



Louisiana Department of Health Office of Public Health

CONFIDENTIAL REPORTING WORKSHEET Pt. Name:___ _____MRN:_____ SS#: Tel: (Address: Parish:_____ City: State: Sex (at birth): Date of Birth: **Country of Birth:** ☐ USA Date of death: State of death: Other:____ _____/____ ☐ Male ☐ Female Gender (as applicable): Race (check all that apply): **Hispanic Ethnicity:** ☐ Male to female transgender ☐ American Indian/Alaskan ☐ Native Hawaiian ☐ White ☐ Y ☐ N ☐ Unknown ☐ Female to male transgender Asian ☐ Unknown ☐ Black/African American Ordering Site Patient History / Risk Factors (please complete all lines) **Collection Date Diagnostic Tests** (if other than (mm/dd/yyyy) reporting facility) Yes No Unk **Preliminary** (report positives): ☐ Sex with male □ IA 1 □ IA 1/2 Check if rapid □ ☐ Sex with female ☐ Ag/Ab Combo (4th Gen, lab-based) ☐ Injected nonprescription drugs ō ☐ Determine (rapid) Aq+ Ab+ ☐ **Heterosexual** relations with (check all that apply): Supplemental/Differentiating (report all): ☐ Injecting Drug User Western Blot Pos___Neg_ ☐ Bisexual Male (for female pts) ☐ Multispot 1+ 2+ Neg ☐ Person with hemophilia/coagulation disorder ☐ Check if result ☐ Geenius 1+___2+___Neg Indeterminate ☐ Transfusion/transplant recipient ☐ Person with known HIV infection ☐ Viral detection - Qual DNA or RNA / Rec'd clotting factor for hemophilia/coag. disorder PCR (NAT): Pos/Detc Neg Rec'd transfusion of other blood/blood components ☐ Other (specify): Dates (mo/yr): Earliest_____Latest ____ If labs not available, date reporting Rec'd tissue/organ transplant or artificial insemination facility documented pt's diagnosis: Blood/body fluid exposure in a healthcare or clinical lab **Clinical Status Tests** setting (mo/yr):____/__(Include details on reverse) ☐ Viral load – Quantitative RNA Date of first diagnosis Copies/ml: State of last residence ☐ CD4 T-lymphocytes: Treatment History / / Count Percent: Has patient ever taken antiretroviral medications (ARVs)? ☐ Yes (treatment) ☐ Yes (prevention-PrEP/PEP) ☐ No ☐ Unknown Opportunistic Infections (OIs) - see list on reverse. Please document type Date of earliest ARV use: ____/___/ and date of diagnosis in Comments section. Test type (if known) Most recent negative test: Date ARVs last used: / / Ongoing per lab report per patient Please list known ARV medications: Insurance provider: For Females: Is patient currently pregnant? Yes No Unk If yes, estimated date of delivery: / / ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unk If yes, date of most recent delivery:____/__/ Has the patient delivered a live-born infant? Delivery hospital (most recent live-born infant): City/State: Has the patient been notified of his/her HIV test results? ☐ YES ☐ NO Patient Notification: ☐ I give Office of Public Health staff permission to conduct partner services for this patient. Partner Services: ☐ I will conduct partner notification for this patient. (see reverse for info) ☐ I have discussed partner notification with this patient and s/he will notify partners. Leticia Collins Field Epi Region 4,5,6 Reporting Facility: Date: Phone 504 397-2343 Address: _____City:____ ___State:____Zip: ____ Surveillance fax for HIV reports only Reporting Physician: Phone: 504 568-2453 Person Completing Form: Email SHHPEPI@la.gov Phone:

To Our Providers:

This worksheet was developed to assist with timely reporting of HIV cases by the diagnosing and/or managing physician, by collecting the most critical information requested on the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)'s Adult Case Report Form. In some cases, staff of the STD/HIV Program (SHP), under the Dept of Health and Hospitals Office of Public Health, may need to contact the provider for additional information not included on this worksheet. If a provider prefers to complete the CDC Adult Case Report Form him- or herself, copies may be obtained from the SHP contact listed at the bottom of the form. Case reports may also be made by phone to the SHP contact, or SHP staff can complete the required forms on site via a chart review. *Please include as much information as is available; partial or approximate dates are acceptable for historical information*.

Reporting Requirements: Louisiana's Public Health Sanitary Code (Title 51, Part II, Chapter 1) requires that any physician practicing medicine in the State of Louisiana who attends, examines, or prescribes to a person with HIV infection must report the case by the end of the work week after the existence of a case, suspected case, or a positive laboratory result is known (Class C). HIV infection in pregnancy and perinatal HIV exposure are reportable within one business day (Class B). Other health care providers, laboratories, and other entities have similar reporting requirements.

HIPAA Guidelines Related to Disclosures for Public Health Activities: The Privacy Rule permits covered entities to disclose protected health information, without authorization, to public health authorities who are legally authorized to receive such reports for the purpose of preventing or controlling disease, injury, or disability. See 45 CFR 164.512(b)(1)(i).

Risk Factors and Cases of Public Health Importance: Information on patient risk factors and likely mode of HIV transmission is used in planning prevention activities and to more effectively allocate HIV-related resources. The CDC also closely monitors for any new cases of HIV-2; for HIV transmission through a rare or unusual route such as transfusion, transplant, or occupational exposure; and for any cases in children age 12 and under not due to perinatal HIV exposure. Such cases, collectively known as "Cases of Public Health Importance (COPHI)", often require a special investigation and should be reported to your regional contact as soon as suspected.

Partner Services: OPH Disease Intervention Specialists (DIS) make a good faith effort to locate any individual identified as a spouse, sexual contact, or needle-sharing partner of a person newly diagnosed with HIV infection (source patient), to notify the partner(s) of the possible exposure, provide counseling about the risk of infection, and offer testing for HIV infection and other STDs. In performing these activities, the DIS first attempt to contact the source patient's medical provider to determine how partner notification will be conducted. If neither the source patient nor the medical provider is able to adequately conduct this notification, the DIS will seek to interview the source patient directly to identify partners for counseling, testing, and referral. Notification of partners is conducted in such a manner as to maintain the confidentiality of the source patient. Partner Services is a valuable prevention activity, as well as a means to offer follow-up services and support to newly diagnosed patients and promote their linkage to care.

(Continued from Clinical Status section on front)

Opportunistic Infections (Ols): If patient has a current or previous diagnosis of any of the following, please note the condition and date of diagnosis in Comments.

- Candidiasis, bronchi, trachea, or lungs
- Candidiasis, esophageal
- Carcinoma, invasive cervical
- Coccidiodomycosis, disseminated or extrapulmonary
- Cryptococcosis, extrapulmonary
- Cryptosporidiosis, chronic intestinal (>1 mo. duration)
- Cytomegalovirus disease (other than in liver, spleen, or lymph nodes)
- Cytomegalovirus retinitis (with loss of vision)
- HIV encephalopathy
- Herpes simplex: chronic ulcer(s) (>1 mo. duration); or bronchitis, pneumonitis, or esophagitis
- Histoplasmosis, disseminated or extrapulmonary
- Isosporiasis, chronic intestinal (>1 mo. duration)
- Kaposi's sarcoma
- Lymphoma, Burkitt's (or equivalent term)
- Lymphoma, immunoblastic (or equivalent term)
- Lymphoma, primary in brain
- Mycobacterium avium complex or M. kansasii, disseminated or extrapulmonary
- *M.tuberculosis*, pulmonary
- *M.tuberculosis*, disseminated or extrapulmonary
- Mycobacterium, of other species or unidentified species, disseminated or extrapulmonary
- Pneumocystis jerovecii pneumonia (formerly P. carinii)
- Pneumonia, recurrent, within a 12-month period
- Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy
- Salmonella septicemia, recurrent

- Toxoplasmosis of brainWasting syndrome due to HIV

Comments (Opportunistic infections, additional risk information, antiretroviral meds, partner information, etc.):