

H-1050 SPEND-DOWN MEDICALLY NEEDY - HOME AND COMMUNITY-BASED SERVICES (HCBS) - SSI-RELATED**H-1051 ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION PROCESS**

Eligibility in SD MNP HCBS cannot be considered prior to establishing income ineligibility for the HCBS program. Refer to [H-900 Home and Community-Based Services \(HCBS\)](#).

Individuals who meet the eligibility requirements for the Community Choices, Adult Day Health Care, Residential Options Waiver, or New Opportunities Waiver Programs, but have countable monthly income that is over the special income limit (SIL), may be eligible for Medicaid healthcare coverage and payment of waiver services under the Spend-down Medically Needy HCBS Program. The applicant/enrollee must incur monthly medical expenses in an amount greater than or equal to their excess income to be eligible for Medicaid.

The Medicaid Program considers the anticipated or projected cost for home and community-based waiver services as an incurred medical expense deduction. The projected waiver rate is based on the average monthly waiver costs associated with the waiver and is used to reduce the excess monthly income. Refer to [Z-2400 Average Projected Rates for MNP By Program](#).

Other allowable incurred medical expenses include Medicare and private health insurance premiums, deductibles, coinsurance or copayment charges, and medical/remedial care expenses incurred by an individual that are not subject to payment by a third party. Verification of the applicant/enrollee's responsibility for payment of the incurred expense is required.

The projected waiver rate must be prorated when the applicant/enrollee was not medically certified for the entire month. (Refer to the effective date recorded on the BHSF 142, Notice of Medical Certification.) When the incurred medical expenses and projected waiver rate are equal to or greater than applicant/enrollee's excess income, income eligibility is established for the budget period. Medicaid eligibility begins the first day of the budget period. Vendor payment eligibility will begin the later of the effective date recorded on the BHSF 142 or the date financial eligibility is established.

When the incurred medical expenses and projected waiver rate are not sufficient to spend-down the applicant/enrollee's excess income to

zero, eligibility is not established for the budget period. Continue the income eligibility process to determine if the applicant/enrollee meets spend-down in the following budget period.

Example:

The applicant is medically approved for the Community Choices Waiver Program on July 15th. The applicant's gross monthly income is \$3,062.00. After deducting the \$20 SSI disregard and the \$92 monthly MNIES, the applicant's excess income is \$2,950.00. The individual's monthly Medicare premium is \$109.00. The prorated projected waiver rate for July 15th to the end of the month is \$2,794.46 (\$5,000.00 average projected monthly rate x 12 months ÷ 365 days = \$164.38 projected daily rate x 17 days = \$2,794.46). The applicant has no other incurred medical expense deductions. After deducting the allowable incurred expenses, the applicant's excess income does not spend-down to zero and is income ineligible for the budget period. **

\$3,062.00	<u>Gross monthly income</u>
- 20.00	<u>SSI standard deduction</u>
\$3,042.00	
- 92.00	<u>Rural monthly MNIES for 1</u>
\$2,950.00	<u>Excess Income to spend-down</u>
\$2,950.00	
- 109.00	<u>Medicare premium</u>
\$2,841.00	
- 2,794.46	<u>Prorated waiver rate</u>
46.54	<u>Remaining Income</u>

The application should be held for the next month to determine if the applicant will spend-down using for a full month of incurred expenses.

Individuals certified under the Spend-down MNP HCBS Program may be eligible for payment of HCBS waiver services (vendor payment). No payment is authorized to the waiver provider if the post eligibility determination results in a patient liability that exceeds the projected waiver rate.

Determine eligibility by applying the following criteria. The elements have been listed in the most logical order, but work on all steps simultaneously.

H-1051.1 Determine Assistance Unit

The assistance unit consists of the applicant/enrollee.

H-1051.2 Establish Categorical Requirements

Verify that the applicant/enrollee is:

- Aged;
- Blind; or
- Disabled.

Refer to [E-0000 Category](#).

H-1051.3 Establish Non-Financial Eligibility

Verify eligibility for the applicant/enrollee with regard to the following factors:

- [Assignment of Third Party Rights](#) I-200
- [Citizenship/Alien Status](#) I-300
- [Continuity of Stay](#) I-400
- [Enumeration](#) I-600
- [Medical Certification](#) I-1000
- [Residence](#) I-1900

H-1051.4 Establish Need

Verify that the applicant/enrollee plans to receive HCBS services.

A. Determine Composition of the Resource Unit

The resource unit consists of:

- The applicant/enrollee;
- The applicant/enrollee and the community spouse; or
- For the month of admission only (the month of eligibility listed on the BHSF Form 142), the

applicant/enrollee who is a minor and the parent(s) with whom he lived during the month. Refer to [I-1420 Need - Deeming](#). After the first month of eligibility, the resource unit consists of the applicant/enrollee.

Exception:

Do not deem resources from parents to a child who has been discharged from a facility to his home to receive HCBS.

B. Determine Countable Resources

Determine eligibility with regard to resources:

- Determine total countable resources of the applicant/enrollee. Refer to [I-1630 SSI-Related Resources](#).

If the applicant/enrollee has a community spouse, refer to [I-1660 Spousal Impoverishment Resource Provisions](#).

Resources transferred for less than FMV within the 60 month look back-period, or equity interest in home property that exceeds the allowable home equity limit, make the applicant/enrollee ** ineligible for the waiver program. The applicant will remain ineligible for waiver as long as the transfer is within the 60 month look-back period. Eligibility should be considered in other non-waiver programs. Refer to I-1670 Transfer for Less than FMV.

- Compare total countable resources to the LTC resource limit for an individual **. Refer to [Z-900 Resource Limits by Program](#).

If resources are equal to or less than the individual resource limit, the applicant/enrollee is resource eligible for HCBS. Continue the determination of need.

If resources are greater than the individual resource limit, the applicant/enrollee is resource ineligible for HCBS.

C. Determine Composition of the Income Unit

The income unit consists of:

- The applicant/enrollee; or
- The applicant/enrollee who is a minor child and the parent(s) with whom the child lived for the month of admission (the month of eligibility listed on the BHSF Form 142) only. Refer to [I-1420 Need - Deeming](#). After the first month of eligibility, the income unit consists of the HCBS participant.

Note:

Never consider the income of the community spouse/legal dependent(s) at home in determining eligibility for an institutionalized/HCBS individual. Refer to [I-1537, Spousal Income Provisions](#).

D. Determine Countable Income

Determine the total countable monthly income of the applicant/enrollee including any parental deemed income.

The applicant's countable income, after allowable deductions, must be equal to or less than the MNIES or equal to or less than the excess income.

Budget Steps

- Step 1.** Determine gross unearned income for the individual excluding VA Aid and attendance.
- Step 2.** Subtract \$20 SSI standard deduction
- Step 3.** Remainder is countable unearned income.
- Step 4.** Determine gross earned income for the individual. Subtract any remainder of the \$20 SSI standard deduction from gross earnings.
- Step 5.** Subtract \$65 and one half of the remainder of the earnings.
- Step 6.** Remainder is countable earned income.

- Step 7.** Add the remaining countable unearned and earned income from in Step 3 and Step 6.
- Step 8.** Subtract the monthly MNIES for one (1)
- Step 9.** If the income remaining is greater than \$0.00, deduct allowable incurred medical expenses. Determine allowable incurred medical expenses. Refer to [H-1011.5 Medical Expenses Allowed in the Spend-down Process](#) and [H-1011.6 Medical Expenses Not Allowed in the Spend-down Process](#).
- Step 10.** Subtract allowable incurred medical expenses.

Note:

Only unpaid medical bills for services incurred within three (3) months prior to the application month may be used in the spend-down process. Refer to [H-1011.5, Bills Allowed in the Spend-down Process](#).

- Step 11.** Subtract the projected waiver rate. [Refer to Z-2400](#).

Note:

The projected waiver rate must be prorated when the applicant/enrollee was not medically certified for the entire month.

Example:

The applicant is medically certified for the Community Choices Waiver Program on April 15th. The applicant's gross monthly income is \$2,830.00. After subtracting the \$20 standard deduction and \$92 monthly MNIES from the gross monthly income, the applicant's excess income is \$2,718.00. The applicant's Medicare premium is \$109.00. The prorated projected waiver rate from April 15th to the end of the month is \$2,630.08 (\$5,000 average projected monthly rate x 12 months ÷ 365 days = \$164.38 projected daily rate x 16 days). The applicant has no other incurred medical expenses deductions. The allowable incurred medical expenses are sufficient to meet

spend-down.

\$ 2,830.00	Gross monthly income
<u>- 20.00</u>	SSI standard deduction
\$ 2,810.00	
<u>- 92.00</u>	Rural monthly MNIES for 1
\$ 2,718.00	Excess Income to spend-down
\$ 2,718.00	
<u>- 109.00</u>	Medicare premium
\$ 2,609.00	
<u>- 2,630.08</u>	Prorated waiver rate
0.00	

Step 12. If the remaining income is greater than \$0.00, spend-down is not met and the applicant is income ineligible.

If the projected waiver rate is prorated for the budget month, review eligibility for the following month using the monthly projected waiver rate. If the remaining income is greater than \$0.00, spend-down is not met and the applicant is income ineligible. Review the applicant for all other Medicaid programs.

H-1051.5 Determine the Patient Liability (PLI)

Patient liability (PLI) is the amount an individual is required to pay each month towards their cost of care. After the applicant has been determined eligible for Medicaid, determine the monthly PLI.

Determine total countable monthly income. Refer to [I-1530 Need - SSI-Related Income](#)

- Step 1.** Determine gross unearned income, including Aid and Attendance.
- Step 2.** Determine the gross earned income. Subtract \$65 and one half of the remainder from the gross earned income.
- Step 3.** Add the total unearned income and earned income.
- Step 4.** Deduct the basic needs allowance. The basic allowance

is equal to the SIL. Refer to Chart [Z-700 LTC/HCBS SIL Rate, Resource Limits and Personal Care Needs Allowance](#).

- Step 5.** Deduct medical insurance premiums and any allowable incurred medical expenses. (Do not deduct projected waiver rate.) Refer to [I-1536, Need-SSI Related Income](#) deductions.
- Step 6.** Deduct protected allowable income for the community spouse and for dependents living in the home. Refer to [I-1536, Need-SSI Related Income](#) deductions.
- Step 7.** The remainder is the patient liability the applicant/enrollee is responsible for paying towards their cost of waiver services.

The monthly patient liability will be paid directly to the waiver services provider by the applicant/enrollee or responsible party and shall be used to reduce the Medicaid payment to the provider. The waiver services provider will be responsible for collecting the patient liability.

Note:

No PLI is required in those months in which no waiver program services were received. The service provider may not collect more than the actual amount of the service provided during the month.

The agency is responsible for informing the applicant/enrollee of the monthly patient liability requirement for participation in the waiver before Medicaid is approved. The applicant/enrollee must agree to pay the required PLI amount prior to certification.

If the applicant/enrollee agrees to pay the required PLI amount, the certification is completed.

If the applicant/enrollee does not agree to pay the patient liability amount, the application for HCBS will be rejected. Eligibility must be considered in all other non-waiver Medicaid programs.

H-1051.6 Certification Period

Certification for Spend-down MNP HCBS may not exceed twelve (12) months.

Note:

Although the instructions allow a twelve (12) month certification period, a review of the budget must be completed at six (6) month intervals to determine if the client remains eligible. Electronic case record (ECR) entries will document the case review.

Six (6) month review: Actual projected waiver expenses must be verified prior to establishing a new spend-down period. The projected waiver expenses must be reconciled with actual incurred expenses. The waiver expenses can be reconciled using Medicaid Management Information System (MMIS) files reflecting the amount billed by the provider(s).

A renewal must be completed on this type case.

H-1051.7 Notice of Decision

Send the appropriate Notice of Decision to the applicant/enrollee.