claims are suspended/pended for medical review, for non-approval due to missing authorization code(s) or for other reasons. What triggers a processor to follow up on
_	"pended" claims? How frequent are these triggers?
_	

- -	ation conected	d on capitated services. If	yes, what were the results?	
_				
– 24a.	Typically, the	ere is just one product line or s in which a MCO/PIHP of	or each product line offered to offered to Medicaid enrollees fers additional product lines t	, but there may be some
stems	Used to	Product Line:	Product Line:	Product Line:
e-for-so	ervice ty) claims			
pitated counter	l service rs			
nic pa				
armacy	y claims			
her (de	escribe)			
24b.	claims/encou	inters are ultimately merged	laims for the Medicaid produ into Medicaid-specific files- lownloads are automated and	-and on which platform?

handling, logging, and a document control ims microfilmed? If into the system, but
d a document control ims microfilmed? If
d a document control ims microfilmed? If
volved in adjudicatin
munizations that arri

proi opp ride	cuss which decisions in processing a Medicaid claim/encounter are automated, which are mpted by automated messages appearing on the screen, and which are manual. Documen ortunities a processor has for overriding the system manually. Is there a report document s or "exceptions" generated on each processor and reviewed by the claim supervisor? ase describe this report.
Are to:	there any outside parties or contractors used to complete adjudication, including but not
to:	there any outside parties or contractors used to complete adjudication, including but not Bill auditors (hospital claims, claims over a certain dollar amount)
to:	

. Provi	be the system's editing capabilities that assure that Medicaid claims are correctly adjuded a list of the specific edits that are performed on claims as they are adjudicated, and if the edits are performed pre or post-payment, and 2) which are manual and which are ted functions.
claims/audits a samplir	s the routine and non-routine (ad hoc or special) audits that are performed on encounters to assure the quality and accuracy and timeliness of processing. Note which reperformed per processor, which rely on targeted samples and which use random ag techniques. What is the total percentage of claims on-hand that are audited through A processes? How frequently?

·	
	encounters for capitated services handled by payment functions? What message to notify processors that they are handling a capitated service?
	e how your systems and procedures handle validation and payment of Medicaid cla ocedure codes are not provided.

Where does the system-generated output (EOBs, letters, etc.) reside? In-house? In a separa facility? If located elsewhere, how is such work tracked and accounted for?	te
Describe all performance monitoring standards for Medicaid claims/encounters processing a recent actual performance results.	and
Describe processor-specific performance goals and supervision of actual vs. target performance processors have to meet goals for processing speed? Do they have to meet goals for account of the processor of the	
How is performance against targets figured into the official performance appraisal process? processor and supervisor compensation?	Into

B. Enrollment System

1.	Please describe any major changes/updates that have taken place in the last three years in your Medienrollment data system (be sure to identify specific dates on which changes were implemented) for example:	icaid
	New enrollment system purchased and installed to replace old system	
	 New enrollment system purchased and installed to replace most of old system - is old system used 	n still
	• Major enhancements to old system (what kinds of enhancements?)	
	New product line members stored on old system	
2.	In your opinion, have any of these changes influenced, even temporarily, the quality and/or completeness of the Medicaid data that are collected? If so, how and when?	
3.	How does your plan uniquely identify enrollees?	

Information System Capabilities Assessment (ISCA)

7.	How does your MCO/PIHI	enroll and tra	ack newborns born to an existing Medicaid enrollee?		
7a.			act line, describe how your enrollment systems link oth your Medicare product line and the Medicaid plan		
8a.	Is claim/encounter data lind identified for the purposes Circle your response.		are/Medicaid dual eligibles so that all encounter data can be see measure reporting?		
8b.	Is claim/encounter data linked for individuals enrolled in both a Medicare and Medicaid plan so that all encounter data can be identified for the purposes of performance measure reporting?				
	Circle your response.	Yes	No		
9.	How often is Medicaid enr	ollment inform	mation updated?		
9.	How often is Medicaid enr	ollment inform	mation updated?		

10.	How is Medicaid continuous enrollment being defined? In particular, does your system have any limitations that preclude you from fully implementing continuous enrollment requirements exactly as specified in the State performance measure requirements?				
11.	Please attach a copy of the source code that you use to calculate Medicaid continuous enrollment.				
12.	How do you handle breaks in Medicaid enrollmente.g. situations where a Medicaid enrollee is disenrolled one day and re-enrolled the next simply for administrative reasons? Does this affect your continuous enrollment calculations?				
13.	Do you have restrictions on when Medicaid enrollees can enroll or disenroll? Please describe.				
14.	How do you identify and count Medicaid member months? Medicaid member years?				

. PI	ease identify all data from which claims/encounters for the Medicaid product line are verified.
he v	s the plan offer vision or pharmacy benefits to its Medicaid members that are different from vision or pharmacy benefits offered to its commercial enrollees (within a given contract or mark)? Circle your response. Yes No
If	yes, explain:
_	
	If vision benefits vary by benefit package, outline the different options available. How are enrollees tracked?
_	
_	
- o.	If pharmacy benefits vary by benefit package, outline the different options available. How are enrollees tracked?

C. Ancillary Systems

Use this section to record information on stand-alone systems or benefits provided through subcontracts, such as pharmacy or mental health/substance abuse.

1. Does your MCO/*PIHP* incorporate data from vendors to calculate any of the following Medicaid quality measures? If so, which measures require vendor data?

NOTE: The measures listed in the following table are examples of measures that can be calculated with administrative data. The State and EQRO should tailor this table to list those measures that the State requires its MCO/PIHP contractors to produce and any other measures in which the State is interested.

MEASURE	VENDOR NAME			
Childhood and Adolescent Immunization Rate(s)				
Well Child Visits				
Initiation of Prenatal Care				
Cervical Cancer Screening				
Chlamydia Screening in Women				
Low Birth weight				
Prenatal Care in First Trimester				
Breast Cancer Screening (Mammography				
Glycohemoglobin Monitoring				
Ambulatory Follow-Up After Hospitalization For Specified Mental Health Disorders				
Provider Certification				
Discuss any concerns you may have about the quality or completeness of any vendor data.				

Information System Capabilities Assessment (ISCA)

3.	Please list subcontracted Medicaid benefits that are adjudicated through a separate system that belongs a vendor.
1.	Describe the kinds of information sources available to the MCO/PIHP from the vendor (e.g., monthly hard copy reports, full claims data).
í.	Do you evaluate the quality of this information? If so, how?
j.	Did you incorporate these vendor data into the creation of Medicaid-related studies? If not, why not?

D. Integration and Control of Data for Performance Measure Reporting

This section requests information on how your MCO/PIHP integrates Medicaid claims, encounter, membership, provider, vendor, and other data to calculate performance rates. All questions relate to your current systems and processes, unless indicated otherwise.

File Consolidation

- 1. Please attach a flowchart outlining the structure of your management information systems, indicating data integration (i.e., claims files, encounter files, etc.). For an example of the minimum level of detail requested, please refer to the example on page 38. Label the attachment II.D.1.
- 2. In consolidating data for Medicaid performance measurement, how are the data sets for each measure collected:
 - By querying the processing system online?
 - By using extract files created for analytical purposes? If so, how frequently are the files updated? How do they account for claim and encounter submission and processing lags? How is the file creation process checked for accuracy?

By using a separate relational database or data warehouse (i.e., a performance measure repository)?

	procedure for consolidating Medicaid claims/encounter, member, and provider data for measure reporting (whether it is into a relational database or file extracts on a measure is).
Ba. How mai	ny different sources of data are merged together to create reports?

3.

3b. What control processes are in place to ensure data merges are accurate and complete? 3c. What control processes are in place to ensure that no extraneous data are captured (e.g., lack of specificity in patient identifiers may lead to inclusion of non-eligible members or to double counting)? 3d. Do you compare samples of data in the repository to transaction files to verify if all the required data are captured (e.g., were any members, providers, or services lost in the process)?

Information System Capabilities Assessment (ISCA)

Information System Capabilities Assessment (ISCA)

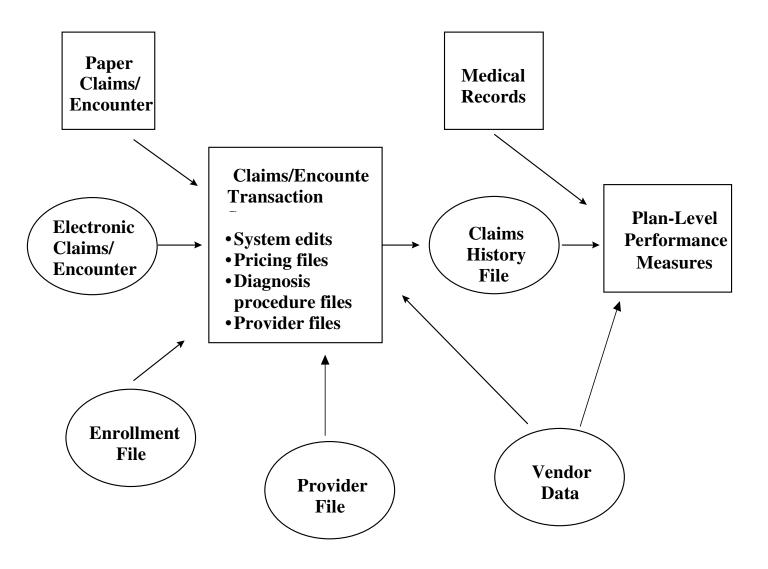
Describe both the files accessed to create Medicaid performance measures and the fields from those files for linking or analysis. <i>Use either a schematic or text to respond</i> .
Are any algorithms used to check the reasonableness of data integrated to report Medicaid performance measures?

Are Medicaid reports created from a vendor software product? If so, how frequently are the files updated? How are reports checked for accuracy?
 Are data files used to report Medicaid performance measures archived and labeled with the performance period in question?

Information System Capabilities Assessment (ISCA)

EXAMPLE

Performance Measure Data: Flowchart of Information System Structure



Vendor Data Integration

- 8. Information on several types of external encounter sources is requested. In the table on the following page, for each type of delegated service, please indicate the following:
 - Second column: Indicate the number of vendors contracted (or subcontracted) to provide the Medicaid service. Include vendors that offer all or some of the service.
 - Third column: Indicate whether your MCO/PIHP receives member-level data for any Medicaid performance measure reporting from the vendor(s). Only answer "Yes" if all data received from contracted vendor(s) are at the member level. If *any* encounter-related data is received in aggregate form, you should answer "No". If type of service is not a covered benefit, indicate "N/A".
 - Fourth column: Indicate whether all data needed for Medicaid performance measure reporting are integrated, at the member-level, with MCO/PIHP administrative data.
 - Fifth and sixth columns: rank the completeness and quality of the Medicaid data provided by the vendor(s). Consider data received from all sources when using the following data quality grades:
 - A. Data are complete or of high quality
 - B. Data are generally complete or of good quality
 - C. Data are incomplete or of poor quality
 - In the seventh column, describe any concerns you have in ensuring completeness and quality of Medicaid data received from contracted vendors. If measure is not being calculated because of any eligible members, please indicate "N/A".

Medicaid Claim/Encounter Data from Vendors

Type of Delegated Service	Number of Contract ed Vendors	Always receive member-level data from all vendor(s)? (Yes or No)	Integrate vendor data with MCO/PIHP administrative data? (Yes or No)	Completeness of Data (A, B, or C)	Quality of Data (A, B, or C)	Rationale for Rating/ Concerns with Data Collection
Behavioral Health						
Family Planning						
Home Health Care						
Hospital						
Laboratory						
Pharmacy						
Primary Care						
Radiology						
Specialty Care						
Vision Care						

Performance Measure Repository Structure

If your MCO/PIHP uses a performance measure repository, please answer the following question. Otherwise, skip to the Report Production section.

9.	If your MCO/PIHP uses a performance measure repository for Medicaid performance measures, review the repository structure. Does it contain all the key information necessary for Medicaid performance measure reporting?
Rep	ort Production
10.	Please describe your Medicaid report production logs and run controls. Please describe your Medicaid performance measure report generation process.
11.	How are Medicaid report generation programs documented? Is there a type of version control in place?

e Medicaid performance measure reporting programs reviewed by supervisory staff?
e Medicaid performance measure reporting programs reviewed by supervisory staff?
e Medicaid performance measure reporting programs reviewed by supervisory staff?
you have internal back-ups for performance measure programmers (i.e., do others know the ogramming language and the structure of the actual programs)? Is there documentation?
ow are revisions to Medicaid claims, encounters, membership, and provider data systems inaged?

Compensation Structure

The purpose of this section is to evaluate the Medicaid provider compensation structure, as this may influence the quality and completeness of data. Please identify the percentage of member months in your plan contributed by Medicaid members whose primary care providers and specialists are compensated through each of the following payment mechanisms.

PA	YMENT MECHANISM	Primary Care Physician	Specialist Physician
1.	Salaried		
2.	Fee-for-Service, no withhold or bonus		
3.	Fee-for-Service, with withhold Please specify % withhold:		
4.	Fee-for-Service with bonus Bonus range:		
5.	Capitated - no withhold or bonus		
6.	Capitated with withhold Please specify % withhold:		
7.	Capitated with bonus Bonus range:		
8.	Other		
ТО	TAL	100%	100%

9a. Does your MCO/PIHP maintain provider profiles in its IS?

Summary of Requested Documentation

The documentation requested in the previous questions is summarized in the table below. Please label all attached documentation as described in the table, and when applicable by the item number from the ISCA (e.g., III.B.10). Remember, you are not limited to providing only the documentation listed below; you are encouraged to provide any additional documentation that helps clarify an answer or eliminates the need for a lengthy response.

Requested Document	Details
Previous Medicaid Performance Measure Audit Reports	Please attach final reports from any previous Medicaid performance measure audits in which your MCO/PIHP participated during the past two years.
Organizational Chart	Please attach an organizational chart for your MCO/PIHP. The chart should make clear the relationship among key Individuals/departments responsible for information management, including performance measure reporting.
Data Integration Flow Chart	Please provide a flowchart that gives an overview of the structure of your management <i>IS</i> . See the example provided in Section II-D. "Integration and Control of Data for Performance Measure Reporting." Be sure to show how all claims, encounter, membership, provider, and vendor data are integrated for performance measure reporting.
Performance Measure Repository File Structure (if applicable)	Provide a complete file structure, file format, and field definitions for the performance measure repository.
Program/Query Language for Performance Measure Repository Reporting (if applicable)	Provide full documentation on the software programs or codes used to convert performance measure repository data to performance measures.
Continuous Enrollment Source Code	Attach a copy of the source code/computer programs that you use to calculate continuous enrollment for Medicaid enrollees.
Medicaid Member Months Source Code	Attach a copy of the source code/computer programs that you use to calculate member months, member years for Medicaid enrollees.
Medicaid Claims Edits	List of specific edits performed on claims as they are adjudicated with notation of performance timing (pre or post-payment) and whether they are manual or automated functions.
Statistics on Medicaid claims/encounters and other administrative data	Documentation that explains statistics reported in the ISCA.

CENERAL INFORMATION

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Information System Capabilities Assessment for Managed Care Organizations/Prepaid Health Plans

Reviewer Worksheet and Interview Guide

This annotated version of the *Information System Capabilities Assessment for Managed Care Organizations / Prepaid Health Plans (ISCA)* is provided for EQRO personnel to: 1) record their findings from the review of ISCA forms completed by the each MCO/*PIHP*, 2) note issues to be addressed in follow-up interviews with MCO/*PIHP* personnel, and 3) to record their findings from those interviews. EQRO staff may need to revise this form to provide additional space under each question to record issues and findings.

i. GE	NEKAL INFORMATION	
Interviev	vee(s) names and titles:	
Interview	ver(s) names and tiles:	
Date of in	nterview:	
Please pro	ovide the following general is	nformation:
Medicaid collects a Medicaid	l line of business. In many si nd processes commercial or I data is managed differently	ow pertains to the collection and processing of data for an MCO/PIHP's ituations, if not most, this may be no different than how an MCO/PIHP Medicare data. However, for questions which may address areas where than commercial or other data, please provide the answers to the enrollees and Medicaid data.
A.	Contact Information	
	` ` `	accuracy of) the MCO/PIHP identification information below, including O/PIHP contact name and title, mailing address, telephone and fax ss, if applicable.
	MCO/PIHP Name:	
Contact Name and Title:		
	Mailing address:	
	Phone number:	
	Fax number	
	E-mail address:	

B. Managed Care Model Type (Please circle one, or specify "other.")

	el MCO-group mo		MCO-mixed model	PIHP
C. Year Incorpora	ated	_		
D. Member Enrol	lment for the Last T	hree Years.		
INSURER	Year 1:	Year 2:	Year 3:	
Privately Insured				
Medicare				
Medicaid				
Other				
Circle a respons If yes, who perform When was the a NOTE: If your MCO/PIHP please attach a copy of the	se: Yes ormed the assessment ssessment completed 's information system assessment report. C	No ? ! has been formally of the complete only those is a second to the complete only those is a second to the complete only those is a second to the conditions of the condi		past (2 years or less),
or have changed since the f II. INFORMATION SY Interviewee(s) names and Interviewer(s) names and	YSTEMS: DATA PR	ROCESSING PRO		
Date of interview:				

1.

The State and the MCO/PIHP should be certain that data being reported are not only accurate today, but also have a reasonable chance of being accurate for future reporting periods. Future accuracy can be predicted by assessing the MCO/PIHP's systems development cycle and supporting environment. Plans that lack development checkpoints and controls are much more likely to introduce errors as systems change. The following criteria can be used to subjectively assess the likelihood of future reporting anomalies. States should be informed that very few programming shops in the world really meet all the desirable criteria. The EQRO will consider the status of checkpoints and controls in its overall assessment of findings.

What data base management system(s) (DBMS(s) does your organization use to store Medicaid

2.	How would you ch	naracterize this/these DBMSs? Circle all that apply.
	A. Relational	E. Network
	B. Hierarchical	F. Flat File
	C. Indexed	G. Proprietary
	D. Other	H. Don't Know
	D. Other owing the DBMS pro	
	D. Other owing the DBMS proponses would include	H. Don't Know ovides an indication of the organization's overall level of sophistication typical e Oracle, DB2, VTAM, Paradox, dBase, R:Base, Sybase, Informix, SAS, Rdb, etc.] s), if any, do you extract relevant Medicaid encounter/claim/enrollment detail for
resį	D. Other owing the DBMS proponses would include Into what DBMS(s	H. Don't Know ovides an indication of the organization's overall level of sophistication typical e Oracle, DB2, VTAM, Paradox, dBase, R:Base, Sybase, Informix, SAS, Rdb, etc.] s), if any, do you extract relevant Medicaid encounter/claim/enrollment detail for
resį	D. Other owing the DBMS proponses would include Into what DBMS(s	H. Don't Know ovides an indication of the organization's overall level of sophistication typical e Oracle, DB2, VTAM, Paradox, dBase, R:Base, Sybase, Informix, SAS, Rdb, etc.] s), if any, do you extract relevant Medicaid encounter/claim/enrollment detail for
resį	D. Other owing the DBMS proponses would include Into what DBMS(s	H. Don't Know ovides an indication of the organization's overall level of sophistication typical e Oracle, DB2, VTAM, Paradox, dBase, R:Base, Sybase, Informix, SAS, Rdb, etc.] s), if any, do you extract relevant Medicaid encounter/claim/enrollment detail for

4.	How would you ch	aracterize this/these	e DBMS(s)? Circle all that apply:
	A. Relational	E. Network	
	B. Hierarchical	F. Flat File	
	C. Indexed	G. Proprietary	
	D. Other	H. Don't Know	
	_	-	indicator of how the process works. Note that it is possib incidence database without any intermediate extraction.]
5.			ur programmers use to create Medicaid data extracts or mers are trained and capable of modifying these programs
[For	· example, many mor	e Cobol programme	ners are available on the market than for Smalltalk.]
6.	Do you calculate de	efect rates for progra	rams?
	Circle your respon.	se. Yes	No
	If yes, what method	ls do you use?	

7.

[et	thods to calculate defect rates and productivity measures are indicators of the IS organization's lev
	phistication. Very few firms calculate either of these very well today, if at all. Typical methods wo
	de Lines of Code (LoC), Pages of code, ration of severe bugs to all bugs found, or Function Points
(د	.]
	·
	Approximately what percentage of your organization's programming work is outsourced?
	%
	What is the average experience in years of macromomers in years against in 2
	What is the average experience, in years, of programmers in your organization?
•	Approximately how many resources (time, money) are spent on training per programmer per year What type of standard training for programmers is provided? What type of additional training is
	provided?

Do you rely on any quantitative measures of programmer performance? If so, what method(s) do

11	1. What is the programmer turn programmers)?	What is the programmer turnover rate for each of the last 3 years (new programmers per year/total programmers)?								
	Year 1 (200 \underline{x}): %	Year 2 (200 <u>x</u>):	%	Year 3 (200 <u>x</u>): %						
qu no co	These questions attempt to determent to determent to determent and it in a determent to a determent to a determent to get the work determent to a determent the work determent to a determent to a determent the condition and acceptance because of the condition and acceptance is determined to the condition and acceptance is determined to the condition and acceptance is determined to the condition and acceptance are determined acceptance are determined acceptance are determined acceptance. The condition are determined acceptance are determined acceptance are determined acceptance are determined acceptance are determined acc	insight into the develop one, sometimes off-site, i come key success factors	ment cycle in which ca . Ask for a z	responses. Outsourcing mean. se project specification, mana guess if the turnover rate is un	s using gement,					
12.	requirement(s). Include any	ine the steps of the maintenance cycle for your State's mandated Medicaid reporting irement(s). Include any tasks related to documentation, debugging, roll out, training, etc. level of detail should result in 10-25 steps in the outline.								

13.	What is the process for version control when code is revised?
	e IS department should follow a standardized process when updating and revising code. This process uld include safeguards which ensure that the correct version of a program is in use.]
14.	How does your organization know if changes to the claims/encounter/enrollment tracking system impact required reporting to the State Medicaid program? What motivates you to update the program?
chai	pecific individual within the organization should be responsible for determining the impact of any nges made to the plan's claims/encounter/enrollment tracking systems. The plan should have in place stem for triggering IS staff to update the programs.]
15.	Who is responsible for your organization meeting the State Medicaid reporting requirements (e.g., CEO, CFO, and COO)?

Staffing

16a.	Describe the data processing organization in terms of staffing and their expected productivity goals. What is the overall daily, monthly and annual productivity of overall department and by processor?
[Uni	usually high productivity goals can affect the accuracy and quality of a processor's work.]
16b.	Describe processor training from new hire to refresher courses for seasoned processors.
audii	whires should be provided with on-the-job training and supervision. Supervisors should closely the work of new hires before suspending the training process. Seasoned processors should be a occasional refresher courses and training concerning any system modifications.]
16c.	What is the average tenure of the staff? What is annual turnover?
	rger number of new employees or high turn-over of experienced staff could result in decreased racy and processing speed.]

1	7		Sec	urity
1	,	٠	500	ullty

17a.	Describe how loss of Medicaid claim and encounter and other related data is prevented when systems fail? How frequently are system back-ups performed? Where is back-up data stored?
data	tem back-ups should be performed daily (at a minimum) to prevent against data loss. Back-up should be stored on separate systems or tape, diskettes or DAT, and stored in a separate tion in case of fire, flood, etc.]
17b.	How is Medicaid data corruption prevented due to system failure or to program error?
erro	ack-up procedure will protect the data from destruction due to system failure and program r. Plans can also institute additional safeguards to protect data from being written over during processes.]
17c.	Describe the controls used to assure all Medicaid claims data entered into the system is fully accounted for (e.g., batch control sheets).
_	plan should have a process in place that ensures that all claims/encounters which have been ed as received are entered into the system and processed.]

- 17d. Describe the provisions in place for physical security of the computer system and manual files:
 - Premises
 - Documents
 - Computer facilities

Terminal access and levels of security [The system should be protected from both unauthorized usage and accidental damage. Paper based claims/encounters should be in locked storage facilities when not in use. The computer system and terminals should be protected from unauthorized access using a password system and security screens. Passwords should be changed frequently and should be re-set whenever an employee terminates.] 17e. What other individuals have access to the computer system? Customers? Providers? Describe their access and the security that is maintained restricting or controlling such access. [Both customers and providers should have their access limited to read-only so that they cannot alter any files. They should be given access to only those files containing their own patients or members. Customers should be prevented from accessing highly confidential patient information by being given "blinded" patient names and "scrambled" ID numbers, or restricted access to particular files.]

III. DATA ACQUISITION CAPABILITIES

Interviewee(s) names and titles:_	
Interviewer(s) names and tiles:_	
Date of interview:	

The purpose of this section is to obtain a high-level understanding of how you collect and maintain claims/encounters, enrollment information and data on ancillary services such as prescription drugs.

A. Administrative Data (Claims and Encounter Data)

This section requests information on input data sources (e.g., paper and electronic claims) and on the transaction system(s) you use.

1. Do you use standard claims or encounter forms for the following? If yes, please specify (e.g., CMS1500, UB 92)

DATA SOURCE	NO	YES	IF YES, PLEASE SPECIFY
Hospital			
Physician			
Drug			
Other			

(Plans that do not use either CMS 1500 or UB 92 forms may be using forms they developed themselves. If a plan is using its own forms, these forms should be reviewed to ensure they are capturing the following key data elements: patient identification information [SSN, name, date of birth, gender], provider identifying information [Tax ID, name], date of service, place of service and diagnoses and procedure codes. An evaluation of their forms to ascertain adequacy and completeness of data collection may be necessary.

2. We would like to understand the means by which claims or encounters are submitted to your plan. We are also interested in an estimate of what percentage (if any) of services provided to your enrollees by all providers serving your Medicaid enrollees are NOT submitted as claims or encounters and therefore are not represented in your administrative data. Please fill in the following table with the appropriate percentages:

CLAIMS OR ENCOUNTER TYPES

MEDIUM	Hospital	РСР	Specialist Physician	Dental	Mental Health /Substance Abuse	Drug	Other
Claims/encounters submitted electronically							
Claims/encounters submitted on paper							
Services not submitted as claims or encounters							
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

(Since paper forms need to be entered into a plan's system, processing paper forms is prone to error. If a plan is receiving more that 50 percent of its data on paper forms, verify the data checks the plan uses to test processor accuracy. Electronic data submission should also undergo data edits and validity checks. Plans with a high percentage of unavailable data for a particular category will have difficulty reporting measures that use that category. For example, a plan receiving no drug data from its vendor would not be able to report the HEDIS measures for Outpatient Drug Utilization.)

3. Please document whether the following data elements are required for each of the types of Medicaid claims/encounters identified below. If required, enter an "R" in the appropriate box.

CLAIMS/ENCOUNTER TYPES

DATA ELEMENTS	Hospital	Primary Care Physician	Specialist Physician	Dental	Mental Health / Substance Abuse	Drug	other
Patient Gender							
Patient DOB/Age							
Diagnosis							
Procedure							
First Date of Service							
Last Date of Service							
Revenue Code							
Provider Specialty							

(Standard measures of plan performance such as Medicaid HEDIS are dependent upon the availability of the fields listed above. If procedure codes or diagnosis codes are not available, the data will not include the necessary level of detail to report performance measures.)

4. How many diagnoses and procedures are captured on each claim? On each encounter?

	Cla	aim	Encounter		
	Diagnoses		Diagnoses	Procedures	
Institutional Data					
Professional Data					

(A minimum of two diagnosis codes and two procedure codes should be available. If only one diagnosis is available, it may be difficult to identify patients with chronic conditions such as diabetes or asthma.)

5a. Can you distinguish between principal and secondary diagnoses?					
•	*	first diagno	No sis on the claim to be principal. Other plans determine expensive condition represented.	the	
5b.	If yes, to 5.a above how	do you disti	nguish between principal and secondary diagnoses?		

6. Please explain what happens if a Medicaid claim/encounter is submitted and one or more required fields are missing, incomplete or invalid. For example, if diagnosis is not coded, is the claims examiner required by the system to use an on-line software product like Auto-Coder to determine the correct ICD-9 code?

(The use of an automated coding product such as GMIS' AutoCoder can result in more consistent coding of missing information. Plans that do not use such a product may allow processors to make their own decisions on appropriate coding. Processor judgment could result in less accurate coding.)

Institutional Data	a:	 	

ou take to verify the accuracy of submitted information (e.g., procedure codegender-diagnosis edits, gender-procedure code edits)? will often verify that the information in procedure code and diagnosis code fields ay also verify that diagnosis and procedure codes are appropriate for age and, a claim with a procedure of hysterectomy should be for a female patient.) ata:
gender-diagnosis edits, gender-procedure code edits)? will often verify that the information in procedure code and diagnosis code fields ay also verify that diagnosis and procedure codes are appropriate for age and , a claim with a procedure of hysterectomy should be for a female patient.) ata:
gender-diagnosis edits, gender-procedure code edits)? will often verify that the information in procedure code and diagnosis code fields ay also verify that diagnosis and procedure codes are appropriate for age and , a claim with a procedure of hysterectomy should be for a female patient.) ata:
ay also verify that diagnosis and procedure codes are appropriate for age and , a claim with a procedure of hysterectomy should be for a female patient.) ata:
ata:
ata:
ata:
eumstances can claims processors change Medicaid claims/encounter information
en the ability to modify claims/encounter information, the accuracy of that affected either negatively or positively. Processors may simply correct data that we which would increase the quality of the data. However, processors may also character codes which could result in a loss of coding specificity. Does the plan check st paper claims?)

intended use of	intended use of the field. For example, if the dependent's SSN is unknown, do you enter the member's SSN instead?							
used as an ID for a r	number of dependents, the claim may b nt. The use of the enrollee's SSN wou	g issues. For example, if the enrollee's SSN are given the age and sex of the member rathed ld make it difficult to track the dependent's						
10a. How are Medio	caid claims/encounters received?	1						
SOURCE	Received directly from provider	Submitted through an Intermediary						
Hospital								
Physician								
Pharmacy								
Other								
Intermediaries that creating a data set th lifferently or may no	hat is inconsistent with the plan's data of be using the same fields as the plan, into the plan's systems. All data submi	rmacy benefit firm, could modify the data, . The intermediary may define field content						

11. Please estimate the percentage of Medicaid claims/encounters that are coded using the following coding schemes:

CODING SCHEME	Inpatient Diagnosis	Inpatient Procedure	Ambulatory/ Outpatient Diagnosis	Ambulatory/ Outpatient Procedure	Drug
ICD-9-CM					
CPT-4					
HCPCS					
DSM-IV					
National Drug Code					
Internally Developed					
Other (specify)					
Not required					
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

(If a plan is using internally-developed coding schemes, the State should verify whether this coding can be mapped to standard coding such as ICD-9 or CPT-4. If the coding can be translated for reporting purposes [Medicaid HEDIS requires diagnosis and procedure codes], the plan should provide information on the level of specificity with which the coding maps to standard coding [e.g., three-digit specificity or five-digit specificity]. If the mapping has a low level of specificity, information on comorbidities and complications may not be retained during translation.)

12. Please identify all systems through which service and utilization data for the Medicaid population are processed.

(Each upgrade or consolidation of the plan's information system has the potential to damage the quality of the data. For example, data could be lost or corrupted during a system conversion, or a new system could limit a plan's access to historical data. Changes in data quality and access will affect the plan's ability to report performance measures and utilization.)

13.	Please describe any major systems changes/updates that have taken place in the last three years in your Medicaid claims or encounter system (be sure to provide specific dates on which changes were implemented).
	New system purchased and installed to replace old system
	• New system purchased and installed to replace most of old system: old system still used
	• Major enhancements to old system (what kinds of enhancements?)

- New product line adjudicated on old system
- Conversion of a product line from one system to another.

-	
-	
	n your opinion, have any of these changes influenced, even temporarily, the quality and/or ompleteness of the Medicaid data that are collected? If so, how and when?
e a	conversions could affect the quality or completeness of encounter data the plan submits to the ccuracy of performance measures. A temporary decrease in data quality could be a sign of a nundiscovered problem.]

15. How many years of Medicaid data are retained on-line? How is historical Medicaid data accessed when needed?
[Due to system constraints, a plan may remove historical data and place it in off-line storage. The MCO/PIHP's ability to report on experience spanning several years of data could be affected by the accessibility of the data stored off-line.]
16. How much Medicaid data is processed on-line vs. batch? If batch, how often are they run?
[Data which are processed on-line will be incorporated into the system on a real-time basis. If batch processing is not conducted frequently, it can result in data processing lags which affect data completeness.]
17. How complete are the Medicaid data three months after the close of the reporting period? How is completeness estimated? How is completeness defined?
[The completeness of data three months after the close of the reporting period can vary greatly by plan. A plan's contracting arrangements with providers can affect data completeness. Plans that delegate provide payment or data collection to medical groups or IPAs are less likely to have complete data three months after the reporting period ends.]

audit	ed regularly? Randomly? What are the standards regarding timeliness of processing?
processin processin	could be performing random periodic audits of their encounter data to determine the quality of data eg. Plans that do not perform audits at least annually are not closely monitoring the quality of data eg. Plan standards regarding timeliness of processing will influence the lag time for encounter essing.]
[Plans should be performing reprocessing. Plans that do not processing. Plan standards redata processing.] 19. Please provide detail on sy and procedure codes edited [MCOs/PIHPs should have For example, a field contestield. Key fields which should birth, sex), provider identify diagnosis and procedure codes.	
	e provide detail on system edits that are targeted to field content, consistency. Are diagnostic rocedure codes edited for validity?
For e field. birth, diagn	Os/PIHPs should have an established, standard set of edits that verify field content and consistency example, a field content data edit would verify that a valid date is entered into the date of service Key fields which should be edited include patient identifying information (SSN, name, date of sex), provider identifying information (name, tax ID, type), date and place of service, and osis and procedure codes. The quality of diagnosis and procedure coding will affect the validity ports and performance measures submitted by the MCO/PIHP.]

18. What is your policy regarding Medicaid claim/encounter audits? Are Medicaid encounters

20. Please complete the following table for Medicaid claim and encounter data and other Medicaid Administrative data. Provide any documentation that should be reviewed to explain the data that is being submitted.

	Claims	Encounters	Other Administrative Data
Percent of total service volume			
Percent complete			
How are the above statistics quantified?			
Incentives for data submission			

[MCOs/PIHPs with claims data comprising more than 50 percent of their total service volume are likely to have a more complete representation of total MCO/PIHP experience than MCOs/PIHPs that rely heavily on encounter data. While providers have an incentive to submit claims in order to receive payment for services, they do not always have incentives to submit encounter information. If an MCO/PIHP does not offer providers an incentive, or does not require the submission of encounter data, the MCO/PIHP may not receive data for every encounter. Other administrative data collected by an MCO/PIHP could include data from pharmacy or laboratory vendors.]

ended claims/encounters are those claims/encounters that have been suspended during proce	essing
cause they failed data quality edits or violated provider payment parameters. Information on tims and encounters will not be available for reporting until they have been reconciled and pa	these
o the system. What percentage of claims are suspended or pended?]	

21. Describe the Medicaid claims/encounter suspend ("pend") process including timeliness of reconciling

Describe how Medicaid claims are suspended/pended for medical review, for non-approval due to ssing authorization code(s) or for other reasons. What triggers a processor to follow up on "pended" claims? How frequent are these triggers?
[Review and processing should not be handled by the same employee. A system should be in place which encourages the processor to follow-up on the status of claims in review that have not yet been approved to ensure they are resolved?]
If any Medicaid services/providers are capitated, have you performed studies on the completeness of the information collected on capitated services. If yes, what were the results?
[Since provider payment for capitated services is not determined by the encounter data submitted, providers do not have an incentive to submit complete and accurate information on every service provided. Data on capitated services often does not include the same level of detail as fee-for-service claims information. Plans should be aware that capitated data is less complete and should audit the data at least annually to monitor its quality.]

24a. Identify the claim/encounter system(s) for each product line offered to Medicaid enrollees:

Process	Product Line:	Product Line:	Product Line:
Fee-for-service (indemnity) claims			
Capitated service encounters			
Clinic patient registrations			
Pharmacy claims			
Other (describe)			
Are these me	erges and/or transfers pe	erformed in batch? With wh	nat frequency?

24c.	Beginning with receipt of a Medicaid claim in-house, describe the claim handling, logging, and processes that precede adjudication. When are Medicaid claims assigned a document control number and logged or scanned into the system? When are Medicaid claims microfilmed? If there is a delay in microfilming, how do processors access a claim that is logged into the system, but is not yet filmed?

24d. Please provide a detailed description of each system or process that is involved in adjudicating:

[Professional encounters arriving separately from an office visit may not be processed as quickly as the actual office visits. If these encounters are treated as "non-standard" events, the plan may not be able to easily link these encounters with the related office visit. For example, newborns exceeding a mother's stay may have their hospital stay split into two parts. The part of the stay which coincides with the mother's hospitalization may be processed on the mother's claim and the remainder of the stay could be processed separately. Processing the newborn's stay as two separate claims could affect the plan's ability to report accurately on newborn hospital utilization.]

• A professional encounter(s) for a capitated service (e.g., child immunizations that arrive

separately from the office visit.)
• A hospital alaim for a delivery or for a newhorn who avecade its methor's stay
• A hospital claim for a delivery or for a newborn who exceeds its mother's stay.

24e. Discuss which decisions in processing a Medicaid claim/encounter are automated, which are prompted by automated messages appearing on the screen, and which are manual. Document the opportunities a processor has for overriding the system manually. Is there a report documenting overrides or "exceptions" generated on each processor and reviewed by the claim supervisor? Please describe this report.

sis or n for i	information through the system. For example, a processor may be able to fill in missing procedures codes. Processors could also use override codes such as "99999" or "00000 missing codes. If the system does not "kick-out" these override codes during processing
titute	be retained in the system without diagnosis or procedure detail. Processors may also be "00000000" for a missing SSN, which can lead to services for unidentified members ex
syster	n. J
24f.	Are there any outside parties or contractors used to complete adjudication, including but not limited to:
	Bill auditors (hospital claims, claims over a certain dollar amount)
	Peer or medical reviewers
	Sources for additional charge data (Ausual & customary)

How is this data incorporated into your organization's data?

24g.	Describe the system's editing capabilities that assure that Medicaid claims are adjudicated correctly Provide a list of the specific edits that are performed on claims as they are adjudicated, and note: 1) whether the edits are performed pre or post-payment, and 2) which are manual and which are
that a charg proce	automated functions. In reviewing plan adjudication edits, the State should concentrate on edits which affect the data fields are used to generate plan performance measures and reports. Are outliers for length of stay and sees edited? Utilizing an automated editing process provides more consistent results that do not requires ssor judgment. Edits that are performed pre-payment can prevent invalid data from being porated into the system.]
24h.	Discuss the routine and non-routine (ad hoc or special) audits that are performed on claims/encounters to assure the quality and accuracy and timeliness of processing. Note which audits are performed per processor, which rely on targeted samples and which use random sampling techniques. What is the total percentage of claims on-hand that are audited through these QA processes? How frequently?

[Note: This item is not relevant in instances where the EQRO is performing encounter data validation. When reviewing edits that are used to determine processor accuracy, consider that these edits will not provide information on the quality of the initial provider data submission. The audit plan should include random sampling techniques to provide an overall picture of quality. Plans will often concentrate on auditing complicated or aberrant claims/encounters rather than using a random sample. The plan should have instituted a process for sharing audit results with the processor to facilitate quality improvement.]

•	Please describe how Medicaid eligibility files are u authority. How and when does Medicaid eligibility	
e p olle ple	Please describe how Medicaid eligibility files are u authority. How and when does Medicaid eligibility plan should add new enrollees to the system within a led. Enrollees should not be experiencing delays in a lan may be using a different enrollment process for Mercial coverage.]	verification take place? reasonable amount of time after they have cess to care due to plan enrollment proc
e p olle ple	authority. How and when does Medicaid eligibility plan should add new enrollees to the system within a led. Enrollees should not be experiencing delays in a lan may be using a different enrollment process for M	verification take place? reasonable amount of time after they have cess to care due to plan enrollment proc
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ne p volle v ple	authority. How and when does Medicaid eligibility plan should add new enrollees to the system within a led. Enrollees should not be experiencing delays in a lan may be using a different enrollment process for M	verification take place? reasonable amount of time after they have cess to care due to plan enrollment proc
ne p volle v ple	authority. How and when does Medicaid eligibility plan should add new enrollees to the system within a led. Enrollees should not be experiencing delays in a lan may be using a different enrollment process for M	verification take place? reasonable amount of time after they have cess to care due to plan enrollment proc
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ne p volle v ple	authority. How and when does Medicaid eligibility plan should add new enrollees to the system within a led. Enrollees should not be experiencing delays in a lan may be using a different enrollment process for M	verification take place? reasonable amount of time after they have cess to care due to plan enrollment proc
ne p volle v ple	authority. How and when does Medicaid eligibility plan should add new enrollees to the system within a led. Enrollees should not be experiencing delays in a lan may be using a different enrollment process for M	verification take place? reasonable amount of time after they have cess to care due to plan enrollment proc

24j.	How are encounters for capitated services handled by payment functions? What message appears to notify processors that they are handling a capitated service?
be pro	message appears to notify processors that they are handling a capitated service, these services could ocessed incorrectly. Payment functions can be suspended or modified to handle capitated services. lan should explain how capitated services are processed and how processing affects data quality.]
24k.	Describe how your systems and procedures handle validation and payment of Medicaid claims when procedure codes are not provided.
for re code l GMIS	s requiring valid procedure coding for all claims/encounters will have more detailed data available porting and analysis. However, these plans may allow processors to supply missing codes using a book or override the system using an unspecified code. A number of plans use programs such as the S AutoCoder product to fill in missing codes. When a plan supplies missing codes, the coding can be ccurate than codes supplied directly by the provider of service.]
241.	Where does the system-generated output (EOBs, letters, etc.) reside? In-house? In a separate facility? If located elsewhere, how is such work tracked and accounted for?
	s that have delegated the production of EOBs, letters and other output should monitor the accuracy imeliness of those activities.]
	

	Describe all performance monitoring standards for Medicaid claims/encounters processing and recent actual performance results.				
-					
-					
	Describe processor-specific performance goals and supervision of actual vs. target performance processors have to meet goals for processing speed? Do they have to meet goals for accurate				
-					
-					
	How is performance against targets figured into the official performance appraisal process? I processor and supervisor compensation?				
-					
-					

B. Enrollment System

- 1. Please describe any major changes/updates that have taken place in the last three years in your Medicaid enrollment data system (*be sure to identify specific dates on which changes were implemented*):
 - New enrollment system purchased and installed to replace old system
 - New enrollment system purchased and installed to replace most of old system old system still used
 - Major enhancements to old system (what kinds of enhancements?)
 - New product line members stored on old system.

[Changes to a plan's enrollment system requiring data conversion and data integration can create data quality problems. Implementing a new enrollment system could lead to a loss of access to data on the old system, or the assignment of new member numbers for all enrollees. Data conversion and integration can also limit a plan's ability to track an enrollee's enrollment history. When a new product line is added to an existing system, a plan may need to make the new data fit the older process, therefore modifying the system to "handle" new information. Implementing such modifications can be difficult for a plan that has been using the same system for a number of years. The level of enrollment detail retained can be affected by such modifications.]
2. In your opinion, have any of these changes influenced, even temporarily, the quality and/or completeness of the Medicaid data that are collected? If so, how and when?
[Consider whether changes in data quality will affect the validity of the data submitted to the State].

nev diff	ajor changes to a MCO/PIHP's enrollment system could involve the conversion of membership data to a way system. When MCOs/PIHPs convert members, they may change the enrollee's ID number, making it ficult to track the enrollee's enrollment pattern across time. Changes to the enrollment system could also do to a loss of data for specific patients.)
4.	How do you handle enrollee disenrollment and re-enrollment in the Medicaid product line? Does the member retain the same ID?
cha ID for rep imp	arollees should have a single ID number to facilitate tracking their experience. However, some plans ange an enrollee's ID number when the enrollee re-enrolls. Experience for enrollees who have switched numbers will be more difficult to track. Dependents using an enrollee's ID are also difficult to identify reporting purposes. For example, children without a unique ID could affect the ability of the plan to cort on low birth-weight babies, childhood immunizations, and asthma inpatient admissions. This is an cortant point. EQROs should give higher "grades" to plans which have good methods of identifying collees.)
5.	Can your systems track annulless who switch from one product line (e.g. Medicaid, commercial plan
5.	Can your systems track enrollees who switch from one product line (e.g., Medicaid, commercial plan, Medicare) to another?
	Circle your response. Yes No

5b	Can you track previous claim/encounter data or are you unable to link previous claim/encounter data across product lines?
	Under what circumstances, if any, can a Medicaid member exist under more than one identification mber within your MCO/PIHP's information management systems? Under what circumstances, if any, can a member's identification number change?
7.	How does your MCO/PIHP enroll and track newborns born to an existing MCO/PIHP enrollee?
8.	If your MCO/PIHP has a Medicare product line, describe how your enrollment systems link individual simultaneously enrolled in both your Medicare product and the Medicaid product line.

8a.	Is claim/encounter data linidentified for the purposes		care/Medicaid dual eligibles so that all encounter data once measure reporting?	can be
	Circle your response.	Yes	No	
8b.			iduals enrolled in both a Medicare and Medicaid plan s the purposes of performance measure reporting?	so that
	Circle your response.	Yes	No	
9.	How often is Medicaid en	rollment info	rmation updated?	
[E	Enrollment information sho	uld be update	d real-time, daily, or weekly.]	
		from fully im	t being defined? In particular, does your system have a clementing continuous enrollment requirements exactly easure requirements?	
11.	. Please attach a copy of the	e source code	that you use to calculate Medicaid continuous enrollme	ent.

12.	How do you handle breaks in Medicaid enrollmente.g., situations where a Medicaid enrollee is disenrolled one day and reenrolled the next simply for administrative reasons? Does this affect your continuous enrollment calculations?
13.	Do you have restrictions on when Medicaid enrollees can enroll or disenroll? Please describe.
14.	How do you identify and count Medicaid member months? Medicaid member years?
15.	Please identify all data from which claims/encounters for the Medicaid product line are verified.
enr dyr	igibility of the patient should be verified before claims and encounters are processed. Dates of collment and disenrollment are key reporting fields for Medicaid HEDIS measures. Eligibility status is eamic for Medicaid beneficiaries and should be updated frequently. Eligibility status should also werified before data is submitted to the State].

•	Does the plan offer vision or pharmacy benefits to its Medicaid members that are different from the vision or pharmacy benefits offered to its commercial enrollees (within a given contract or market area)?
	Circle your response. Yes No
a.	If vision benefits vary by benefit package, outline the different options available. How are enrolled tracked?
b.	If pharmacy benefits vary by benefit package, outline the different options available. How are enrollees tracked?

C. Ancillary Systems

Use this section to record information on stand-alone systems or benefits provided through subcontracts, such as pharmacy or mental health/substance abuse.

NOTE: The measures listed in the following table are examples of measures that can be calculated with administrative data. The State and EQRO should tailor this table to list those measures that the State requires its MCO/PIHP contractors to produce and any other measures in which the State is interested.

1. Does your plan incorporate data from vendors to calculate any of the following Medicaid quality measures? If so, which measures require vendor data?

MEASURE	VENDOR NAME
Childhood and Adolescent Immunization Rate(s)	
Well Child Visits	
Initiation of Prenatal Care	
Cervical Cancer Screening	
Chlamydia Screening in Women	
Low Birth-Weight	
Prenatal Care in First Trimester	
Breast Cancer Screening	
Glycohemoglobin Monitoring	
Ambulatory Follow-Up After Hospitalization For Specified Mental Health Disorders	
Provider Certification	

(If a plan is using vendor data, the plan should have a formal process in place to validate that data before incorporating it into their IS. The plan needs to check the vendor data for reliability, completeness and timeliness of submission.)

2. Discuss any concerns you may have about the quality or completeness of any vendor data.

(The plan should have staff who is experienced with the vendor's data. Furthermore, most plans will answer this question by saying "we have no concerns". Probe on this issue. The EQRO should "award points" for answers demonstrating understanding of potential problems with vendor data.)

3.	Please itemize subcontracted Medicaid benefits that are adjudicated through a separate system that belongs to a vendor.
lal for	any plans contract-out services for pharmacy benefits management, mental health/substance abuse, coratory and radiology services. If the data are processed on the vendor's system, it may not be warded to the plan in a complete form or on a timely basis. Vendors may also use a different method processing resulting in data that will not merge with or complement plan data.]
4.	Describe the kinds of information sources available to the MCO/PIHP from the vendor (e.g., monthly hard copy reports, full claims data).
5.	Do you evaluate the quality of this information? If so, how?
	ll of the vendor information should be verified for accuracy before a plan loads it into their IS. ne plan and the vendor may not define variables consistently or use the same reporting format.]

6.	Did you incorporate these data into the creation of Medicaid-related studies? If not, why not?

D. Integration and Control of Data for Performance Measure Reporting

This section requests information on how your MCO/PIHP integrates Medicaid claims, encounter, membership, provider, vendor, and other data to calculate performance rates. All questions relate to your current systems and processes, unless indicated otherwise.

File Consolidation

- 1. Please attach a flowchart outlining the structure of your management *IS*, indicating data integration (i.e., claims files, encounter files, etc.). For an example of the minimum level of detail requested, please refer to the example on page 92. Label the attachment II.D.1.
- 2. In consolidating data for Medicaid performance measurement, how are the data sets for each Medicaid measure collected:
 - By querying the processing system online?
 - By using extract files created for analytical purposes? If so, how frequently are the files updated? How do they account for claim and encounter submission and processing lags? How is the file creation process checked for accuracy?

By using a separate relational database or data warehouse (i.e., a performance measure repository)?

If so, is this the same system from which all other reporting is produced?
Describe the procedure for consolidating claims/encounter, member, and provider data for Medicaid performance measure reporting (whether it be into a relational database or file extracts on a measure by measure basis).
3a. How many different sources of data are merged together to create reports?

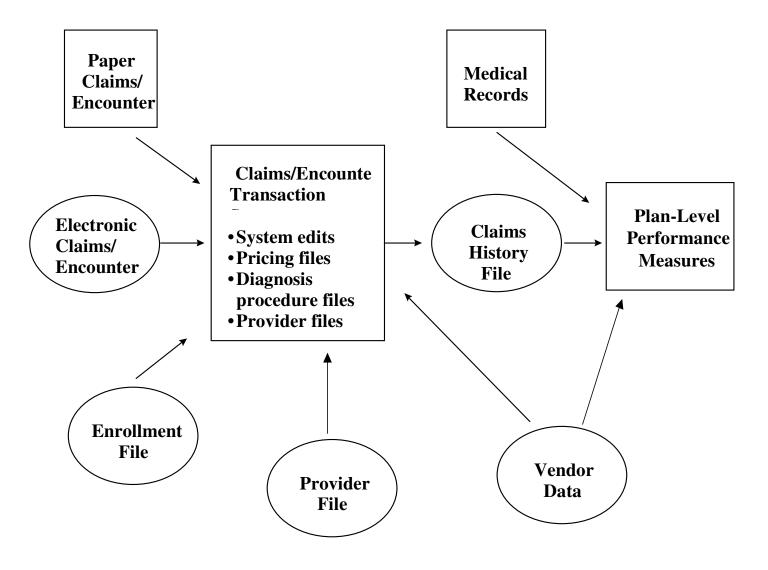
2.

	What control processes are in place to ensure data merges are accurate and complete?
3c.	What control processes are in place to ensure that no extraneous data are captured (e.g., lack o specificity in patient identifiers may lead to inclusion of non-eligible members or to double counting)?
3d.	Do you compare samples of data in the repository to transaction files to verify if all the required data are captured (e.g., were any members, providers, or services lost in the process)?
3e.	Describe your process(es) to monitor that the required level of coding detail is maintained (e.g., all significant digits, primary and secondary diagnoses remain)?

Describe both the files accessed to create Medicaid performance measures and the fields from tho files used for linking or analysis. <i>Use either a schematic or text to respond.</i>
are any algorithms used to check the reasonableness of data integrated to report Medicaid performance measures?
Are Medicaid reports created from a vendor software product? If so, how frequently are the file updated? How are reports checked for accuracy?
Are data files used to report Medicaid performance measures archived and labeled with the performance period in question?

EXAMPLE

Performance Measure Data: Flowchart of Information System Structure



Vendor Data Integration

- 8. Information on several types of external encounter sources is requested. In the table on the following page, for each type of delegated service, please indicate the following:
 - Second column: Indicate the number of vendors contracted (or subcontracted) to provide the Medicaid service. Include vendors that offer all or some of the service.
 - Third column: Indicate whether your MCO/PIHP receives member-level data for any Medicaid performance measure reporting from the vendor(s). Only answer "Yes" if all data received from contracted vendor(s) are at the member level. If *any* encounter-related data is received in aggregate form, you should answer "No". If type of service is not a covered benefit, indicate "N/A".
 - Fourth column: Indicate whether all data needed for Medicaid performance measure reporting are integrated, at the member-level, with MCO/PIHP administrative data.
 - Fifth and sixth columns: Rank the completeness and quality of the Medicaid data provided by the vendor(s).

Consider data received from all sources when using the following data quality grades:

- A = Data are complete or of high quality
- B = Data are generally complete or of good quality
- C = Data are incomplete or of poor quality
- In the seventh column, describe any concerns you have in ensuring completeness and quality of Medicaid data received from contracted vendors. If measure is not being calculated because of any eligible members, please indicate "N/A".

Medicaid Claim/Encounter Data from Vendors

Type of Delegated Service	Number of Contracted Vendors	Always receive member-level data from all vendor(s)? (Yes or No)	Integrate vendor data with MCO/PIHP administrative data? (Yes or No)	Completeness of Data (A, B, or C)	Quality of Data (A, B, or C)	Rationale for Rating/ Concerns with Data Collection
Behavioral Health						
Family Planning						
Home Health Care						
Hospital						
Laboratory						
Pharmacy						
Primary Care						
Radiology						
Specialty Care						
Vision Care						

Performance Measure Repository Structure

If your MCO/PIHP uses a performance measure repository, please answer the following question. Otherwise, skip to the Report Production section.

9.	If your MCO/PIHP uses a performance measure repository for Medicaid performance measures, review the repository structure. Does it contain all the key information necessary for Medicaid performance measure reporting?				
Ren	ort Production				
10.	Please describe your Medicaid report production logs and run controls. Please describe your Medicaid performance measure report generation process.				
11.	How are Medicaid report generation programs documented? Is there a type of version control in place?				

How does your MCO/PIHP test the process used to create Medicaid performance measure rep
Are Medicaid performance measure reporting programs reviewed by supervisory staff?
Do you have internal back-ups for performance measure programmers (i.e., do others know t programming language and the structure of the actual programs)? Is there documentation?
How are revisions to Medicaid claims, encounters, membership, and provider data systems managed?

IV. PROVIDER DATA

Compensation Structure

The purpose of this section is to evaluate the Medicaid provider compensation structure, as this may influence the quality and completeness of data. Please identify the percentage of member months in your plan contributed by Medicaid members whose primary care providers and specialists are compensated through each of the following payment mechanisms.

PAYMENT MECHANISM		Primary Care Physician	Specialist Physician	
1.	Salaried			
2. Fee-for-Service - no withhold or bonus				
3.	Fee-for-Service, with withhold - Please specify % of withhold:			
4.	Fee-for-Service with bonus Bonus range:			
5. Capitated - no withhold or bonus				
6.	Capitated with withhold - Please specify % of withhold:			
7.	Capitated with bonus Bonus range:			
8.	Other			
TOTAL		100%	100%	

[Timeliness and completeness of provider data submissions often varies by contracting arrangement. Salaried providers work directly for the MCO/PIHP and will submit data on a timely basis if data submission is a parameter in their contract with the MCO/PIHP. Fee-for-service providers have the largest incentive to submit accurate and complete data since their payment depends upon it. Capitated providers will need incentives to submit accurate and complete data. Their compensation should be linked to data submission, which can be done through the use of bonuses and withholds. For example, lag times may differ by compensation arrangement as follows: Capitation/Salaried-no lag, Fee-for-Service - 60 day lag, Hospital - 45 day lag.]

9.

•	Please describe how Medicaid provider directories are updated, how frequently, and who has "change" authority.
	[Provider directories should be updated to reflect changes in provider status to prevent members from selecting providers no longer under contract with the plan. The plan should have adequate security procedures in place to restrict the number of individuals who can access confidential provider information and institute changes in status.]
a.	Does your MCO/PIHP maintain provider profiles in its IS?
	Please circle response: YES NO
).	If yes to "a," what provider information is maintained in the provider profile database (e.g., languages spoken and special accessibility for individuals with special health care needs). Other? <i>Please describe</i> :
).	How are Medicaid fee schedules and provider compensation rules maintained? Who has updating authority?
	[Since providers consider fee schedule and compensation information to be confidential, access to this information should be restricted by the MCO/PIHP. The MCO/PIHP should have standardized process for updating and maintaining this information.]

11.	Are Medicaid fee schedules and contractual payment terms automated? Is payment against the schedules automated for all types of participating providers?
	[Manual payment processes are more prone to error and reduce processing speed.]

Requested Documentation

The documentation requested previously is summarized in the table below. Please label all attached documentation as described in the table, and when applicable by the item number from the ISCA (e.g., III.B.10). Remember, you are not limited to providing only the documentation listed below; you are encouraged to provide any additional documentation that helps clarify an answer or eliminates the need for a lengthy response.

Requested Document	Details
Previous Medicaid Performance Measure Audit Reports	Please attach final reports from any previous Medicaid performance measure audits in which your MCO/PIHP participated during the past two years
Organizational Chart	Please attach an organizational chart for your MCO/PIHP. The chart should make clear the relationship among key individuals/departments responsible for information management including performance measure reporting
Data Integration Flow Chart	Please provide a flowchart that gives an overview of the structure of your management <i>IS</i> . See the example provided in Section II-D. "Integration and Control of Data for Performance Measure Reporting." Be sure to show how all claims, encounter, membership, provider, and vendor data are integrated for performance measure reporting
Performance Measure Repository File Structure (if applicable)	Provide a complete file structure, file format, and field definitions for the performance measure repository
Program/Query Language for Performance Measure Repository Reporting (if applicable)	Provide full documentation on the software programs or codes used to convert performance measure repository data to performance measures
Continuous Enrollment Source Code	Attach a copy of the source code/computer programs that you use to calculate continuous enrollment for Medicaid enrollees

Medicaid Member Months Source Code	Attach a copy of the source code/computer programs that you use to calculate member months and member years for Medicaid enrollees
Medicaid Claims Edits	List of specific edits performed on claims as they are adjudicated with notation of performance timing (pre- or post-payment) and whether they are manual or automated functions
Statistics on Medicaid claims/encounters and other administrative data	Documentation that explains statistics reported in the ISCA

END OF DOCUMENT