# STI/HIV/Hepatitis B & C Update 2021





#### STD/HIV/Hepatitis Program Regional Profile, 2021 Update

<u>Data Inclusion:</u> Each profile contains new diagnoses of HIV, primary & secondary syphilis, chlamydia, gonorrhea, congenital syphilis, acute hepatitis B, chronic hepatitis B, acute hepatitis C, and chronic hepatitis C in Louisiana, 2021. Profiles are available for the state of Louisiana and all nine Public Health Regions. Data are reported as counts, proportions, and rates as defined below.

<u>Data Sources:</u> All data were collected and managed by the Louisiana Department of Health (LDH), Office of Public Health (OPH), STD/HIV/Hepatitis Program (SHHP) and closed in July 2022 for use in these profiles. At the time of this report, 2020 Census data were used to calculate rates.

#### STD/HIV/Hepatitis Program (SHHP) Mission and Vision:

#### **SHHP MISSION**

Our mission is to end the impacts of HIV, STI, and hepatitis by eliminating related health inequities and stigma for all communities in Louisiana.

#### **SHHP VISION**

Louisiana is a place where new HIV, STI and hepatitis diagnoses are rare, all people have high-quality health care and treatment, are free from discrimination, and can achieve their full potential for health and well-being across their lifespan.

#### **Data Definitions:**

<u>Counts:</u> Counts, also called frequencies, are the total number of events that occur in a defined period of time. The total number of diagnoses of gonorrhea reported in Louisiana during 2021 would be an example of a count or frequency, e.g. in 2021, 16,390 diagnoses of gonorrhea were reported in Louisiana.

<u>Proportions</u>: For many indicators, the proportion or percent of demographic groups is presented. This is calculated using the count of a subpopulation divided by the total case count. The proportion of gonorrhea diagnoses among males in 2021 is calculated by taking the count of gonorrhea diagnoses among males and dividing by the total count of gonorrhea diagnoses, and multiplying by 100. e.g. in 2021, 52% of gonorrhea diagnoses in Louisiana were among males.

Rates: Rates are the number of events that occur in a defined period of time, divided by the average population at risk of that event. In order to estimate the rate of gonorrhea in Louisiana during 2021, divide the count of gonorrhea diagnoses in 2021 by Louisiana's population (16,390 gonorrhea diagnoses divided by Louisiana's population of 4,664,616= 0.003514). To make this value more interpretable, it is then multiplied by 100,000. The final rate is reported as 351.4 per 100,000 population. In other words, for every 100,000 people living in Louisiana, 351 were newly diagnosed with gonorrhea in 2021.

<u>Data Disclaimers</u>: Data for 2021 should be interpreted with caution due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on access to testing, treatment and care services across the state. In addition, data are subject to change. The data within these profiles represents 2021 data as of frozen data files from July 2022.

For more information, visit the Louisiana Health Hub website at https://louisianahealthhub.org/.

#### Region 3: Houma

#### **Population Overview**

Region 3 has a population of 398,586 residents and is comprised of seven parishes (Assumption, Lafourche, St. Charles, St. James, St. John the Baptist, St. Mary, and Terrebonne). The population of the seven parishes in the Region range from a low of 21,142 in St. James Parish to a high of 111,297 in Terrebonne Parish. According to the 2020 census, 81.9% of Region 3 residents live in urban parishes.

#### **Demographics**

In Region 3, 62.8% of residents are non-Hispanic White and 26.7% non-Hispanic Black. Persons of Hispanic or Latinx origin make up an additional 5.2% of the Region 3 population.<sup>1</sup>

#### Age and Sex

According to 2020 census data, 24.1% of the population in Region 3 is under 18 years-old, and 15.2% of the population is 65 or older. Youth, 15-24 years-old, make up 12.4% of the population. By sex at birth, females comprise 51.0% of the Region's population, and males comprise 49.0%.

#### **Education and Socioeconomic Status**

Among Region 3 residents over 25 years-old, 82.4% have attained a high school degree or higher and 17.0% of adults have a bachelor's degree or higher.<sup>3</sup> The median household income in Region 3 is \$59,295 as compared to the state median household income of \$50,800.<sup>3</sup> In Region 3, 16.9% of residents live below the poverty level as compared to 18.6% statewide.<sup>3</sup>

#### **Health Indicators**

In Region 3, 43.2% of adults are obese and 17.0% have been diagnosed with diabetes.<sup>3</sup> An estimated 26.0% of adults in Region 3 have ever been told by a health care professional they had depression or a depressive disorder as compared to 23.0% statewide.<sup>3</sup> The Region 3 teen birth rate is 25.2 births per 1,000 females 15-19 years-old. Non-Hispanic Black women experience teen birth at 1.7 times the rate of non-Hispanic White women, 32.6 births per 1,000 females 15-19 years-old and 18.9 births per 1,000 females 15-19 years-old, respectively.<sup>7</sup> Prenatal care was accessed during the 1<sup>st</sup> trimester in 70.8% of births. Non-Hispanic White women were more likely to enter prenatal care during the 1<sup>st</sup> trimester than non-Hispanic Black women (76.0% and 67.3%, respectively).<sup>7</sup> The infant mortality rate among non-Hispanic White infants, 11.3 deaths per 1,000 live births and 5.3 deaths per 1,000 live births, repsectively.<sup>7</sup>

#### **Insurance Coverage**

In 2021, the composition of health insurance coverage among adults in Region 3 was 46.9% employer-sponsored, 31.7% Medicaid, and 11.2% Medicare. It is estimated 10.6% of adults and 3.2% of children in Region 3 are uninsured.  $^{10}$ 



# **HIV Annual Summary - 2021**

Region 3 - Houma

New HIV Diagnoses 47

Louisiana Diagnoses: 934

HIV Diagnosis Rate
11.8
per 100,000 population

Louisiana Rate: 20.0 per 100,000

HIV Diagnosis Rate
Regional Ranking
8th
among Louisiana's nine public
health regions

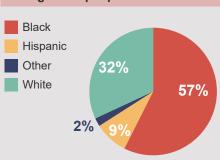
#### Of the 47 new HIV diagnoses in 2021:

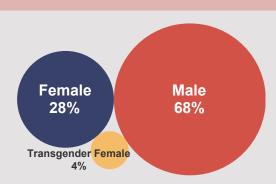
Over half of diagnoses (57%) were among Black people.

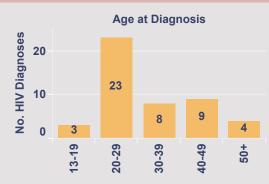
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Males comprised 68% of diagnoses.

The majority (55%) of new diagnoses were among people under 30 years-old.

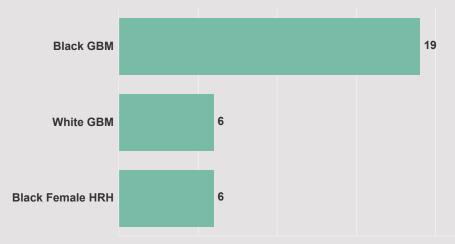






#### Affected subpopulations

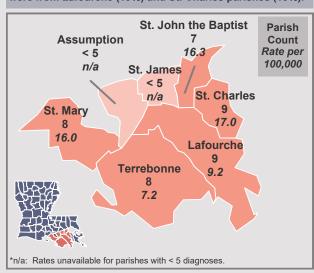
People of color and gay & bisexual men (GBM) are more impacted by HIV than other groups. In Region 3, 40% of diagnoses in 2021 were among Black GBM.



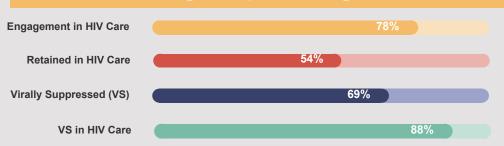
GBM = Gay & bisexual men; HRH = High risk heterosexual; PWID = People who inject drugs

## Geographic distribution

In 2021, over one third of new HIV diagnoses in Region 3 were from Lafourche (19%) and St. Charles parishes (19%).



## HIV Care among People Living with HIV in Region 3 in 2021:



Engagement in care: at least one CD4 or viral load (VL) lab in 2021

Retention in care: two or more CD4 tests or VLs at least 90 days apart in 2021

Viral suppression or an 'undetectable' viral load: VL result < 200 copies per milliliter in 2021

Among persons engaged in HIV care, those who are virally suppressed in 2021

Interpreting the Data: It is recommended that 2021 data be interpreted with caution due to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic.



# Primary and Secondary (P&S) Syphilis

**Annual Summary - 2021** Region 3 - Houma

New P&S Syphilis Diagnoses 35

Louisiana Diagnoses: 995

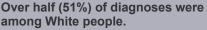
Syphilis Diagnosis Rate per 100,000 population

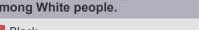
Louisiana Rate: 21.3 per 100,000

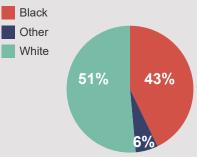
Syphilis Diagnosis Rate Regional Ranking 9th

among Louisiana's nine public health regions

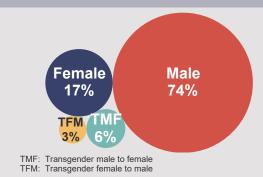
## Of the 35 P&S syphilis diagnoses in 2021:



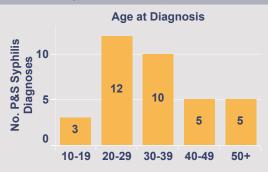




Males comprised 74% of diagnoses.

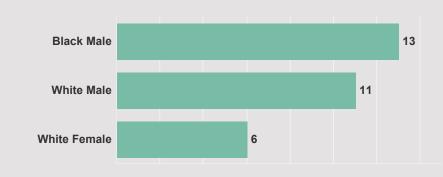


The age group with the most diagnoses was 20-29 year-olds (34%).



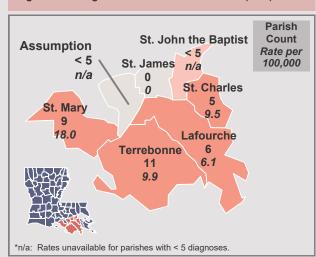
## **Affected subpopulations**

People of color and males are more impacted by P&S syphilis than other groups. In 2021, Black males comprised 37% of P&S syphilis diagnoses in Region 3.

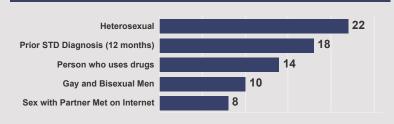


## Geographic distribution

In 2021, the parish with the highest number of P&S syphilis diagnoses in Region 3 was Terrebonne Parish (31%).



## **Behavioral Factors**



## **Syphilis Treatment Guidelines**

STAGE OF SYPHILIS	REGIMEN	DOSE/ROUTE
Primary, Secondary, or Early Non-Primary Non-Secondary (<12 months)	Benzathine Pencillin G*	2.4 million units IM in a single dose
Late or Unknown Duration Syphilis (>12 months)	Benzathine Penicillin G*	7.2 million units IM administered as 3 doses of 2.4 million units IM each, at 1-week intervals

\*Benzathine Penicllin G is the only CDC approved treatment for pregnant women



# Congenital Syphilis (CS)

Annual Summary - 2021 Region 3 - Houma

Pregnant Mothers
Diagnosed with Syphilis

13

Congenital Syphilis Cases

6

Case count reflects the total number of individual infants

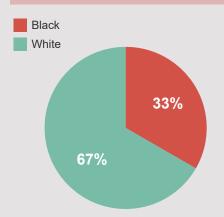
Infant Deaths Linked to Congenital Syphilis

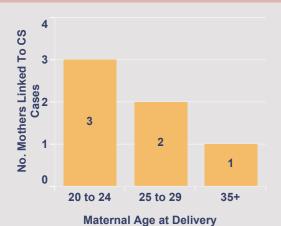
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#### Of the 6 pregnant mothers linked to a 2021 CS case:

Two-thirds of mothers were White women.

50% of mothers were between 20 to 24 years of age at delivery.





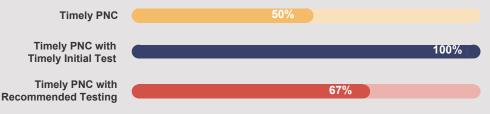
#### 1 in 772

live births were born with CS in 2021

2021 Regional Ranking **8th** 

Highest case count among Louisiana's nine public health regions

#### Among pregnant mothers linked to a 2021 CS case:



Those who received prenatal care (PNC) at least 60 days before delivery

Those who received timely PNC and were initially tested for syphilis at least 45 days before delivery

Those who received timely PNC, a timely initial test, and were re-tested for syphilis at least 45 days before delivery

#### **Syphilis Guidelines for Pregnant Mothers**

A case of congenital syphilis occurs when a mother living with inadequately treated syphilis passes the infection on to her infant in utero or during delivery.

Congenital syphilis is completely preventable through early detection of maternal syphilis and treatment that begins at least 30 days before delivery. Current treatment guidelines are as follows:

Primary, Secondary, or Early Non-Primary Non-Secondary Syphilis 2.4 M units benzathine penicillin (1 dose)

#### **Unknown/Late Latent Syphilis**

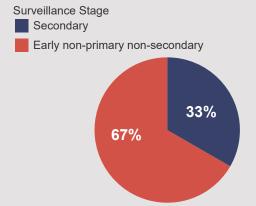
7.2 M units benzathine penicillin (3 doses, 7 days apart)

#### **Louisiana Testing Law**

Act 459 was passed in Louisiana in 2014. This requires "opt-out" syphilis and HIV testing for all women at the first prenatal visit, the 1st prenatal visit in the 3rd trimester, and at delivery (if testing/status is not noted in medical charts).

#### **Maternal Stage of Syphilis**

Over two thirds (67%) of mothers were diagnosed with early non-primary non-secondary syphilis.



Interpretating the Data: It is recommended that 2021 data be interpreted with caution due to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic.



# Gonorrhea Annual Summary - 2021

Region 3 - Houma

New Gonorrhea Diagnoses 1,149

Louisiana Diagnoses: 16,390

Gonorrhea Diagnosis Rate **288.3** per 100.000 population

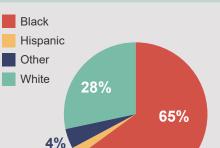
Louisiana Rate: 351.4 per 100,000

Gonorrhea Diagnosis Rate Regional Ranking **7th** among Louisiana's nine publ

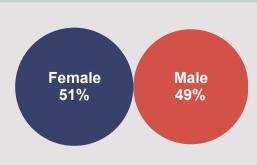
among Louisiana's nine public health regions

## Of the 1,149 gonorrhea diagnoses in 2021:

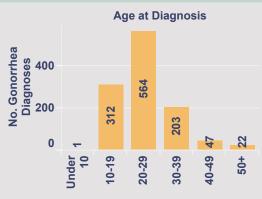
The majority (65%) of diagnoses were among Black people.



By sex at birth, females comprised 51% of diagnoses.

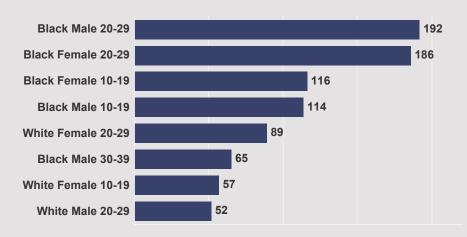


Almost half (49%) of diagnoses were among people 20-29 years-old.



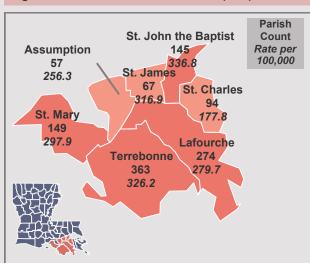
## Affected subpopulations

Young people of color are more impacted by gonorrhea than other groups. In Region 3, young Black people 10-29 years-old comprised 53% of gonorrhea diagnoses in 2021.



## Geographic distribution

In 2021, the majority of gonorrhea diagnoses in Region 3 were from Terrebonne Parish (32%).



## Gonorrhea Screening and Treatment Guidelines

#### Screening Recommendations:

All sexually active women and pregnant women, under 25 years of age, and sexually active women and pregnant women, 25 years of age and older, if at increased risk.

At least annually for sexually active gay and bisexual men (GBM).

#### **Treatment:**

Most cases can be treated with a single 500mg injection of ceftriaxone.

- Help minimize the threat of drug-resistant gonorrhea
- Test-of-cure for throat infections only
- Retest patients 3 months after treatment
- Treat partners

New Chlamydia Diagnoses 2,473

Louisiana Diagnoses: 33,759

Chlamydia Diagnosis Rate **620.4** per 100,000 population

Louisiana Rate: 723.7 per 100,000

Chalmydia Diagnosis Rate Regional Ranking **7th** 

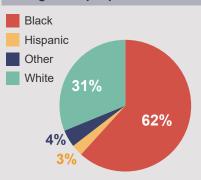
among Louisiana's nine public health regions

## Of the 2,473 chlamydia diagnoses in 2021:

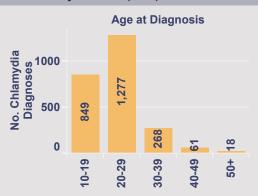
The majority (62%) of diagnoses were among Black people.

By sex at birth, females comprised 72% of diagnoses.

The age group with the most diagnoses was 20-29 year-olds (52%).

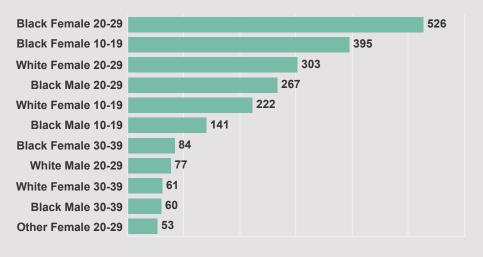






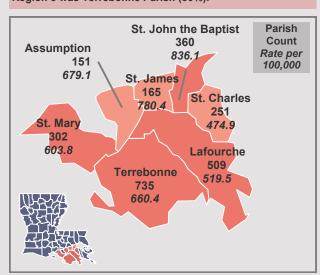
#### Affected subpopulations

People of color and young females are more impacted by chlamydia than other groups. In Region 3, 37% of chlamydia diagnoses were among Black females 10-29 years-old.



## Geographic distribution

In 2021, the parish with the most chlamydia diagnoses in Region 3 was Terrebonne Parish (30%).



#### **Chlamydia Screening and Treatment Guidelines**

#### **Screening Recommendations:**

All sexually active women and pregnant women, under 25 years of age, and sexually active women and pregnant women, 25 years of age and older, if at increased risk.

At least annually for sexually active gay and bisexual men (GBM).

#### Treatment:

Adults and adolescents:

Recommended: Doxycycline 100 mg orally 2x/day for 7 days

Alternatives: Azythromycin 1 gm orally in a single dose OR Levofloxian 500 mg orally 1x/day for 7 days

Pregnancy:

Recommended: Azithromycin 1 gm orally in a single dose Alternatives: Amoxicillin 500 mg orally 3x/day for 7 days



# Acute Hepatitis B Annual Summary - 2021

Region 3 - Houma

Acute HBV Diagnoses

2

Louisiana Diagnoses: 36

Acute HBV Dignosis Rate

\* n/a

per 100,000 population

Louisiana Rate: 0.8 per 100,000

A safe and effective vaccine is available to prevent hepatitis B.

Due to low counts, regional profiles of acute hepatitis B do not contain demographic and geographic breakdowns. \*n/a: Rates are unavailable for regions with <5 diagnoses.

#### What is hepatitis B?

Hepatitis B is a vaccine-preventable liver infection caused by the hepatitis B virus (HBV). New infections cause a short term illness, referred to as an acute infection. Some people are able to clear HBV on their own and will no longer have HBV in their body, while others will progress to a long-term chronic illness.

#### How is hepatitis B spread and prevented?

HBV is most commonly spread through injection drug use and sexual contact. HBV can also be spread during childbirth if appropriate prophylaxis isn't administered. A safe and effective vaccine is available to prevent hepatitis B. Anyone at risk should get vaccinated.

#### Who is at risk for hepatitis B?

People at greater risk include infants born to mothers with hepatitis B, people who inject drugs or share needles, syringes, and other types of drug equipment, sex partners of people with hepatitis B, gay, bisexual and other men who have sex with men, people who live with someone who has hepatitis B, healthcare and public safety workers exposed to blood on the job, and people on dialysis.

#### How common is hepatitis B?

CDC estimates that around 12,600 people acquire acute HBV each year in the United States. People with acute hepatitis B may not experience symptoms or may experience very mild symptoms. Consequently, not everyone with acute hepatitis B may seek medical care. Research estimates only 1 out of 7 people with acute hepatitis B are identified and reported to public health. It is likely that the burden of disease from acute hepatitis B is much greater than reported, and the number of cases that are reported to and confirmed by public health are only a small proportion of the true burden of disease.

Visit <u>louisianahealthhub.org</u> for more information.



# Chronic Hepatitis B Annual Summary - 2021

Region 3 - Houma

Chronic HBV Diagnoses

92

Louisiana Diagnoses: 1,161

Chronic HBV Diagnosis Rate

23.4

per 100,000 population

Louisiana Rate: 25.0 per 100,000

ranked **6th** in number of diagnoses and **6th** in diagnoses per 100,000 population among Louisiana's nine public health regions

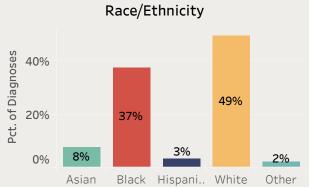
## Of the 92 new chronic HBV diagnoses in 2021:

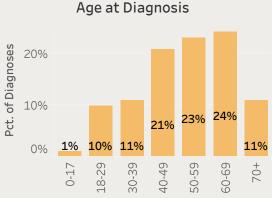
52% of diagnoses were male.

49% of diagnoses were among White people and 37% of diagnoses were among Black people.

The majority of diagnoses were among people 50-69 years old.

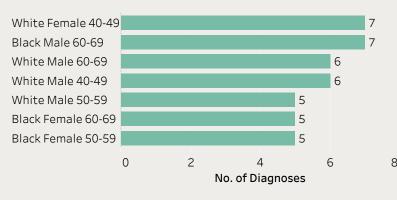






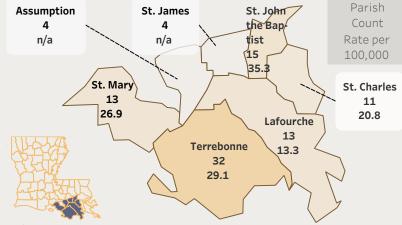
## **Affected Subpopulations**

White females 40-49 years old, Black males 60-69, White males 60-69 and White males 40-49 had the highest number of chronic HBV diagnoses.



## Geographic distribution

Terrebonne Parish had the highest number of HBV diagnoses, while St. John the Baptist Parish had the highest rate per 100,000 population.



\*n/a: Rates unavailable for parishes with <5 diagnoses.

#### **Prevention and Treatment**

A safe and effective vaccine is available to prevent hepatitis B. The most common ways that hepatitis B is spread is by injection drug use and sexual contact. HBV can also be spread during childbirth if appropriate prophylaxsis isn't given. Some people may clear HBV on their own, while others will progress to a long-term chronic illness. For those who progress to a chronic illness, treatment is available to prevent liver damage, but it is not curative.



# Acute Hepatitis C Annual Summary - 2021

Region 3 - Houma

Acute HCV Diagnoses

22

Louisiana Diagnoses: 302

Acute HCV Diagnosis Rate

5.6

per 100,000 population

Louisiana Rate: 6.5 per 100,000

Ranked **5th** in number of diagnoses and **5th** in diagnoses per 100,000 people among Louisiana's nine public health regions

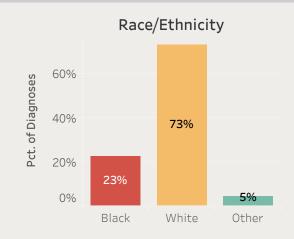
## Of the 22 acute HCV diagnoses in 2021:

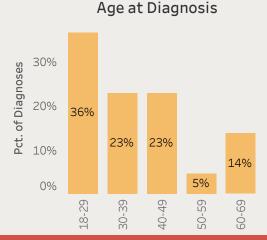
59% of diagnoses were male.

The majority of diagnoses were among White people.

The age group with the highest number of diagnoses was 18-29 year olds.

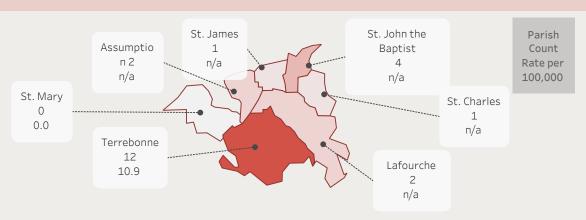






#### **Geographic Distribution**

Terrebonne Parish had the highest number of new diagnoses followed by St. John the Baptist Parish.



\*n/a: Rates unavailable for parishes with < 5 diagno..

#### Hepatitis C: A Disease We Can Cure

The Louisiana Department of Health is committed to creating a "Hep C Free Louisiana" where hepatitis C is no longer a threat to public health, the quality of life for our citizens is improved, and health inequities related to hepatitis C are eliminated. Getting tested is the first step in eliminating HCV. CDC recommends universal testing of **ALL** adults for hepatitis C at least once in their lifetime. Visit louisianahealthhub.org to find out where to get ...



# Chronic Hepatitis C Annual Summary - 2021

Region 3 - Houma

Chronic HCV Diagnoses

295

Louisiana Diagnoses: 4,732

Chronic HCV Diagnosis Rate

**74.9** per 100,000 population

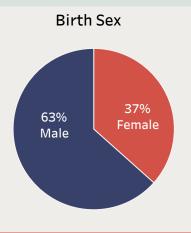
-------Louisiana Rate: 101.9 per 100,000 Ranked **7th** in number of diagnoses and **8th** in diagnoses per 100,000 population among Louisiana's nine public health regions

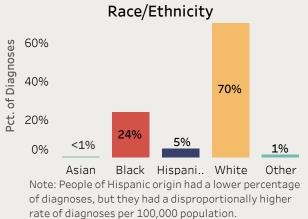
## Of the 295 new chronic HCV diagnoses in 2021:

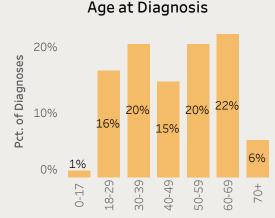
Males comprised 63% of diagnoses.

The majority of diagnoses were among White people.

People 60-69 years old had the highest proportion of diagnoses.

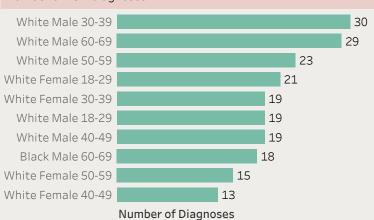






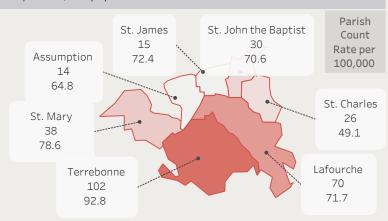
## **Affected Subpopulations**

White males 30 to 39 years old and 60 to 69 years old, had the highest number of new diagnoses.



## **Geographic Distribution**

Terrebonne Parish had the highest number of diagnoses and highest rate per 100,000 population.



#### **Hepatitis C Testing and Treatment:**

Confirmatory Test Performed

had complete diagnostic testing performed

Cured/ Cleared

33%

HCV antibody testing with reflex to HCV RNA should be utilized to ensure complete diagnostic testing. Doing so, reduces the number of required healthcare visits and streamlines treatment.

A safe and effective treatment is available to cure hepatitis C. Treatment for hepatitis C is available at no cost for everyone enrolled in Medicaid and people who are incarcerated in Louisiana. Visit <a href="Louisianahealthhub.org">Louisianahealthhub.org</a> to find out more.

with confirmed HCV are now negative and have cleared the virus

Interpretating the Data: It is recommended that 2021 data be interpreted with caution due to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### References

- 1. U.S. Census Bureau, 2020 Population Estimates.
- Adolescents and STDs. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. https://www.cdc.gov/std/life-stages-populations/stdfact-teens.htm. Published April 12, 2022. Accessed 2022.
- 3. Louisiana Department of Health. Louisiana State Health Assessment. MySidewalk. https://dashboards.mysidewalk.com/louisiana-state-health-assessment/demographics. Published 2021. Accessed July 2022.
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