

State of Louisiana

Louisiana Department of Health Office of the Secretary

ADDENDUM NO. 2

March 13, 2020

Your reference is directed to File No. 3000014547 for Staff Augmentation for Emergency Operational Support for Louisiana Department of Health scheduled to be opened at 4:00 PM CDT March 30, 2020.

The following changes are to be made to the referenced solicitation:

This is in response to the questions received by March 9, 2020.

Question 1: Is there an incumbent currently providing these services? If so, can you provide me with the contract and/or contract number?

Answer: We currently have contract No. 4400011411 with Response Systems, Inc. that will expire 4/30/2020

Question 2: Are the services in this RFP continually needed, even beyond the term of the resulting contract, and therefore may be bid out again.

Answer: Yes, it is anticipated that the services will be continually needed on an emergency contingency basis and offers will be solicited again prior to contract expiration. This is usually done through a Request for Proposal process similar to the current solicitation.

Question 3: Section 2.2.7 page 37 reads Communication Equipment: Contractor to provide all deployed personnel with a personal cell phone and laptop. Any specialized equipment such as radios will be provided by the State.

Not every position would utilize a computer, i.e. Bus triage staff would not utilize a computer; for communication issues, we would plan one computer per triage site. APS is another area that each of the 15 positions would not utilize a computer, we would plan on two computers per activated APS.

Answer: Companies should provide appropriate employees with adequate computers and should indicate what they plan to provide and will be scored accordingly.

Question 4: Section 2.2.7 Not every deployed person will be on duty at the same time, so can we plan for only "On Duty" personnel required to have a laptop computer?

Answer:

Yes, it will only be the "On Duty" personnel that are required to have a laptop computer.

Question 5: Page 39 Section Readiness Deliverable for EMS TOC: Contractor will <u>develop</u>, maintain, review and integrate EMS surge plans and <u>training venues</u> so as to maximize effective surge operations. Contractor will utilize LDH's EMS TOC management system to track activities, assets, and resources during activation. Contractor personnel will participate/conduct EMS TOC planning meetings/training with LDH staff as required. This is the only section requiring vendor to Develop plans and training venues. Our company has the capability to perform these activities, but not the authority to develop the plans for the TOC. Can you explain what the State is asking the contractor to do or provide in reference to training Venues?

Answer: Page 39, Section Readiness deliverable for EMS TOC is changed to read as follows: Contractor will utilize LDH's EMS TOC management system to track activities, assets, and resources during activation. The contractor must become familiar with TOC operations and participate/conduct EMS TOC planning meeting/training with LDH staff to assist with training so that the training will maximize effective surge operations.

Question 6: Page 41 Section Qualifications of the Support Personnel:

Familiar with Emergency Operations Center Operations

NIMS Training ICS 100,200,700, and 800;

Operational Proficiency in ICS/NIMS

Certified Emergency Medical Technician in good standing and/or a minimum of

2 years' experience demonstrating active deployment on an Incident

Management Team (IMT).

It is also preferred that staff possess:

FEMA NIMS Training 300 and 400

Can these qualifications be consistent throughout the 5 deliverables with the following changes? Qualifications of the Support Personnel:

Familiar with Emergency Operations Center Operations

Training in at least one of the version of ICS 100,200, and 700, and 800;

Operational Proficiency in ICS/NIMS

Certified-Emergency Medical Technician or higher with active certification/license and in good standing in their home State for any direct patient care positions and/or a minimum of 2 years' experience demonstrating active deployment on an Incident Management Team (IMT) for non-patient care positions.

It is also preferred that staff possess:

FEMA NIMS Training 300 and 400

Our rationale for these requests are:

- a. Per the FEMA website IS 800 is not one of the required Baseline NIMS courses https://training.fema.gov/emiweb/is/icsresource/trainingmaterials.htm#item1
- b. Only IS 100c, 200c, 700b, 800c is currently available on EMI website.
- c. IS 808 has been discontinued
- d. Identifying higher EMT makes clear that AEMTs and EMT-P can be utilized.

The requirement of Nationally Registered does match Louisiana's requirements for instate EMS personnel yet is not same across the country. Several States either do not require EMS personnel to maintain their National Registration after initial certification or have their own examination process. Also, EMS personnel that became certified prior to their State becoming a Nationally Registered State, may not be required to hold a Nationally Registered card in their State. The lack of holding a Nationally Registered card is not reflective of the individuals skills or abilities to perform their duties. A State certification that is Active and in Good Standing is required for any EMS provider to practice in any state. Additionally, a National Registry Card alone is not sufficient to legally practice as an EMS provider.

Answer: Section 2.3.2.a, page 41, EMS TOC deliverables, Qualifications of Support Personnel, fourth bullet, change to read: "Certified Emergency Medical Technician in good standing in their home State for any direct patient care positions and/or a minimum of 2 years' experience demonstrating active deployment on an Incident Management Team (IMT)." Qualifications in all other deliverables remain unchanged.

Question 7: Page 38, 2.2.12 "Contract Personnel are to be proficient in Excel in order to utilize the EMS TOC management system to track activities, assets and resources during activation." Will the State consider alternative software solutions provided by the proposer to serve as the EMS TOC Management Software System?

Answer: Other software may be considered but must be reviewed and approved by TOC Manager prior to event. Details should be included in the proposal for consideration.

Question 8: Page 38, 2.2.16 "Forms will be available electronically upon activation.", Can the State produce a list of forms and their purpose?

Answer: LDH should initiate an implementation meeting with the contractor thirty (30) days after the execution of the contract to discuss forms, templates and training necessary to perform for this contract.

Question 9: Page 38, 2.3.1 "contractor will provide staff, both on and off site, to coordinate with LDH's Executive Director of Emergency Preparedness and/or designee." As this appears to be a follow-on contract opportunity where a current contractor provides service, how many personnel are used by the current contractor to satisfy this requirement?

Answer: 1 to 2 people

Question 10: Page 38 2.3.1a "Contractor shall conduct or participate in an HSEEP compliant on-site EMS TOC drill annually (to be scheduled by LDH)" Are there any Drill activities schedules for 2020, and if yes what are the scheduled dates and locations?

Answer: Annual State Drill GOHSEP (Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness) April 1-7 in Baton Rouge. Also see answer to Question 14.

Question 11: Page 39 2.3.1a "Contractor shall provide annual training ...covering LDH Plans and vendor roles to carry out response deliverables." Can the State produce a list of these Plans and generally what they include?

Answer: There is a CON-OPS plan for TOC Management, Ambulance Processing, DRC Support, Bus Triage, and Medic Pool Support. These will be provided to the contractor upon award. Contractor to provide annual training for each area for identified response staff.

Question 12: Page 39 2.3.1a "Contractor shall review and update Ambulance Processing Site related plans." This statement indicates that the Ambulance Site Processing Site Plans currently exist, is this in fact the case?

Answer: Yes

Question 13: Page 39, "Readiness Deliverable for EMS DRC Field Support Personnel", How many DRC personnel are there and how are they distributed amongst the 9 regions?

Answer:

Region	DRC Personnel
1	3
2	3
3	2
4	2
5	3
6	1
7	1
8	1
9	1

Question 14: Page 39, "Readiness Deliverable for Paramedic Resource Pool", Contractor shall attend meetings regarding ESF #8 response plans and integrating Paramedic Staffing Support", Are there currently any meetings scheduled for 2020? If Yes, can the State provide their scheduled locations, dates and times?

Answer: Annual planning/training meetings generally occur in the early spring months prior to the beginning of hurricane season. Therefore, most meetings/training for 2020 will have occurred prior to the opening/award of this RFP. Upon award of this RFP, contingent upon no protest of award is received, it will be incumbent on the new contractor to provide adequate personnel to attend meetings within the first 30 days of award with LDH staff to be brought up to-date with current operational plans.

Question 15: Page 40, "Background and introduction to the EMS TOC", There is language that discuss Medical Institutional Evacuation Plan, Can the state provide who currently manages the MEIP for various medical facilities?

Answer: Dr. Rosanne Prats

Question 16: Page 41, "Qualifications of the Support Personnel", This section indicates a requirement of EMT in good standing or i.e., 2 years of experience demonstrating active deployment on an IMT, will the state consider alternate credentials that would be representative of qualified personnel in lieu of these two broad qualifications?

Answer: No

Question 17: Page 41 "Ambulance Processing Sites", Does the State have a current inspection form used to process ambulances? If Yes, can the State provide the document?

Answer: LDH should initiate an implementation meeting with the contractor thirty (30) days after the execution of the contract to discuss forms, templates and training necessary to perform for this contract.

Question 18: Page 41 "Ambulance Processing Site Personnel Qualifications". This section indicates a requirement of EMT in good standing or i.e., 2 years of experience demonstrating active deployment on an IMT, will the state consider alternate credentials that would be representative of qualified personnel in lieu of these two broad qualifications?

Answer: No

Question 19: Page 45, "Bus Triage Deliverables", Is there current a triage algorithm in use for this purpose? If yes, can the State provide the triage algorithm?

Answer: No, each evacuee is reviewed on an individual basis.

Question 20: Page 46, Paramedic Pool Deliverables", Under Qualifications the minimum licensure requirement is Certified Emergency Medical Technician or above in good standing and must be currently Nationally Registered. Is the proposer to understand that the Paramedic Pool is a mix of licensure levels based on availability of personnel?

Answer: Yes

Question 21: Attachment III "The copy that was provided in the RFP package was very fuzzy and nearly illegible when printed. Can the State produce a better copy of Attachment III?

Answer: Yes, it is attached to this addendum

Question 22: Is there a particular EHR (Electronic Healthcare Record) system used in Louisiana or is it Hospital dependent? If Hospital dependent is there a predominant system used?

Answer: Hospital dependent. EPIC is used by most of the larger hospitals

Question 23: What Agency/Department is responsible for Hospital Preparedness?

Answer: The Louisiana Department of Health is responsible. LDH receives a federal grant for hospital preparedness and contracts with the Louisiana Hospital Association to administer the contract.

Question 24: Is ESF support limited to the resource pool? Is it strictly limited to 50 personnel?

Answer: This question is not clearly understood. Page 46, Paramedic Pool Deliverables, first bullet states in part "In the event of a declared emergency, and upon request of the State Health Officer/designee, the contractor shall provide up to 20 Louisiana Licensed EMTs and/or Paramedics per operation shift..."

Question 25: Is there an existing mechanism to interact/interface with other Federal resources, such as DMAT teams, or is this function completed by another agency/entity?

Answer: Yes

Question 26: What agency/department is responsible for managing the CMS at risk database?

Answer: CMS is under the Federal Department of Health and Human Services

Question 27: If resources available under this contract become overwhelmed or otherwise compromised is there a contingency contract with other federal contractors who support functions of this nature?

Answer: The state expects the contractor to take the lead role in providing staff augmentation. The State may have access to federal support if there is a Federal declaration.

Question 28: There is language that activation of this contract could arise out of non-disaster special events. Is there a limited number of activations for non-disaster related events? If yes, what is the limit?

Answer: The contract awarded from this RFP will only be activated in Louisiana during a declared State emergency. There are no limits to the number of events that the contractor may be required to be responsive. Language in the RFP Section 1.48 Cooperative purchasing permits cooperative purchasing if the contractor so chooses.

Question 29: Is there a requirement for a computer aided dispatch system (CAD)? If yes, is this provided by the State and what system is used?

Answer: No

Question 30: Are there any published After-Action Reviews (AAR) and/or documentation about challenges faced during a hurricane event?

Answer: After-Action Reviews are held and published internally. See attached example.

Question 31: Is there a CAP or limit on the funding allocated for the RFP Award?

Answer:

Readiness: Current budget allowance is \$167,500 annually. Based on proposals received, it is subject to LDH's acceptance based on cost reasonableness and budget approval.

Question 32: It is our understanding that the State is open to innovative ideas, we are considering proposing some options and features that serve to better manage the TOC and ultimately the resources it directs. Is the State open to elements such as these in proposals?

Answer: Since your options and features are not known to the state at this time, proposer may include them in their proposal response which will be reviewed and scored accordingly to the evaluation criteria listed in the RFP.

This addendum is hereby officially made a part of the referenced proposal.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT: If you have already submitted your proposal and this Addendum does not cause you to revise your proposal, you should acknowledge receipt of this Addendum by identifying your business name and by signing where indicated. You may return this Acknowledgment by mail to: Louisiana Department of Health, Office of the Secretary — Emergency Preparedness, 628 N 4th Street, 8th Floor, Baton Rouge, LA 70802. The State reserves the right to request a completed Acknowledgement at any time. Failure to execute an Acknowledgment shall not relieve the Proposer from complying with the terms of its proposal. Addendum Acknowledged/No changes:

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For: _		By: _		, t	<u>v</u> .	
revise sign varke Departion I	ISION: If you have already submer your proposal, you must indicate where shown. Revisions shall be sed with the file number, the proportment of Health, Office of the Se, Baton Rouge, LA 70802 or by fax are not being accepted at the sions received after proposal open hal proposal.	e any chadelivered sal oper ceretary - fax to: (2) his time.	ange(s) be d prior to ning date: - Emerge (225) 342-	elow, identi proposal op and time eit ncy Prepare 5568. Elect	fy your bus pening in a s ther by mail edness, 628 tronic transi	iness name and sealed envelope to: Louisiana N 4 th Street, 8 th missions other
For: _		Ву:		1 5	W 18 -	
Ву:	Bonnie Kemp RFP Coordinator Department of Health Telephone No. 225-342-2666 Fmail: bonnie kemp?@la gov					

LDH - CF - 1 Revised: 2017-10-17

CONTRACT BETWEEN STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

LAGOV:

LDH:
Agency #

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_	NUMBER (if applicable):				
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)	Street Address			6)	Parish(es) Served choose Parishes
	City	State	Zip Code	7)	License or Certification #
)	Telephone Number			8)	Contractor Status
)	Mailing Address (if different)		<u> </u>	Ş	Corporation: Yes No
	City	State	Zip Code	8a)	CFDAff(Federal Grant #)
)	Brief Description Of Services To I	Be Provided: **I			
			2 W		
0)	Effective Date		11) Terminati	on Da	ate Table Management
12)	Meximum Contract Amount				
13)	Amounts by Fiscal Year				
14)	Terms of Payment III If progress and/or completion of sea	vices are provided to the satisf	action of the initiatin	g Offic	ce/Facility, payments are to be made as follows:
	Contractor obligated to submit final	invoices to Agency within filter	en (15) days after ter	minati	tion of contract.
	PAYMENT WILL BE MADE ONLY UPON APPROVAL OF:	First Name	La	st Na	me en la la companya de la companya
		Title	-		Phone Number
_	Special or Additional Provisions	which are incorporated herei	in, if any (IF NECES	SAR	y, ATTACH SEPARATE SHEET AND REFERENCE): Attachment:HIPAA Addendum Attachment:Standard Provisio

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During the performance of this contract, the Contractor hereby agrees to the following terms and conditions:

1. Discrimination Clause: Contractor hereby agrees to abide by the requirements of the following as applicable: Titles VI and VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1984, as amended by the Equal Employment Opportunity Act of 1972; the Vietnam Era Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act of 1974; Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990; the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; Federal Executive Order 11246 as amended; Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972; the Age Discrimination Act of 1975; the Fair Housing Act of 1968; and all applicable requirements imposed by or pursuant to the regulations of the U. S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Contractor agrees not to discriminate in the rendering of services to and/or employment of individuals because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, age, national origin, disability, political affiliation, veteran status, or any other non-merit factor. Any act of discrimination committed by Contractor, or failure to comply with these statutory obligations when applicable, shall be grounds for termination of this contract.

- Confidentiality: Contractor shall abide by the laws and regulations concerning confidentially which safeguard information and the
 patient/client confidentiality. Information obtained shall not be used in any manner except as necessary for the proper discharge
 of Contractor's obligations. (The Contractor shall establish, subject to review and approval of the Department, confidentiality rules
 and facility access procedures.)
- 3. Auditors: The State Legislative Auditor, Office of the Governor, Division of Administration, and Department Auditors or those designated by the Department shall have the option of auditing all accounts pertaining to this contract during the contract and for a five year period following final payment. Contractor grants to the State of Louisiana, through the Office of the Legislative Auditor, Louisiana Department of Health, and Inspector General's Office, Federal Government and/or other such officially designated body the right to inspect and review all books and records pertaining to services rendered under this contract, and further agrees to guidelines for fiscal administration as may be promutgated by the Department. Records will be made available during normal working hours.

Contractor shall comply with federal and state laws and/or LDH Policy requiring an audit of the Contractor's operation as a whole or of specific program activities. Audit reports shall be sent within thirty (30) days after the completion of the audit, but no later than six (6) months after the end of the audit period. If an audit is performed within the contract period, for any period, four (4) copies of the audit report shall be sent to the Louislana Department of Health, Attention: Division of Fiscal Management, P.O. Box 91117, Baton Rouge, LA 70821-3797 and one (1) copy of the audit shall be sent to the originating LDH Office.

- 4. Record Retention: Contractor agrees to retain all books, records and other documents relevant to the contract and funds expended thereunder for at least four (4) years after final payment or as prescribed in 45 CFR 74:53 (b) whichever is longer. Contractor shall make available to the Department such records within thirty (30) days of the Department's written request and shall deliver such records to the Department's central office in Baton Rouge, Louisiana, all without expense to the Department. Contractor shall allow the Department to inspect, audit or copy records at the contractor's site, without expense to the Department.
- 5. Record Ownership: All records, reports, documents and other material delivered or transmitted to Contractor by the Department shall remain the property of the Department, and shall be returned by Contractor to the Department, at Contractor's expense, at termination or expiration of this contract. All records, reports, documents, or other material related to this contract and/or obtained or prepared by Contractor in connection with the performance of the services contracted for herein shall become the property of the Department, and shall, upon request, be returned by Contractor to the Department, at Contractor's expense, at termination or expiration of this contract.
- 6. Nonassignability: Contractor shall not assign any interest in this contract and shall not transfer any interest in the same (whether by assignment or novation), without written consent of the Department thereto, provided, however, that claims for money due or to become due to Contractor from the Department under this contract may be assigned to a bank, trust company or other financial institution without advanced approval. Notice of any such assignment or transfer shall be promptly furnished to the Department and the Division of Administration. Office of State Procurement.
- 7. Taxes: Contractor hereby agrees that the responsibility for payment of taxes from the funds received under this contract shall be Contractor's. The Contractor assumes responsibility for its personnel providing services hereunder and shall make all deductions for withholding taxes, and contributions for unemployment compensation funds.
- 8. Insurance: Contractor shall obtain and maintain during the contract term all necessary insurance including automobile insurance, workers' compensation insurance, and general liability insurance. The required insurances shall protect the Contractor, the Louisiana Department of Health, and the State of Louisiana from all claims related to Contractor's performance of this contract. Certificates of Insurance shall be filled with the Department for approval. Said policies shall not be canceled, permitted to expire, or be changed without thirty (30) days edvance written notice to the Department. Commercial General Liability Insurance shall provide protection during the performance of work covered by the contract from claims or damages for personal injury, including accidental death, as well as claims for property damages, with combined single limits prescribed by the Department.
- Travet: In cases where travel and related expenses are required to be identified separate from the fee for services, such costs shall be in accordance with State Travel Regulations. The contract contains a maximum compensation which shall be inclusive of all charges including fees and travel expenses.
- 10. Political Activities: No funds provided herein shall be used to urge any elector to vote for or against any candidate or proposition on an election ballot nor shall such funds be used to lobby for or against any proposition or matter having the effect of law being considered by the Legislature or any local governing authority. This provision shall not prevent the normal dissemination of factual information relative to a proposition or any election ballot or a proposition or matter having the effect of law being considered by the Legislature or any local governing authority. Contracts with individuals shall be exempt from this provision.
- 11. State Employment: Should Contractor become an employee of the classified or unclassified service of the State of Louisiana during the effective period of the contract, Contractor must notify his/her appointing authority of any existing contract with State of Louisiana and notify the contracting office of any additional state employment. This is applicable only to contracts with individuals.
- 12. Ownership of Proprietary Data: All non-third party software and source code, records, reports, documents and other material delivered or transmitted to Contractor by State shall remain the property of State, and shall be returned by Contractor to State, at Contractor's expense, at termination or expiration of this contract. All non-third party software and source code, records, reports, documents, or other material related to this contract and/or obtained or prepared by Contractor in connection with the performance of the services contracted for herein shall become the property of State, and shall be returned by Contractor to State, at Contractor's expense, at termination or expiration of this contract.

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13. Subcontracting: Contractor shall not enter into any subcontract for work or services contemplated under this contract without obtaining prior written approval of the Department. Any subcontracts approved by the Department shall be subject to conditions and provisions as the Department may deem necessary; provided, however, that notwithstanding the foregoing, unless otherwise provided in this contract, such prior written approval shall not be required for the purchase by the contractor of and services which are incidental but necessary for the performance of the work required under this contract.

No subcontract shall relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the performance of contractual obligations described herein.

- 14. Conflict of Interest: Contractor warrants that no person and no entity providing services pursuant to this contract on behalf of Contractor or any subcontractor is prohibited from providing such services by the provisions of R.S. 42:1113.
- 15. Unauthorized Services: No claim for services furnished or requested for reimbursement by Contractor, not provided for in this contract, shall be allowed by the Department. In the event the Department determines that certain costs which have been reimbursed to Contractor pursuant to this or previous contracts are not allowable, the Department shall have the right to set off and withhold said amounts from any amount due the Contractor under this contract for costs that are allowable.
- 16. Fiscal Funding: This contract is subject to and conditioned upon the availability and appropriation of Federal and/or State funds; and no liability or obligation for payment will develop between the parties until the contract has been approved by required authorities of the Department; and, if contract exceeds \$2,000, the Division of Administration, Office of State Procurement.

The continuation of this contract is contingent upon the appropriation of funds from the legislature to fulfill the requirements of the contract. If the Legislature fails to appropriate sufficient monies to provide for the continuation of the contract, or if such appropriation is reduced by the veto of the Governor or by any means provided in the appropriations act to prevent the total appropriation for the year from exceeding revenues for that year, or for any other lawful purpose, and the effect of such reduction is to provide insufficient monies for the continuation of the contract, the contract shall terminate on the date of the beginning of the first fiscal year for which funds are not appropriated.

- 17. State and Federal Funding Requirements: Contractor shall comply with all applicable requirements of state or federal laws or regulations relating to Contractor's receipt of state or federal funds under this contract.
 - If Contractor is a "subrecipient" of federal funds under this contract, as defined in 2 CFR Part 200 (Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards), Contractor shall comply with all applicable requirements of 2 CFR Part 200, including but not limited to the following:
 - Contractor must disclose any potential conflict of interest to the Department and the federal awarding agency as required by 2 CFR §200.112.
 - Contractor must disclose to the Department and the federal awarding agency, timely and in writing, all violations of federal criminal laws that may affect the federal award, as required by 2 CFR §200.113.
 - Contractor must safeguard protected personally identifiable information and other sensitive information, as required by 2 CFR §200.303.
 - Contractor must have and follow written procurement standards and procedures in compliance with federally approved methods of procurement, as required by 2 CFR §§200.317 - 200.328.
 - Contractor must comply with the audit requirements set forth in 2 CFR §§200.501 200.521, as applicable, including but not limited to:
 - o Electronic submission of data and reports to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse (FAC) (2 CFR §200.512(d)).
 - Ensuring that reports do not include protected personally identifiable information (2 CFR §200.512(a)(2)).

Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 3 (Auditors) of these Terms and Conditions, copies of audit reports for audits conducted pursuant to 2 CFR Part 200 shall not be required to be sent to the Department.

- 18. Amendments: Any alteration, variation, modification, or waiver of provisions of this contract shall be valid only when reduced to writing, as an amendment duly signed, and approved by required authorities of the Department; and, if the contract exceeds \$2,000, by the Division of Administration, Office of State Procurement. Budget revisions approved by both parties in cost reimbursement contracts do not require an amendment if the revision only involves the realignment of monies between originally approved cost categories.
- 19. Non-Infringement: Contractor will warrant all materials, products and/or services produced hereunder will not infringe upon or violate any patent, copyright, trade secret, or other proprietary right of any third party. In the event of any such claim by any third party against LDH, the Department shall promptly notify Contractor in writing and Contractor shall defend such claim in LDH's name, but at Contractor's expense and shall indemnify and hold harmtess LDH against any loss, expense or liability arising out of such claim, whether or not such claim is successful. This provision is not applicable to contracts with physicians, psychiatrists, psychologists or other allied health providers solely for medical services.
- 20. Purchased Equipment: Any equipment purchased under this contract remains the property of the Contractor for the period this contract and future continuing contracts for the provision of the same services. Contractor must submit vendor invoice with relimbursement request. For the purpose of this contract, equipment is defined as any tangible, durable property having a useful life of at least (1) year and acquisition cost of \$1000.00 or more. The contractor has the responsibility to submit to the Contract Monitor an inventory list of LDH equipment items when acquired under the contract and any additions to the listing as they occur. Contractor will submit an updated, complete inventory list on a quarterly basis to the Contract Monitor. Contractor agrees that upon termination of contracted services, the equipment purchased under this contract reverts to the Department. Contractor agrees to deliver any such equipment to the Department within 30 days of termination of services.
- 21. Indemnity: Contractor agrees to protect, indemnify and hold harmless the State of Louisiana, LOH, from all claims for damages, costs, expenses and attorney fees arising in contract or tort from this contract or from any acts or omissions of Contractor's agents, employees, officers or clients, including premises liability and including any claim based on any theory of strict liability. This provision does not apply to actions or omissions for which R.S. 40:1237.1 et seq. provides malpractice coverage to the Contractor, nor claims related to treatment and performance of evaluations of persons when such persons cause harm to third parties (R.S. 13:5108.1(E)). Further, it does not apply to premises liability when the services are being performed on premises owned and operated by LDH.

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22. Severability: Any provision of this contract is severable if that provision is in violation of the laws of the State of Louisiana or the United States, or becomes inoperative due to changes in State and Federal law, or applicable State or Federal regulations.

- 23. Entire Agreement: Contractor agrees that the current contract supersedes all previous contracts, negotiations, and all other communications between the parties with respect to the subject matter of the current contract.
- 24. E-Verify: Contractor acknowledges and agrees to comply with the provision of R.S. 38:2212.10 and federal law pertaining to E-Verify in the performance of services under this contract.
- 25. Remedies for Default: Any claim or controversy arising out of this contract shall be resolved by the provisions of R.S. 39:1672.2-1672.4.
- 28. Governing Law: This contract shall be governed by and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of Louisiana, including but not limited to R.S. 39:1551-1738; rutes and regulations; executive orders; standard terms and conditions, and specifications listed in the RFP (if applicable); and this Contract.
- 27. Contractor's Cooperation: The Contractor has the duty to fully cooperate with the State and provide any and all requested information, documentation, etc. to the state when requested. This applies even if this Contract is terminated and/or a lawsuit is filed. Specifically, the Contractor shall not limit or impede the State's right to audit or shall not withhold State owned documents.
- 28. Continuing Obligation: Contractor has a continuing obligation to disclose any suspension or debarment by any government entity, including but not limited to the General Services Administration (GSA). Failure to disclose may constitute grounds for suspension and/or termination of the Contract and debarment from future contracts.
- 29. Eligibility Status: Contractor and each tier of Subcontractors, shall certify that it is not excluded, disqualified, disbarred, or suspended from contracting with or receiving federal funds or grants from the Federal Government. Contractor and each tier of Subcontractors shall certify that it is not on the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs promulgated in accordance with E.O.s 12549 and 12689, "Debarment and Suspension," as set forth at 24CFR Part 24, and "NonProcurement Debarment and Suspension" set forth at 25FR Part 2424.
- 30. Act 211 Taxes Clause: In accordance with R.S. 39:1624(A)(10), the Louisiana Department of Revenue must determine that the prospective contractor is current in the filing of all applicable tax returns and reports and in payment of all taxes, interest, penalties, and fees owed to the state and collected by the Department of Revenue prior to the approval of this contract by the Office of State Procurement. The prospective contractor hereby attests to its current and/or prospective compliance, and agrees to provide its seven-digit LDR Account Number to LDH so that the prospective contractor's tax payment compliance status may be verified. The prospective contractor further acknowledges understanding that issuance of a tax clearance certificate by the Louisiana Department of Revenue is a necessary precondition to the approval and effectiveness of this contract by the Office of State Procurement. LDH reserves the right to withdraw its consent to this contract without penalty and proceed with atternate arrangements should the vendor fall to resolve any identified apparent outstanding tax compliance discrepancies with the Louisiana Department of Revenue within seven (7) business days of such notification.
- 31. Termination for Cause: The Department may terminate this Contract for cause based upon the failure of the Contractor to comply with the terms and/or conditions of the Contract; provided that the Department shall give the Contractor written notice specifying the Contractor's failure. If within thirty (30) days after receipt of such notice, the Contractor shall not have either corrected such failure or, in the case of failure which cannot be corrected in thirty (30) days, begun in good faith to correct said failure and thereafter proceeded diligently to complete such correction, then the Department may, at its option, place the Contractor in default and the Contract hell terminate on the date specified in such notice. The Contractor may exercise any rights available to it under Louisiana law to terminate for cause upon the failure of the Department to comply with the terms and conditions of this contract; provided that the Contractor shall give the Department written notice specifying the Department's failure and a reasonable opportunity for the state to cure the defect.
- 32. Termination for Convenience: The Department may terminate this Contract at any time by giving thirty (30) days written notice to the Contractor. The Contractor shall be entitled to payment for deliverables in progress, to the extent work has been performed satisfactorily.
- 33. Commissioner's Statements: Statements, acts and omissions made by or on behalf of the Commissioner of Administration regarding the RFP or RFP process, this Contract, any Contractor and/or any subcontractor of the Contractor shall not be deemed a conflict of interest when the Commissioner is discharging his duties and responsibilities under law, including, but not limited, to the Commissioner of Administration's authority in procurement matters.
- 34. Order of Precedence Clause: In the event of any inconsistent or incompatible provisions in an agreement which resulted from an RFP, this signed agreement (excluding the RFP and Contractor's proposal) shall take precedence, followed by the provisions of the RFP, and then by the terms of the Contractor's proposal. This Order of Precedence Clause applies only to contracts that resulted from an RFP.

THIS CONTRACT CONTAINS OR HAS ATTACHED HERETO ALL THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS AGREED UPON BY THE CONTRACTING PARTIES. IN WITNESS THEREOF, THIS CONTRACT IS SIGNED ON THE DATE INDICATED BELOW.

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State of Louisiana



Hurricane Barry July 2019

AFTER ACTION REPORT/IMPROVEMENT PLAN

ADMINISTRATIVE HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. The title of this document is the State of Louisiana Hurricane Barry July 2019 After Action Report and Improvement Plan.
- 2. The information gathered in this AAR/IP is For Official Use Only (FOUO).
- 3. Points of Contact:

State Point of Contact:

Jason Lachney Operations Section Chief 7667 Independence Blvd Baton Rouge, LA 70806 225-358-5412 jason.lachney@la.gov

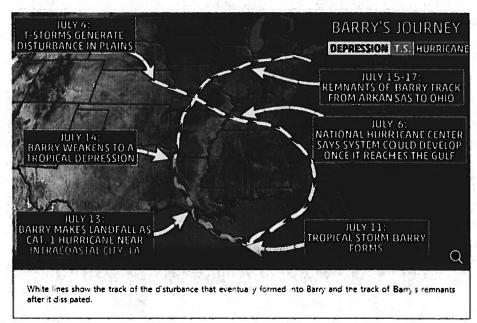
Chris Guilbeaux
Assistant Deputy Director of Emergency Management
7667 Independence Blvd
Baton Rouge, LA 70806
225-715-3191
christopher.guilbeaux@la.gov

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A low pressure system that originally began in the Plains of the Midwest worked its way southeast and eventually entered the Gulf of Mexico on July 8, 2019 with the National Weather Service predicting an 80% chance of forming a tropical depression over the following week. This storm also possessed a large uncertainty of whether it would develop or whether it would be a



high chance of heavy rainfall across the northern Gulf. The Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness (GOHSEP) activated its Crisis Action Team (CAT) that began critical coordination with all local, state and federal stake holders.

On July 9, GOHSEP began conducting daily conference calls with members of the Southeast and Southwest Hurricane Task Forces.

On Wednesday July 10, 2019, Governor John Bel Edwards issued a statewide declaration of emergency in preparation for the predicted storm surge, tropical storm force winds and heavy rainfall that would impact the State. GOHSEP began the process to seek a federal declaration.

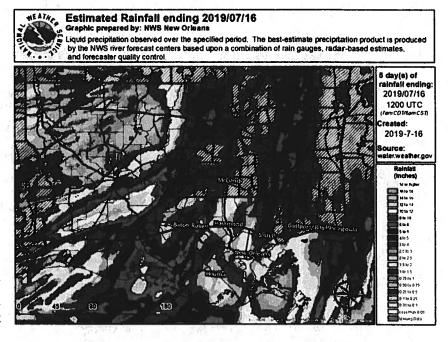
On July 11, 2019, the National Weather Services forecasted Tropical Cyclone 2 organized into a Tropical Storm named Barry. Barry continued to strengthen and move toward the Louisiana coast. While storm surge and Tropical/Hurricane Force Winds became a growing concern, the main threat from Barry continued to be heavy rainfall resulting in potential major flooding. The State Emergency Operations Center (EOC) was fully activated to a Level 1 status. Governor Edwards began to conduct regular Unified Command Group (UCG) meetings with key state and federal leaders. There was a federal declaration issued to provide direct federal assistance, and the FEMA IMAT Team was positioned in the State EOC.

On July 13, 2019, Tropical Storm Barry was upgraded to a hurricane with sustained winds of 74 mph and peak gusts of 85 mph. Between 11 a.m. and noon CDT, Hurricane Barry made landfall as a Category 1 hurricane over Marsh Island and Intracoastal City, LA. Hurricane Barry weakened to a tropical storm by early afternoon as it continued to move over Louisiana. By July 14, 2019 at 4 PM CDT, Barry had weakened to a tropical depression where the center was near Shreveport, LA.

Louisiana experienced excessive rainfall during the event, causing flooding in multiple parishes.

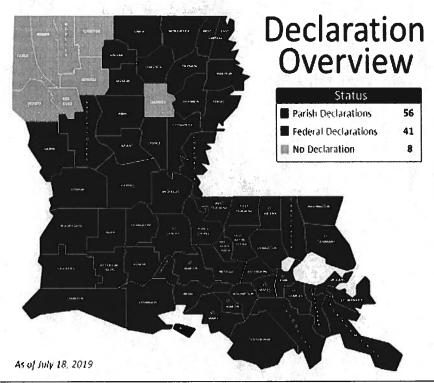
The highest amount of total rainfall experienced was 23.58 inches in Ragley, LA (Beauregard Parish).

Even on July 14, 2017, there were communities several still experiencing flash flooding. Search and recuse operations were conducted in the Oberlin and Oakdale areas in Allen parish. Beauregard parish from Dequincy to Dry Creek and Calcasieu parish also experienced significant flooding.



MAJOR RESPONSE EFFORTS

56 parishes issued their own declarations of emergency.



Mandatory evacuation orders were issued for:

- Residents in lower lying Lafitte, Crown Point, Barataria in Jefferson Parish
- The Eastbank of Plaquemines Parish and from Oakville to Venice on the Westbank.
- St. Mary Parish: HWY 317 south from the Intracoastal Bridge to Burns Point
- Lower Dularge area in Terrebonne Parish
- Lafource parish residents south of the Leon Theriot Floodgates
- Mandatory Evacuation for the housing authority in the Town of Erath in Vermillion Parish

Voluntary evacuation orders were issued for:

- Vermilion Parish residents in the lower lying areas of the Parish
- Lower-lying areas of Calcasieu, South of Lincoln Rd.
- St. Mary Parish residents not included in the mandatory evacuation areas
- Lower St. Martin for Stevensville and Belle River
- Iberia Parish for residents living south of US Hwy 90 and other low lying areas
- Assumption Parish for low lying areas
- Acadia Parish South of LA-92
- East Feliciana for residents residing on the Amite River
- Cameron Parish areas south of the Intracoastal Waterway
- St Charles Parish for residents in low lying areas
- Tangipahoa Parish for residents in low lying areas

The Department of Transportation and Development (DOTD) activated its transportation contract which made coach buses and paratransit vehicles readily available to evacuate citizens. Three Vehicle Stating Areas (VSA) were established in Lafayette, Jefferson and Ascension Parishes.

There were 30 opened shelters with a total population of 533 residents sheltered during this event. The Department of Children and Family Services activated its contract with the statewide 211 system to disseminate critical mass care information to the citizens.

The Louisiana Department of Health activated their staffing surge contracts for the Emergency Medical Services Tactical Operational Center and for Medical Special Needs Shelter medical staff. The following highlights several healthcare facilities evacuations conducted for Hurricane Barry:

- Riverbend Nursing home in Plaquemines Parish evacuated 115 patients. St Mary Parish had two nursing homes evacuate. Patterson Health Care evacuated 82 patients and Franklin Health Care Center evacuated 110. 6 critical care patients from Woodleigh Senior Living of Baton Rouge and 6 critical care patients from Colonial Care Retirement Center in Baton Rouge.
- 2 hospitals, Iberia Medical and Iberia Rehabilitation Hospital, were evacuated due to loss of power.
- 2 Adult Residential Care Providers (ARCP) evacuated: A & D Adult Residential Care in New Orleans and House of Grace in Denham Springs.

The Department of Corrections (DOC) played a key role in the response efforts with the evacuation of three parish jails and their inmate sandbagging operations. Plaquemines Parish Detention Center evacuated 586 offenders. 11 offenders from Morgan City Jail and 167 offenders from St. Mary Parish jail had to be relocated. DOC sand bagging operations included

- Allen Correctional Center 650 sandbags filled and provided to Allen Parish Police Jury.
- o Rayburn Correctional Center 240 sandbags filled
- o Dixon Correctional Center 1,000 sandbags filled
- Elayn Hunt Correctional Center 11,000 bags filled and distributed to local community.
- Louisiana State Penitentiary 4,000 bags filled and given to West Feliciana Parish Sheriff's Office for distribution.
- o Raymond Laborde Correctional Center 1,400 bags filled

Search and Rescue (SAR) efforts for this response brought 18 residents and 2 pets to safety.

The Louisiana Army National Guard activated approximately 3,861 soldiers on orders to assist in direct support missions. SAR teams, helicopters, high water vehicles (HWV) and boats were staged across the state to conduct SAR sweeps with the Coast Guard if needed. The Regional Staging Area (RSA) and the Unified Logistics Element (ULE) were activated in preparation for commodity distribution. 20 soldiers were sent as bus drivers to Plaquemines parish.

RESOURCES/COMMODITIES USED DURING HURRICANE BARRY

STATE COMMODITY USAGE						
Sandbags	628,500	Pumps	33			
Water	135,072	Trucks	106			
MREs	20,160	Shower Trailers	03			
Blankets	516	MHE POD Packages	15			
Generators	11	Light Sets	16			
Generator Assessment	13	Port-o-Let	10			

DISASTER RECOVERY EFFORTS

Public Assistance

Several parishes requested that Public Assistance (PA) PDAs be conducted in their jurisdiction which resulted in the following:

Assistance for emergency work and the repair or replacement of disaster-damaged facilities (Categories A - G) was approved for the 7 parishes of:

Allen, Iberia, Lafourche, Plaquemines, St. Mary, Terrebonne, and Vermillion Parishes for all categories of Public Assistance.

The following 12 parishes were approved for debris removal and emergency protective measures (Categories A and B), including direct federal assistance:

Ascension, Assumption, East Baton Rouge, East Feliciana, Iberville, Jefferson, Orleans, St. Charles, St. Helena, St. John the Baptist, Tangipahoa, and West Feliciana Parishes

Individual Assistance

Requests for Individual Assistance (IA) Preliminary Damage Assessments (PDA) were received through WebEOC. GOHSEP completed all IA PDAs for the requesting parishes by Friday June 14·2019. IA PDAs were requested and conducted in the following parishes:

Assumption, Avoyelles, Lafourche, Allen, St. Mary, Iberville, Terrebonne, Calcasieu, and Iberia

Based on the Individual Assistance Declaration Guidance and Rules and historical data from previous events, the data collected did not support a request to FEMA for Individual Assistance. Parishes were encouraged to work with local resources, private sector partners, and nonprofit/volunteer organizations to further assist with recovery efforts.

Joint damage assessment were conducted by the US Small Business Association (SBA) and GOHSEP to determine the extent and type of disaster assistance necessary to assist in recovery efforts. SBA Loans were approved for the following 3 parishes:

St. Mary, Allen, Avoyelles

CONCLUSION

GOHSEP conducted five After Action Review (AAR) conferences that reviewed the warning, preparatory, response, and post incident phases of Hurricane Barry. These conferences were designed to validate, consolidate and prioritize the issues, lessons learned, and best practices associated with the preparation for, response to, and recovery from the incidents.

This report began with a brief overview of the Hurricane Barry Response. Next, it will highlight key issues specific to the regional and State AARs. Lastly, it will provide improvement tables on recommended actions by Region and State Emergency Support Functions. The participants of each of the AARs developed this improvement plan outlining how improvement actions will be taken, what agency will lead the improvement efforts, and when the improvements will be implemented.

CONFERENCE OVERVIEWS Regional Conferences

Four Regional AAR conferences were held following the storm, to gather and review firsthand information and lessons learned from across the state. Before each regional AAR, parishes met

and discussed issues that could be corrected internally without state assistance. Issues beyond internal control were presented to the state for discussion.

During each AAR, the sessions were divided into core capability topics for simplicity of review. The compiled data was collected from each AAR and is articulated in this final report. This report and improvement plan has been produced to help mitigate against, prepare for, respond to, and recover from the effects of such events in the future.

State Conference

The State-level AAR was held in Baton Rouge on August 26, 2019. Partners from state agencies and other stakeholders were in attendance to discuss pertinent state-level issues and identify areas requiring improvement. Many state agencies conducted their own internal AARs to review and improve plans specific to their agency and/or emergency support functions.

Overall Areas for Improvement

There were three reoccurring issues identified in the Regional and State ARRs. These areas for improvement were discussed at all of the conferences.

Issue 1 - Conference calls hosted by GOHSEP are useful to exchange information, communicate with the parishes and be proactive but they are way too long and some parishes are too busy with response efforts to sit through them. In addition, the conference call system has glitches, i.e., kicks participants off, inability to mute background noise, etc.

Corrective Action – Streamlining the conference calls to reduce duplication of information would make the calls more efficient and allow the parishes to report first on the calls due to ongoing response priorities. GOHSEP has chosen a product (Zoom) that will eliminate the call issues identified.

Issue 2 – Situation Reports (SITREPs) in WebEOC provide valuable information from the State Agencies and Parish emergency managers. GOHSEP uses information from the state agency and parish SITREPS to develop and disseminate one comprehensive SITREP. Participants were not aware of the times that their information needed to be submitted to be compiled in the combined SITREP and they found it challenging to submit updates regularly due to competing operational priorities. In addition, there were concerns expressed that some of the information submitted was not included in the comprehensive SITREP.

Corrective Action - There were almost 1,000 individual SITREPs submitted by parishes and agencies for this event. GOHSEP will continue to create a concise and relevant combined SITREP by extracting the older or reoccurring topics as the document cannot be efficient if it is over 30 pages long. However, if there is a topic that is extracted but is key to specific response efforts, notify GOHSEP of the importance of maintaining it on the report. Submitters can use an asterisk (*) in front of the information so that the data is not removed. GOHSEP Operations will also notify with all stakeholders of the times in which reports must be submitted to be included in the combined SITREP.

Issue 3 – There was confusion and an overall lack of communication from agencies conducting

Preliminary Damage Assessments (PDA). The American Red Cross conducted their damage assessments in local jurisdiction in some cases without the parishes being notified. The State Fire Marshall conducted PDAs immediately after the event. Then the parishes began to request both PA and IA PDAs through WebEOC. There was no common criteria or any coordination on what information was being collected or shared with local or state partners. In addition, parishes were not familiar with the program requirements and information that needed to be collected for the State PDA teams to begin to plan for conducting these assessments.

Corrective Action: GOHSEP Preparedness Section will conduct planning with all stakeholders and create a Standard Operations Procedures (SOP) which will include all program requirements and roles and responsibilities for all those involved with Damage Assessments.

Conclusion

As with any disaster, the response and recovery from Hurricane Barry exposed areas for improvement at the State, and Parish levels. This report will seek to outline the issues and suggested corrective actions which will ultimately benefit the State of Louisiana. The results of the state and regional AARs are consolidated into three parts of this report and have accompanying Improvement Plans. This report should be used as a guideline to improve planning, coordination, and disaster management capabilities to better protect the citizens of Louisiana from future incidents.

REGIONAL CONFERENCES

The GOHSEP facilitator emphasized a few topics at every conference.

When requesting commodities or resources, be sure to have a plan to unload the vehicle. Either have the proper material handling equipment (MHE) or be sure to add that to the request in WebEOC. If the parish can send personnel to pick up the resources, it will get there much faster than waiting on the state to deliver them. In addition, if a state or contracted resource is moved from its original delivery location, the parish must update the new location in the WebEOC mission.

When resources are requested by the parish, those requests will first go the ESF lead for that capability. For example, when requesting security, that request will initially be tasked to the Louisiana State Police (LSP). The personnel that completes the mission may be LSP but it can also be LANG or another law enforcement entity.

GOHSEP is also planning to develop a cadre of trained Parish Liaison Officers (PLOs) to deploy to parish EOCs if needed during response efforts. The plan is to have State Applicant Liaisons (SALs) serve as the PLOs since they already have established working relationships with parish officials.

REGION 1

Jefferson Parish EOC August 28, 2019

American Red Cross

- Department of Children and Family Services
- Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness)
- Jefferson Parish Emergency Management
- Jefferson Parish Human Services Authority
- Louisiana Army National Guard
- Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality
- Louisiana Department of Health
- Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development
- New Orleans Health Department
- New Orleans Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness Plaquemine Parish Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness
- St. Bernard Parish Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness
- University Medical Center
- US Coast Guard Sector NOLA

Discussion during the Region 1 After Action Conference covered a broad spectrum of topics that included what really worked well in the response as well as areas for improvement. Overall the requested resources and personnel were deployed and accessible for use when needed. Parishes utilized the conference calls and State SITREPs to maintain information flow and remain proactive in preparedness, response and recovery stages. The LWIN towers and communications were stable in this area.

There was also mention during this conference that the US Coast Guard has shallow water boats that may be used to support ESF 9 in their SAR efforts with the proper planning and coordination.

The following topics were areas that participants would like to improve plans and response efforts:

Issue 1 - Citizens saw buses staged at the Vehicle Staging Area (VSA) and immediately attempted to access these resources for evacuation. The region expressed concern that citizens may be confused to the location and functions of the Parish Pickup Point and the VSA.

Corrective Action: Better education to the public of the role of the VSA and the Parish Pickup Point.

Issue 2 - OHSEP Channels 1-9 are monitored, however OHSEP is limited to one radio per parish for the 911 call center. GOHSEP cannot monitor all 64 parishes in addition to all other priorities.

Corrective Action: Establish a GOHSEP EOC channel for improved radio communication between parish EOCs and the state EOC.

Issue 3 - Pre-identified contracts for food vendors were activated, however there were problems as Plaquemine and Jefferson was notified that they failed the LDH health inspection. This created problems in feeding support and responders during the event and MRE provisions had to

be made.

Corrective Action: Work with LDH and food vendors to correct any issues preventing passing inspections in the future.

Issue 4 - Nursing home evacuation in Plaquemines Parish occurred as the facility was below the flood gate. The patients were evacuated in accordance with their plan however there were still issues with communication and execution of their plan.

Corrective Action – Suggested having a Subject Matter Expert or Liaison for the Nursing Homes at the parish EOC to increase communication and support.

Issue 5- When the State activated its contract with the 211 system to disseminate information, there was some initial confusion on the role 211 vs 311. Region 1 also received Region 3 calls. The statewide contract with 211 and United Way has a point of contact in the DCFS EOC and information about sheltering is provided.

Corrective Action: Call centers should improve their pans and procedures during disaster activations to include routing call to the proper center. Additionally, promotion of these lines and intended purposes are needed to educate the public.

REGION 2

GOHSEP Overwatch August 29, 2019

- American Red Cross
- Ascension Parish Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness
- East Baton Rouge Mayor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness
- Department of Children and Family Services
- Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness
- Iberville Office of Emergency Preparedness
- Livingston Parish Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness
- Louisiana Army National Guard
- Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality
- Louisiana Department of Health
- Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development
- Louisiana State University Office of Emergency Preparedness
- Point Coupee Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness
- West Feliciana Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness

Discussion during the Region 2 After Action Conference covered the topics that were relevant for the response. The impacts of Hurricane Barry were minimal to the area since the predictions of rainfall and flooding thankfully did not occur. Participants in this region highlighted areas for sustainment in response as well as areas for improvement. Requested resources and personnel were deployed and accessible for use when needed in Region 2. Parishes utilized the conference calls and State SITREPs to maintain information flow and to remain proactive in preparedness, response and recovery stages.

The following topics were areas that participants would like to improve plans and response efforts:

Issue 1- When DCFS announced the authorization of replacement SNAP for those receiving these benefits day to day, many people were confused and thought this was the DSNAP program. Many citizens didn't understand why only those recipients already receiving SNAP benefits were eligible for food loss.

Corrective Action: DCFS and local partners must message this better in the future if they replace SNAP benefits and do not implement the DSNAP program. Parish, state and VOAD partners should develop feeding plans to assist citizens with replacing food lost due to the disaster for those in most need regardless of a federal Individual Assistance (IA) Declaration.

Issue 2 – National Guard troops arrived in parishes looking for lodging, feeding and other logistical support without the local OEPs being notified. Parishes are very thankful for LANG when their resources are requested. Parishes want to assist troops, even when they were not requested by the parish, but cannot do this effectively with no communication.

Corrective Action – When troops are going to be staged in a local jurisdiction, the parish must be notified of the purpose of the mission and exactly what may be needed from locals to support the troops.

REGION 3

Terrebonne Parish EOC August 28, 2019

- Acadian Ambulance
- American Red Cross
- Bayou Cane Fire District
- Bourge Volunteer Fire Department
- Department of Children and Family Services
- Dulac Community Center
- Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness
- Houma Fire Department
- Houma Police
- HR/RM Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government
- Little Caillou Volunteer Fire Department
- Louisiana Army National Guard
- Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality
- Louisiana Department of Health
- Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development
- Louisiana Department of Wildlife and Fisheries
- Lafourche Parish Sheriff's Office
- Montegut Volunteer Fire Department
- St. Charles Parish Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness
- St. Mary Parish Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness
- South Louisiana Electrical Cooperative Association

- Terrebonne Parish 911
- Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government Coastal Restoration
- Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government Housing and Human Services
- Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government Information Technology
- Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government Planning and Zoning
- Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government Public Works
- Terrebonne Parish Consolidated Government Transit Director
- Terrebonne Parish Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness
- Terrebonne Parish Recreation
- Terrebonne Transit
- US Coast Guard

Discussion during the Region 3 After-Action Conference covered a broad spectrum of issues and concerns.

One of the topics highlighted as a best practice was the local planning partnership that worked together to manage the shelter at the Houma Municipal Auditorium. The shelter was supported by the DCFS regional liaison and the Food Bank provided the meals for the residents. The parish will complete a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with the food bank to support feeding efforts in the future.

Parishes would like to follow-through with the partnership to perform Critical Infrastructure Assessment with USACE to get generators installed efficiently in the future.

The following topics were areas that participants would like to improve plans and response efforts:

Issue 1 – Region expressed that WebEOC may be a bit too convoluted to track a mission solely through the system. The requestor has to log back into the system and read through the updates and this maybe time consuming.

Corrective Action - Design WebEOC to send an email or alert to the parish submitting the request when a comment or update is made to the mission. This would give vital updates without having to go back and log into the system. Each parish can be setup to one email address in WEBEOC. This way tasking can reach the entire Parish and not just one communication partner. In addition, Parish LNOs, if requested, can assist the parish with mission updates and resource tracking.

Issue 2 - Mapping was provided by the Homeland Security Interoperability Division regarding flood inundation estimates for the regions that may have been effected. However, there wasn't any consideration of the levee systems or other flood control measures taken into account.

Corrective Action: - Information should be vetted before sending it out to the local jurisdictions and through the correct distribution lists.

Issue 3- Communication between local and state partners must be improved. Participant were concerned ATT service went down and it was not reported it within in WebEOC. There was also

a few hour lag before the State knew about overtopping of levees. In addition, some of the conference call updates did not provide a true depiction of what is happening in the parish. Corrective Action - Develop a communications plan that addresses real time updates of significant issues between parishes and the State. The plan must truly capture parish and local issues so the issues can be communicated to the Governor and his leadership staff.

Issue 4 – When DOTD requests school buses through the Department of Education, the parishes were not informed when their assets were taken out of regular use and activated for the state mission.

Corrective Action - DOTD and/or the Department of Education must notify parishes when their buses are activated for the state evacuation mission.

Issue 5 – There is no standard to conducting preliminary damage assessments (PDA) after an event. American Red Cross came in and did damage assessments without anyone in the parishes being notified.

Corrective Action- Provide notification to parish OEP before conducting any damage assessments in a parish. Develop guidance and training on the requirements and criteria for both IA and PA PDAs.

REGION 4, 5 & 6

Crowley LSU Ag Center September 4, 2019

- 232 Help
- Acadian Ambulance
- Acadia Fire District Crowley Fire
- Allen Parish Office of Emergency Preparedness
- American Red Cross
- Calcasieu Parish Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness
- Catholic Charities of Acadiana
- Department of Children and Family Services
- Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness
- Jefferson Davis Parish Sheriff's Office
- Louisiana Army National Guard
- Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality
- Louisiana Department of Health
- Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development
- St. Landry Parish Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness
- St. Mary Parish Office of Emergency Preparedness
- St. Martin Parish Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness
- Vermillion Parish Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness

Regions 4, 5 & 6 joined together to conduct this tri-regional AAR conference and a broad

spectrum of topics were discussed. Over all parishes had good experiences with resources being delivered and picked up efficiently. VOAD groups in this area coordinated with parishes to assist with recovery efforts and to help those with the most needs.

The following topics were areas that participants would like to improve plans and response efforts:

Issue 1 - St. Mary expressed concerns about the evacuation and repatriation of two nursing homes in their parish. The nursing homes are private entities with their own plans and indicated that they have mitigated issues to be able to shelter in place. The State strongly encouraged the facilities to evacuate. It was a rough evacuation and utilized state assets.

Corrective Action: Determine when or if it is appropriate for the state to step in and strongly encourage facilities to evacuate after they have made the decision to shelter in place and have no legal obligation to evacuate. Develop a communications plan that keeps all stakeholders informed of the evacuation and repatriation process.

Issue 2 – When DOTD requests school buses through the Department of Education, the parishes were not informed when their assets were taken out of regular use and activated for the state mission.

Corrective Action - DOTD and/ or the Department of Education must notify parishes when their buses are activated for the state evacuation mission.

Issue 3 – Red Cross conducted damage assessment in municipalities without notifying the parish OEP. This was counterproductive as Red Cross engaged with local mayors that may have been new and did not understand the response and recovery process or policies involved. Corrective Action- Red Cross must maintain communication with parish offices of emergency preparedness throughout all response and recovery efforts. OEPs must be notified before the damage assessments will be conducted and should receive the information collected in their parish to better assist residents in their recovery process.

Issue 4 – Residents that are electrically dependent and on oxygen are going to hospitals just to plug into a power source or for oxygen.

Corrective Action – Develop other considerations for the electrically dependent population. Develop better outreach and public messaging to inform citizens of the oxygen program that can swap empty tanks for full ones.

Issue 5 - St. Mary lost cell towers out near the court house when the power went out and lost LWIN Tower due to power/generator issues.

Corrective Action - Coordinate with ESF 2 leads to identify a permanent solution for power and LWIN tower loss in the future to ensure there are no gaps in communication.

Issue 6 - Citizen Groups, such as the Cajun Navy, self-deploy to assist in search and rescue

efforts setup their own independent operations. They must be included in the overall SAR response. Parishes had positive experiences when these assets were embedded with the State Fire Marshall (SFM) and Department of Wildlife and Fisheries (DWF).

Corrective Action: - Planning efforts should be made to link all SAR agencies together for a cohesive response like Sheriff's Offices, Terrebonne's Marine CERT, the SFM and DWF.

Issue 7 – There were instance when 211 was giving callers the wrong information. In addition, there was not enough signage at evacuation points to inform citizens to call 211 for shelter information. At one point DOTD removed the signs when the winds started to get stronger.

Corrective Action – DCFS should continue to coordinate with 211 providers and keep them informed of the most updated shelter information during a disaster. Create a corrective action plan to correct misinformation that may be communicated during an event. Coordinate with DOTD to place messaging boards or large signs that can be left up at the evacuation points.

Issue 8 – Liaison Officer (LNOs) from multiple state agencies reported to parish EOCs without being requested then relied on the parish to make accommodations for them. When LNOs are requested, they are very helpful to the parish. However, some parishes expressed that the LNOs were specifically unwanted but still felt pressure to submit a WebEOC request for the agency after the fact.

Corrective Action – No LNOs should report to a parish EOC without a formal request from the parish in WebEOC. In addition, agencies should make appropriate accommodation for their staff members and not rely on the parish to provide those resources.

STATE AGENCY CONFERENCE

State EOC August 27.2019

- American Red Cross
- Coastal Protection and Restoration Authority
- Department of Children and Family Services
- Department of Corrections
- Department of Natural Resources
- Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency
- Louisiana Army National Guard
- Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality
- Louisiana Department of Health
- Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development
- Louisiana Department of Wildlife and Fisheries
- Louisiana Emergency Response Network
- Louisiana Office of Technology Services
- Louisiana Workforce Commission
- Office of Juvenile Justice
- US Army Corps of Engineers

State Agency participants expressed that overall the events were successfully handled for the response to Hurricane Barry. Additional efforts from outside agencies and coordination from GOHSEP are needed to address a few areas for improvement.

GOHSEP - Operations, Facility and Joint Information Center (JIC)

State EOC representative felt that the EOC activation was sufficient and that the new mapping features used provided excellent graphics to highlight essential information. The meals for this event were brought directly to the facility and this made it more convenient for EOC representatives to eat and return to their work station.

The following topics were areas the EOC would like to improve plans and response efforts:

Issue 1 – It is hard to get a good count on the number of meals that need to be ordered for each shift. There must be a good head count to ensure we don't run out of meals but don't have a lot of food leftover.

Corrective Action – Consider adding additional staff to the UMR to assist facility support with the feeding mission.

Issue 2 – There is no running list of the times and physical room locations of some of the regular conference call or meetings happening at GOHSEP during the response. This makes it difficult to know where to pipe in conference calls and other AV information.

Corrective action - Display time and room numbers to all meetings and conference call in the EOC and WebEOC.

Issue 3 – There are not enough rooms or state agencies are not aware of the process to secure a location at GOHSEP to conduct conference calls.

Corrective Action – Assign a GOHSEP staff member that can assist the agency in securing a location to conduct conference calls. This could be the branch manager or EOC Staff.

Issue 4 – There were many concerns brought up on mission taskings in WebEOC. Missions are still being tasked to the wrong ESF. There seemed to be a lack of communication between the requestors and the SEOC. For example a forklift was requested and the ESF delivered it, but when it arrived, the agancy had already rented a forklift wasting valuable time and resources. In addition, when the SEOC is deactivated, state agencies are not following up and closing their missions.

Corrective Action – EOC must maintain better communications with WebEOC missions at every stage. More training opportunities must be provided for branch managers in the EOC with their ESF partners to focus on priority of missions. Emphasize the importance of closing all open missions during the debriefing and deactivation of the SEOC.

Issue 5 – State agencies are not sending representation the Joint Information Center (JIC).

Corrective Action – When the JIC is activated, state agencies must have a plan to participate in the JIC.

Communications Branch

Overall communications were successful in this response. LWIN and cellular coverage worked pretty well. Alert FM was activated by GOHSEP and was a valuable tool in notifying residents to evacuate. Having OTS on site was helpful for the EOC to address IT issues.

The following topics were areas the branch would like to improve plans and response efforts:

Issue 1 – There were numerous IT issues in the State EOC. Wi-Fi is no longer open to everyone that is assigned to the SEOC and greatly impeded the overall mission of the SEOC. There were frequent internet outages.

Corrective Action - Ensure OTS is at the EOC during all activations to help with issues. For future events, GOHSEP will submit a WebEOC request for the appropriate level of support from OTS.

Issue 2 – Communication plans were not as effective for Search and Rescue partners and that mission.

Corrective Action – Coordinate with SAR partners to develop and refine the 205 for this core capability.

Infrastructure Branch

Transportation coordination worked especially well with this event. There was good communication between ESF 1 and LANG on the Tiger Task Force mission. ESF 1 coordination with the Human Services Branch was the key to successfully evacuating and repatriating nursing home residents.

The Coastal Protection and Restoration Authority (CPRA) practiced great coordination and communication within the Infrastructure Branch. They worked with several branch partners (DOTD, LANG, USACE) to provide sandbags to the St. Mary Levee District. The US Army Corps of Engineers were key to assisting with statewide flood fighting efforts. They will be conducting an inventory assessment and have super sacks available for future responses.

The following topics were areas the branch would like to improve plans and response efforts:

Issue 1 – In some instances, FEMA has a different terminology than the state agency that may be requesting federal assistance and what they deliver isn't what the ESF intended to request.

Corrective Action – Coordinate with FEMA partners when developing the Resource Request Form (RRF) to ensure that all parties understand exactly what resources are needed.

Issue 2 – When making inquiries to FEMA, they sometimes took the questions too far and assumed there would be a request to follow.

Corrective Action – Improve communication with FEMA to impress upon them that questions and technical assistance should not be taken farther that requested. State agencies should be comfortable to ask questions without worrying if FEMA will begin to implement any actions without being formally tasked. State agencies should go through SEOC Branch Managers and not directly coordinate with FEMA.

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Human Services Branch

DCFS activated their communications contract with the statewide 211 system to disseminate shelter and mass care information and while there are still some areas for improvement, overall this partnership was successful. LDH liked the use of 211 in this event. The LWF contracts for feeding were implements successfully. The early activation of LDHT, shelter taskforce, and VOAD calls went well.

The following topics were areas the branch would like to improve plans and response efforts:

Issue 1 – DCFS activated replacement SNAP benefits for those already receiving benefits to cover food loss and this created some issues. Call centers and their website was inundated with questions from public thinking the DSNAP had been activated. To activate the DSNAP program, the State must have an IA declaration to be able to submit a request to the USDA.

Corrective Action: DCFS and local partners must message this better in the future if they replace SNAP benefits and do not implement the DSNAP program. Parish, state and VOAD partners should develop feeding plans to assist citizens with replacing food lost due to the disaster for those in most need regardless of a federal Individual Assistance (IA) Declaration.

Issue 2 – There were communication issues between all stakeholders when nursing home patients were able to leave the shelter and return to their originating facility. Some state partners were unaware of the plan to return as decisions were being made at the shelter and nursing home facilities.

Corrective Action – The nursing homes and local representatives will always know when those evacuations and returns will occur before the state will, however, LDH or the Human Services Branch Manager should brief the SEOC as soon as they are aware of those efforts.

Issue 3 - Identifying areas/parishes on a map with a Mandatory evacuation would highlight the areas that require immediate attention. Facilities and vulnerable populations in that area could be notified and policy considerations such as lifting pharmacy edits for Medicaid recipients could be worked.

Corrective Action – Consider color coding of map to identify which parishes had a mandatory evacuation.

Emergency Services Branch

Overall communications between branch partners was excellent for this event. Wildlife and Fisheries maintained a good level of communication with other SAR partners to include LANG and the SFM and want to maintain this level of communication and coordination moving forward. The United Cajun Navy did complete a MOU along with 3 additional volunteer agencies and were tasked to the State Fire Marshall. State partners should build a mechanism to bring them in and task them to the appropriate agency for future SAR efforts. The Department of Corrections reported that their response effort went well and want to continue to utilize their offender workforce and support security missions as needed in future events.

Issue 1 – There are multiple agencies at the state and local level that have responsibilities for Search and Rescue efforts. In addition, citizen groups such as the Cajun Navy will spontaneously volunteer.

Corrective Action – All agencies that may provide SAR during a response should coordinate and develop a unified SAR plan outlining specific roles and responsibilities to alleviate confusion and eliminate duplication of effort.

Logistics Branch

Issue 1 – FEMA brought additional resources and personnel to the Regional Staging Area (RSA), which consumed valuable space. The RSA should only be used for the staging of MREs and water to stock parish Points of Distribution (PODS) and managed by the ULE.

Corrective Action – ESF 7 will continue to work with FEMA Logistics to develop a plan that keeps these resources separated better in the future.

CONCLUSION

All participants in this AAR/IP agreed to the success of each other's efforts. Although the actions in preparing for and responding to the Hurricane Barry should be viewed as successful, there is still room for improvement.

IMPROVEMENT PLAN

This IP has been developed specifically as a result of the Hurricane Barry. These recommendations draw on both the After Action Report and the After Action Conferences.

) J	9/26/19 2/1/2020	9/26/2019 2/1/2020
Agency S	Danny McLaughlin	Steve Burr
Primary Responsible Agency	GOHSEP	GOHSEP, IT, OTS
Capability Element	Planning	Planning Organization
Corrective Action Description	1.1.1 Revised plan to support costefficiency and effectiveness to support EOC operations during a disaster 1.2.1 Revise plan to explore contingency resources for safe room and shower trailers to accommodate staff	2.1.1.1 Facilitate core planning meeting with GOHSEP, IT and OTS resources to maintain technology, i.e., connectivity to internet, printing capacity for both color and b/w and relaying conference calls in the EOC are possible.
Recommendation	1.1 Food services can be done with LSP to maintain adequate count and inventory of meals for staff. Options to add UMR staff to help with feeding tasks would be feasible 1.2 Exploration of safe room and possibility to bringing in shower trailers	2.1.1 Enlist OTS and IT support to ensure that connectivity to internet, printing capacities for both color and b/w, and relaying conference calls in the EOC are possible.
Observation Title	1.GOHSEP Facilities provided convenient meals onsite for staff; however a good headcount is needed to efficient supply and provide facilities for overnight stay as needed	2.1 GOHSEP Facilities provides for IT, AV and technology to support the EOC.

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After Action Report/Improvement Plan (AAR/IP)

3. EOC communication for Deactivation and meaningful comments in WebEOC to provide updates, essential information and comments for shift change and updates/close out for mission.	3.1. Provide training to ESF leads and staff supporting the EOC to ensure that instructions and follow-through for deactivation to update and close mission. 3.2. Provide training and support to make sure ESF leads and staff supporting the EOC provide updates at all aspect of the mission to increase time and efficiency of resource allocation.	3.1.1 & 3.1.2 Designed training sessions, webinar or just-in-time training to increase knowledge of providing meaningful comments and updates on missions and closures as well as ensure that information is brief accordingly during shift changes. Training should also information and needs to handle off-loading of resources if needed.	Training	GOHSEP	Austin/Mel	9/26/2019	2/1/2020
4. Information sharing in Situational Reports need to reflect adequate and relevant data for action and Conference Calls need to be more concise.	4.1. Facilitate development of Situation Reports to ensure pertinent data is relayed. 4.2 Streamline Conference Calls to prioritize parishes first	4.1.1 Design a reporting template for Situational Reports that are concise. 4.2.1 Structure conference calls for more efficiency	Planning	GOHSEP	Raina Cazier Jason Lachney	9/26/2019	2/1/2020
5.Resource allocations of buses at the parish level must include notification to Parish OHSEP Directors	5.1. Communication between with ESF1 and Parish OHSEP must be maintain when local resources are taken.	5.1.1 Plan communication between parties when local buses are needed from the parish and document in WebEOC.	Planning	DOTD	Mike Miller	128	

Appendix A: Improvement Plan

Melton Gaspard GOHSEP Logistics		Rubby Douglas	Parish OHSEP Directors
GOHSEP		Gohsep Parish OHSEPs	Parish POHSEPs LDH Nursing Homes
Training		Planning Training Organization	Planning
6.1.1 Provide training to support missions in WebEOC to communicate specifics about resource requests, updates and management. This includes making sure parishes know the difference between deliveries and pick-up and have resources to off-load resources requested.	6.1.2. Provide training and follow- up to make sure equipment, assets and resources are tracked and demobilized when it is no longer needed.	7.1.1 Provide disaster assistance and recovery training on PDAs and program criteria. 7.2.1. Network with PDA stakeholders to relay communication pathway before deployment to conduct PDAs.	8.1.1. Review plans and communication when an evacuation or sheltering in place is considered.
6.1 Manage expectations and guidance when requests are made and equipment is needed to be updated in WebEOC.	6.2 Provide accountability of resources to ensure location and demobilization when the resource is moved or if the resource is no longer needed	7.1. Start with providing disaster assistance and recovery training on criteria to assess needs. 7.2 Identify all stakeholders who may do PDAs to ensure they communicate prior to deployment with local parish OHSEPs.	8.1 Review plans to increase knowledge and communication pathways for these private facilities.
6.Resource management from request, tracking and deactivation.		7. Communication about disaster assessments conducted in the parishes and understanding the various criteria are essential at the parish level.	8. Identification and working partnership with Nursing Homes and LDH in regards to evacuation and sheltering in place

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Appendix A: Improvement Plan

After Action Report/Improvement Plan (AAR/IP)

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Rachael Zechenelly Robert McCormick Neal Fudge	Melton Gaspard	Amy Dawson Dr. Rosanne Prats	Ricky Montet Mike Steele	Ricky Montet Brian Landry Genea Catron	
LDWLF LSFMO LANG USCG	GOHSEP	GOHSEP LDH Parish OHSEP Directors	GOHSEP DCFS JIC	Parish OHSEP DCFS WFC GOHSEP VOADS	
Planning	Training	Planning	Planning Organizations and Training	Planning Training Organization	
9.1.1. Review plans, communication and working agreements to use SAR volunteers	10.1.1 Execute planning, training and operations/logistics outline for GOHSEP Parish Liaison Officer	11.1.1 Collaborate with Parish on plans for options for electrical dependent residents to plug-in or swap an O2 tank.	12.1.1 Increase public awareness to highlight 211 to call for resources. 12.2.1 Provide vetting and "feeding information" effort to maintain a vital repository of information	distribute information on the differences of the two programs and the guidelines for each.	plan with those partners that may be able to provide food to residents in need with a federal declaration
9.1 Review plans to increase knowledge and communication pathways for these resources to be better integrated into one cohesive system.	10.1 Develop Parish Liaison Officer training as support for parishes	11.1 Review Parish plans and consider if viable options for electrical dependent resources are available.	12.1 Increase 211's visibility as a vital contact for citizens. 12.2 Ensure 211 has updated information to relay to citizens.	13.1 Develop better messaging for emergency managers and the public on replacement SNAP as opposed to DSNAP programs.	should develop a feeding to assist citizens that need commodities for non-federally declared events
9. Identification and working partnership with volunteer agencies for Search and Rescue (SAR)	10. Support from GOHSEP Parish Liaison Officers	11. Provide for alternative solutions for electrical dependent residents to plug-in for oxygen and swap O2 tanks if needed.	12. Increase 211 and its repository of information to citizens.	13. Increase awareness of replacement of SNAP benefits versus activation of a DSNAP program	

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Appendix A: Improvement Plan

Table A.1: Improvement Plan Matrix

Planning, Organization, Equipment, Training, and Exercise

Appendix A: Improvement Plan

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