CONGENITAL HYPOTHYROIDISM: The Pediatrician's Role



Newborns with abnormal Congenital Hypothyroidism results require additional testing *as soon as possible*. Early detection and treatment with a thyroid hormone medication can prevent intellectual and developmental delays.

Congenital Hypothyroidism can occur when newborns are unable to produce the amount of thyroid hormone necessary for the baby's healthy growth and development. Newborn screening is the only way to detect this disease early.

CLINICAL MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES

If newborn screening shows that an infant has low T4 and/or elevated TSH, follow the steps below to ensure that the child receives care in a timely manner. The earlier infants receive treatment, the better the long term outcome.

Newborn screening produces low T4 and/or elevated TSH result See the Infant **Send Results Contact the Family Order Tests** Share screening results Examine & evaluate the • Immediately order a Fax FT4 and TSH result with the family infant for: serum FT4 and TSH to the Genetic Diseases Schedule child to be Jaundice program (whether seen for additional labs Hypoactivity positive or negative) · Poor feeding Fax: (504) 568-8253 **Abnormal Result Normal Result** If serum FT4 and/or TSH are abnormal, contact a pediatric If serum FT4 and TSH are endocrinologist immediately. normal, no further testing A list of pediatric endocrinologists is provided on the next page is needed. Within 1 Week Refer family to a pediatric endocrinologist Treatment should begin as soon as the abnormal results are Within 2 Weeks confirmed. Coordinate and work closely with the pediatric endocrinologist for



Continuous

If you have any questions or concerns about newborn screening or your next steps, call the Genetic Diseases program at 504-568-8254 or visit <u>Idh.la.gov/genetics</u>.





evaluation, treatment & care.

LOUISIANA PEDIATRIC ENDOCRINOLOGISTS

If an infant in your practice is diagnosed with Congenital Hypothyroidism (indicated by an abnormal serum FT4 and/or TSH result), contact a pediatric endocrinologist immediately. Early detection and treatment of congenital hypothyroidism results in normal intelligence and normal growth. Families should be referred to a pediatric endocrinologist within one week of abnormal test results. Below is a list of some of the hospitals that specialize in pediatric endocrinology across the state.

Region	Hospitals	
Greater New Orleans Area: Jefferson, Orleans, Plaquemines, St. Bernard	Children's Hospital (CHNOLA) LSUHSC School of Medicine New Orleans: (504) 894-5381 Fax: (504) 894-5139	Ochsner Health Center New Orleans: (504) 842-3900
Greater Baton Rouge Area: Ascension, E. Baton Rouge, E. Feliciana, Iberville, Pointe Coupee, W. Baton Rouge, W. Feliciana	Children's Hospital Endocrinology Clinic Baton Rouge Baton Rouge: (504) 894-5381	Our Lady of the Lake Pediatric Endocrinology Baton Rouge: (225)765-5500 Fax: (225) 374-1684
South Central Area Assumption, Lafourche, St. Charles, St. James, St. John the Baptist, St. Mary, Terrebonne	Ochsner Health Center for Children, Houma Houma: (504) 842-3900	
Acadiana/Southwest Area: Acadia, Evangeline, Iberia, Lafayette, St. Landry, St. Martin, Vermillion	Women's and Children's Hospital Kids' Specialty Center Lafayette: (337) 371-3101	
Northwest/Northeast/Shreveport Area: Bienville, Bossier, Caddo, Claiborne, DeSoto, Natchitoches, Red River, Sabine, Webster	LSUHSC School of Medicine Pediatric Endocrinology Shreveport: (318) 675-6070 Fax: (318) 675-6145	
Northshore Area: Livingston, St Helena, St. Tammany, Tangipahoa, Washington	Children's International Group Slidell: (985) 288-1800 Lacombe: (985) 882-7077	Ochsner Health Center for Children, Covington Covington: (985) 809-5800
	Ochsner Health Center for Children, Slidell Slidell: (504) 842-3900	Children's Hospital Endocrinology Clinic Northshore Northshore: (504) 894-5381

For further guidance, call the Genetic Diseases program at 504-568-8254



The Genetic Diseases Program operates a mandated newborn heel stick screening and follow-up program to test all children born in Louisiana for genetic or metabolic disorders recommended by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Advisory Committee on Heritable Disorders in Newborns and Children.



